VOL. XXIX

ATLANTA, GA., TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 4, 1896.-TWELVE PAGES.

the Fearless Ranks of Unswerving Democracy.

Montgomery, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.)-

Alabama goes democratic by 40,000 major-

The white counties came up in splendid

The fusionists appear to have carried

Johnston has won in at least thirty-two

of the fifty white counties, while the negro

republicans in the black belt counties have

not appeared to apprec'ate Captain Good-

wyn's vote to seat the negro congressman

Few of them voted at all, and the great-

er part of those who did, voted for John-

Combination of "Pops" and Republicans Fails

a reduced majority. Goodwyn's majority

Chilton for Goodwyn.

Choctaw for Goodwyn.

Mobile Ala August 3 - (Special.)-The

indications are that Choctaw has kept up

its record of two years ago and gone fo

Clarke County for Johnston.

Mobile, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.) - Clarke

is estimated at 5,000

county by 5,000 majority.

RUSHIN CAUGHT WHILE ASTEEP. Murderer of Lilly Gives Way to Laudanum and Is Arrested.

Thomasville, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)
T. Rushin, the man who killed J. F. Lilly at Metcalf Sunday afternoon, is now in jail in this city. Sheriff Doss arrested him last night and

brought him through the country to this place. His arrest was effected without trouble. He went to sleep from the effects of the laudanum taken in the effort to kill himself. He talks freely about the tragedy, and says the only thing he regrets is that he failed to kill himself ..

According to his own statement, he had been planning this murder for two years, but could never screw up his courage to the point before Sunday. His friends claim that his mind is unbalanced, due to worry over a note he owed Lilly. There is a difference of opinion on this question, owever. The crime has been the talk of the town since its occurrence.

Lilly was buried at Metcalf this after noon, quite a number going down from here to attend the funeral.

FIFTY GOLD MEN WERE PRESENT

Clanton, August 3 .- (Special.)-The re Seven Florida Counties Elect a Deleturns indicate that the vote in Chilton gate to the Indianapolis Meeting. county is close. Some of the populist Jacksonville, Fla., August 3.—A meeting if the gold men of Florida was held in county nominees are thought to be defeated by those on the free lance ticket. Goodthis city tonight at which about fifty adwyn, however, will probably carry the vocates of the single gold standard were

> Only seven of the forty-five counties of the state were represented in person, but eight others were represented by proxies held by bank officials.
>
> Dr. John L. Gaskin, of Bradford county,

ex-speaker of the house of representatives of Florida, was elected delegate to the Indianapolis meeting and D. G. Ambler, of Jacksonville, a national bank president, was elected alternate.

Resolutions indorsing and agreeing to

support the democratic state ticket were adopted. The majority of candidates on this ticket are to: free silver. A conmittee was appointed to call a

state gold convention to nominate presidential electors and delegates to a national convention, if the Indianapolis meeting de cides to put up presidential candidates. The sentiment of the meeting was for McKinley in preference to Bryan.

BRIDGES MAY GO TO JAIL TET Floyd Grand Jury Finds More True Bills-J. King Indicted.

Rome, Ga., August 3.-(Special.)-Four nore true bills were returned against Rev. W. M. Bridges, defaulting school commissioner, this afternoon by the grand jury Three of them are for misdemeanor in the cases of fraudulent certificates cashed by R. T. Hargrove for \$355, Rôme Loan and Discount Company for \$560.70 and T B. Ownes for \$247.50. The fourth bill was for forgery on a receipt signed Jennie Bray for \$30.

He is under a \$3,500 bond already and his bondsmen will be required to increase the bond tomorrow, else he will have to go to jail. The chances are very much against him while the bills accumulate. A true bill was also found against J King. This bill against King is based on suit by the Merchants' National bank against J. L. Camp, J. King and E. T. McGhee on promissory notes for \$666.66. The particular point was whether the indorsement "J. King, Pt.," was made before or after the maturity of the notes.

EIGHT MORE VICTIMS BURLED. Business Houses Draped as the Boules Go to the Tomb.

Bridgeton, N. J., August 3.-Eight more victims of the Atlantic City railroad accident were consigned to the tomb today. This morning the body of ex-Cou J. Duy Johnson was interred in the Broad Street cemetery. This was the largest fun- in the south would "go with the negroes, eral of any, over one hundred carriages being in line. John Greiner was buried at Woodruff, and Benjamin Wood was interred in the Grand Army of the Republic plot in Broad Street cemetery. The latter was a member of a Grand Army post in Cape

William Prickett, Miss Tillie Leeds, Mr and Mrs. William C. Loper and Harvey Huges were buried this afternoon. All business houses were draped, giving the city a somber appearance. There will be several funerals tomorrow.

WANT TO REPUDIATE McKINLEY Colorado Republicans Anxious for a

Meeting-Silver Party To Act. Denver, Col., August 3.-The state con ittee of the national silver party hold a meeting today for the purpose of discussing the matter of a state ticket:

After several hours of quiet deliberation, it was decided to appoint a committee of four to confer with similar committees from the democratic and populist parties with a the democratic and populist parties with a view to fusion upon the state ticket and a union upon Bryan and Sewall electors. But a small minority of the Colorado populists favor the indorsement of Watson. The republicans are still at sea, though the effort still continues to secure signatures of state committeemen to the call for another meeting of the committee on August 12th, to repudiate the action of last week in indorsing McKinley and the republican national platform.

WILL MEET IN ROME NEXT WEEK State Agricultural Society To Convene in the Hill City.

hold its annual meeting in Rome on Wednesday, August 12th. A committee headed by Mr. M. L. Palner has been appointed to look after the entertainment of the guests, and Mayor King will appoint other committees on reception and entertainment.

LITTLEJOHN KILLS BEASLEY. Populist Takes the Life of a Democrat

Anniston, Ala., August 3.—(Special.)—At the conclusion of a public political address at Talladega Springs Saturday afternoon

by Lewis Parsons, a fusionist, a dispute arose between Frank Beasley, a democrat, and a populist named Joe Littlejohn, both of whom had been drinking. The quarrel resulted in Littlejohn drawing his knife and rushing on Beasely, who

SIX WOMEN AND GIRL BURGLARS

Selma Officers Recover Three Drayloads of Stolen Goods.

Selma, Ala., August 3—(Special.)—Seven hurginies have been committed in the city during the past month. Today the police raided the house of Julia McNiel in north

WAS A MISQUOTATION

Chairman Jones Did Not Name Populists with Negroes.

HE TELLS WHAT HE DID SAY Spoke About the Two Classes of Pop-

ulists at St. Louis.

PAYS A HIGH TRIBUTE TO THE PATRIOTIC

No Decision Has Been Reached Regard ing the Establishment of Permanent Headquarters.

Washington, August 3.-Senator Jones, mairman of the national committee, was closeted with the officers of the democratc congressional campaign committee the most of the day, it having been his first pportunity of getting acquainted with the work that has thus far been done by that ommittee and the plans it has mapped out for the future. Among his callers at headquarters were Senator Gorma: of Maryland, and ex-Clerk of the House Kerr, of | walk. Pennsylvania. Both these gentlemen were full of confidence, Mr. Gorman maintain- the mountain roads saw a dark object ing that Maryland would be found to be marked gains in the democratic representation in congress from the Keystone State.

statement that he would not decide apon the location for the national headquarters nor the names of the members of the executive committee until he reached New York, and Mr. Bryan had been formally notified Representative Pearson, of North Caroina, at republican hedquarters, reported a very satisfactory condition of things in is state. The populists, he said, were not in the humor to receive much criticism from the democrats.

WITH A BULLET IN HIS HEART. Prominent Chattanooga Man Suicides

Chattanooga, Tenn., August 3 .- (Special.) Horace G. Young, ex-back tax collector of this city, and one of Chattanooga's prom inent and best known residents, committed suicide on Lookout mountain this afternoon by shooting himself through the

The news of the tragedy was a shock to his friends in the city.

and as usual bowed and smiled pleasantly to acquaintances. He took an early at ternoon train to the inn and shortly after-

About 4:30 o'clock a passer-by on one of lying under a tree about a mile from the true to its old love when the vote was hotel. It was the body of Mr. Young, his counted, and Mr. Kerr predicting some very hand firmly grasping a pistol pointed toward his breast. The cause of the suicide is a mystery, financial trouble being the Senator Jones was quoted this morning only theory advanced that is any way in a newspaper as saying that the populists plausible. Young came to Chattanooga

sympathy with either the ticket or plat

This afternoon Mr. Jones reiterated the

on Lookout Mountain.

heart.

ing surprise to the 300 guests at Lookout inn, where the deceased was a guest, and

Mr. Young was in the city at 2 o'clock wards left the hotel, presumably for a

CAPT. ABNER T. GOODWYN, DEFEATED FUSION CANDIDATE

Today he said: It is not fair to me to make such a statement. I have said that the populist party is divided into two factions. Those composing one of these factions actuated by patriotic and have gone to that party because they believed that the democratic par y would not give them the relief they emanded. When they see that the democratic party stands ready to give them free coinage they will return to it and support its ticket and its principles. The other faction, much the smaller of the two, is made up of men moved by hopes of personal advancement, and they would naturally affiliate with the repub licans. I do not believe that the p list ticket in the southern states wil militate against the election of Bryan and Sewall, and all the conditions no

where they belong."

point to an overwhelming victory at the coming election A committee representing the local cen tral committee, the various state organizations and the clubs in the District of Columbia called upon Mr. Jones this afternoon to persuade him to arrange for Mr. Bryan to deliver a speech here. No con clusion on the matter was reached and will not be until after Mr. Bryan has been notified in New York on the 12th instant, and arrangements have been made for his

subsequent movements. Mr. Kerr, ex-clerk of the house of representatives, will be given charge of the campaign in Pennsylvania, owing to the caused much depression in business in Nautirement of Mr. Harrity, who is not in gatuck.

about fifteen years ago from Canada, and had been prominent in local politics. He

FOR TWENTY YEARS ALONE. Miss Haskell, Who Was Demented by

Her Brother's Death, Dies. Selma, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.) - Miss Eliza Haskell, seventy years of age, and for twenty-five years quite a character in Selma, died at the infirmary this morning. She and her brother moved from the north before the war. Her brother enlisted in the southern army and was killed at the first battle of Manassas. shock affected her mind. She had no other relative.

For twenty years she had lived alone and had been assisted by charitable ladies. She was highly educated and her harmless demented ways made her an object of pity to the entire city.

NO MORE RUBBER GLOVES MADE. Goodyear Manufacturing Company Closes Down.

Waterbury, Conn., August 3.—The Good-year India Rubber Glove Manufacturing Company and the Goodyear Metallic Rubber Shoe Company, both of Naugatuck. which collectively have a capacity for the employment of 1,400 operatives, have closed down for an indefinite time as the result of dull business. Their shut-down has

ERWIN CRAIGHEAD

THREE ALABAMA EDITORS WIRE ESTIMATES.

THE MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER'S ELECTION RETURNS. Montgomery, Ala., August 3 .- To The Constitution: At midnight The Advertiser's

returns indicate that Johnston and the entire state ticket are elected by a safe maority. The returns show gains for the democratic ticket in some counties, but losses in others. Lee, Chambers, Randolph, Limestone, Etowah and Marshall, for instance, report democratic gains, while Shelby, Talladega, Colbert, Pike, Henry and Escambia show populist gains. Jefferson is reported close. Mobile has cast about 50 per cent of her registered vote. There are few figures from the black belt counties, bet good majorities are reported.

state the counting is slow because of the Australian ballot and the long list of

Many places report that the count will not be finished before tomorrow. The returns as to the assembly are meager, both gains and losses being indicated.

F. P. GL ASS, Editor Montgomery Advertiser.

Mobile, Ala., August 3 .- To The Constitution: All returns point to Captain Johnston's election by a handsome majority. He has made gains in Kolb's stronghold and we have no reason to think he can suffer material loss in the centra counties, where the party's call has always met with a quick response. Our figures from these counties indicate that the democratic candidate can count on the usual majority. I think, therefore, that & it is within reason to claim his election

Birmingham, Ala., August 3 .- To The Constitution: Returns received at The State Herald office up to 12 o'clock tonight indicate that the democratic ticket,

PRICE FIVE CENTS

Diamond Match and New York Biscuit Companies Fail.

Moore, One of the Proprietors, Makes the Failure Known.

STOCK EXCHANGE WILL CLOSE

Banks of the Windy City Are Not Affected by It.

CONVENE AT

Stock of the Companies Went to the Highest Mark Known-Plants Were Established in France. Austria and Other European Countries.

Chicago, August 4.-1:30 a. m.-Moore Bros., promoters of the Diamond Match Company and the New York Biscuit Company, announced last night that they had failed.

A meeting of prominent financiers and Chicago bankers was held about midnight at the residence of one of them on the south side and it was agreed by them to close the Chicago stock exchange indefinitely today at 10 o'clock.

These gentlemen said it was the only course for them to pursue, and that as far as they were concerned their stock was margined to a figure which would protect

The stock exchange will be called to order at 10 o'clock, when the failure of Moore Bros. will be announced. The speculative value of the failure will be about \$20,000,000. It is thought by some that the adjournment of the stock exchange will last but a few days.

Diamond Match opened at 222 on the Chicago stock exchange this morning. There were heavy sales all day and the oads that were sold were enormous. Notwithstanding this the stock did not break. going only to 221. There were slight rumors of the difficulties which surrounded the Moores, but no one suspected the crash. New York Biscuit sold early at 921/4, and going to 90 shortly after noon. There was

closed at 92. Those present at the meeting of the stock exchange tonight felt that should the exchange open as usual in the morning the bears would make a slaughtering of values. which would cost a good deal and in a large measure unnecessary loss. They believed that the closing of the exchange and the prevention of the making of speculative quotations for the securities would enable brokers having open trades to close them, and the situation could be liquidated in a large measure without the sharp decline that would surely follow the trading in an open market.

So far as the banks are concerned, they are indifferent personally as to whether the exchange should be closed or not. The stocks held by them are margined to a point which leaves them secure in any event. There were present at the meeting the

members of the stock exchange, the governing committee and a number of prominent capitalists. This meeting was assembled informally after the announcement which was made late in the afternoon by James H. Moore that margin calls could no longer be met. The announcement was made to a few of the men most heavily interested, and it was thought best to call meeting to discuss the situation. Those who assembled discussed the best means for restoring confidence after the shock which would be given to speculative circles by the announcement of the failure. It was the general opinion that it would

be the wisest possible move to close the stock exchange for a period. Situation Is Discussed.

The governing committee of the stock xchange discussed the situation at length and passed a resolution to adjourn the exchange at 10 o'clock in the morning indefinitely. The deal of which the failure of Mcore Bros. is the culmination is by all odds the most important in the history of the Chicago stock exchange.

The stock of the Diamond Match Company had been selling about 130 for quite a

The Venezuelan panic interfered with the speculation, and the stock dropped during the general decline at the time to 115, From then the rise started which is the most remarkable in the history of the exchange.

A strong group of speculators, headed by James H. Moore and William Moore, began buying the stock. It moved up with scarcely a halt. In time, the announcement was made that the Diamond Match Company had closed a contract with the French government under which its patents and the machines controlled by the match company were to be sold to the French government for a royalty of \$100,-

Deals with Foreign Nations. Fellowing the announcement of the closing

Continued on Second Page

s on "The Ber lothing an urnishings

104 EDGEWOODAY

FORREST ADAIR

ADAIR. nd Renting Agent

Kimball House in Inman Park can no is no better rest and places of this deoffered for less the me in and get full par-

od avenue, near Ly e bought cheap. utiful lot, 50 feet front

did bargains in vacan Y BROS.

s & Renting Agents

e Bargains

near W. Fair, \$500. ue, \$1,300. to exchange for horse ear Pledmont park to to 100 miles north of

good place; property \$500 to \$1,000 per acre J. B. ROBERTS.

Walker Dunson DUNSON.

and Loaps. space in our office, hent avenue, east ed, for sale at \$6,500 for it. v 2-story house for n house, large lot, rove, \$8,000. -New 7-room house, from \$1,000 to \$6,250. operty, near center side and in rea

nd 8 per cent. Office AN & SON. ting & Loans, ee St.

Atlanta real es.

Absolutely no

MITH.

airing in all lonials. TLANTA, GA

sion. Not a great many sound money democrats appear to have bolted the ticket. The free coinage sentiment will easily

shape.

eighteen counties.

control in the caucus of the democrats in the general assembly. Fully three-fourths of the members of the newly elected house and senate are democrats. Inc populists came back home by thousands, and all good democrats rejoice at their return. The democratic state ticket which was

> elected is as follows: For governor, Joseph Forney Johnston, of Jefferson, For secretary of state, James Kirkman Jackson, of Lauderdale.

rane. Fitts, of Tuscaloosa, For treasurer, George W. Ellis, of For auditor, Walker Scott White, of

For superintendent of education-John

For attorney general, Will'am Coch-

O. Turner, of St. Clair. For commissioner of agriculture, I. F. Culver, of Bullrock. The defeated ticket is as follows: For governor, Abner T. Goodwyn, of Elmore, POPULIST.

Colbert.

Elmore, POPULIST.

For secretary of state, J. A. Grimmett, of Macon, REPUBLICAN.

For attorney general, W. H. Smith,

Jr., of Walker, REPUBLICAN. Bingham, For treasurer, J. A. Bingham, of illadega, HALF POPULIST, HALF

REPUBLICAN.
For auditor, W. S. Freeman, of St. Clair., POPULIST.
For superintendent of education, W. M. Wood, of Pike, POPULIST. For commissioner of agriculture, J. H. Harris, of Chambers, POPULIST. Captain Johnston to Constitution. Captain Jonhston wires from Birmingham at midnight tonight in response to a query To The Constitution Bureau, Montgomery, Ala.-The indications tonight are that our majority will go over 40,000, and that we will reclaim nearly one-half

1894, and will have an increased majority in the legislature. It is manifest that when the democrats go to the people on a platform that would have been approved by Jefferson and Jackson, it will command the votes of the men who produce the wealth of the nation in peace and fight its battles in war.

am satisfied Bryan will carry the state by 75,000. JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON. Captain Kolb to Constitution. Captain Kolb, in response to a midnight uery, sounds the old alarm of fraud as

llows from Birmingham, Ala.: To The Constitution Bureau, Montgomery, Ala.: Reliable returns cannot before tomorrow. Full state and county tickets have been voted for and the ticket is long. Goodwyn has certainly carried the white countics by a large majority, and we will have a mafor ty of the legislature. The usual frauds have been resorted to in the fifteen black counties and returns will be held back until it is discovered what majority is needed to count in John-ston. Complete returns will show that

Goodwyn is elected by 15,000. R. F. KOLB. Causes of the Victory. The magnificent victory for democracy is attributable to two prime causes-a strong state ticket and the following ring-

ing platform declaration: We, the democracy of the state of Alabama, in convention assembled, declare our continued faith in the old tim honored principles of the old democraparty and among these principles are the following: First: The free and unlimited coinage

of silver and gold at 16 to 1, as fne standard money of the country, withou y discrimination against either metal and without the consent of foreign nations, as The United States coined silver and gold before the republican party obchanged the coinage laws of the country for the benefit of classes and to the injury of a great mass of the people ond: The unconstitutional penalty 10 per centum on each issue of state bank notes by any state or national bank ought to be repealed. It is our purpose to maintain a government in the state fair and just to all, under control of the white men of Alabama. The faith and credit of the state must be maintained untarnished. Our system of pub lic school education should be improved ability without oppressive taxation. We are in favor of Tonest and fair elections and we recommend that laws be enact ed under which primary efections and other party proceedings for the selection of candidates may be conducted. We cor-dially invite all good citizens of this state, and especially all good democrats who strayed from the party, to unite

effort to maintain good government i the state of Alabama. Let us preserve the dignity and credt, peace and, if possible, the presperity of our own state.
The following bulletins to The Constituion's Alabama news bureau, in this city, from correspondents in the different coun- county of J. H. Harris, populist nominee ties, relate the approximate results of today's election in detail. The Australian

with us in an earnest and determined

official returns will not be available until , kee has gone for the populists, although by after noon today.

Returns from Autauga County. Prattville, August 3.—(Special.)—There are gains in every beat heard from over 1894. Johnston's majority in the county is about

Sheriff, P. A. Dunn; representative, T. B. Love; tax collector, J. H. Howard; tax assessor, A. P. Hogg; treasurer, J. T. Floyd; superintendent of education,

win by about 300 majority. The following Goodwyn by 4,000 or 5,000.

county officers were elected:

Returns from Baldwin County. Daphne, via Mobile, August 3 .- (Special.)-The democartic state and county ticket will

400. The following county ticket was elected:

Sheriff, Thomas A. Boothe; tax collec-

tor, J. T. Bradley; tax assessor, S. S. White; treasurer, W. L. Thompson; superintendent of education, D. C.

Byrne; representative, Charles W. Jo-Returns from Barbour County. Eufaula, August 3.-(Special.)-The election passed off quietly in Barbour. The vote was lighter than usual and the best estimates place the democratic majority at

2,600. The following county officers were

elected:

Representatives, Eugene L. Graves and Allen H. Merrill; tax collector, William J. White: tax assessor, Frank W. Eidson; treasurer, L. H. Perkins; sheriff. John B. Lasseter; corener, George W. Barefield: Returns from Bibb County. Blocton, August 3.—(Special.)—Big democratic gains are reported in Bibb county.

The populist majority of over 300 has been

destroyed and the county appears to have gone democratic by about 200. Splendid work has been done here. This beat gives the democrats 100 majority Blount County Is Doubtful.

Oneonta, August 3 .- (Special.)-Bloun county is in doubt, although the democrats claim to have it by a small matty. Bullock County Democratic. Union Springs, August 3.—(Special.)—All of the presincts in Bulloch county have not been reported, but there is no doubt that the county has piled up a majority

or Johnston and Culver of a little more than 2,500. Fusionists Get Butler. Greenville, August 2 .- (Special.) - Butler county democrats fought valiantly and have reatly reduced the populist majority. There appears to be no doubt, however, that the fusionists have carried the county by a hundred or more. The following populist

tor, Robert E. Peagler; tax assessor, W. J. Nicholson; treasurer, G. R. G. Buckhaults; superintendent of education, Henry P. Watts. Calhoun for Johnston. Anniston, Ala., August 3 .- (Spec'al.)-Johnston and the democratic ticket have carried the county by more than 1,000 ma-

Sheriff, Rufus G. Shanks: tax collec-

ounty ticket was elected:

ticket was elected:

Sheriff, M. W. Woodruff; tax collector, D. G. Goodlet; tax assessor, D. B. Burns; treasurer, H. B. Glover; cor W. D. Holcomb; representatives, P. H. Brothers and T. W. Coleman. Chambers County for Democrats. Lafayette, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.)-The indications are Johnston has carried the county by 300 majority, reversing a popu-

list majority over 400. Democrats here are

wild with exultation. This is the home

jority. The following democratic county

for commissioner of agriculture. Populist Majority in Cherokee. ballot system prevails in this state, and | Centre, Ala., August 3.-(Special.)-Chero-

CAPT. JOSEPH JOHNSTON, GOVERNOR-EEECT OF ALABAMA county is all right, as usual. The majority for Johrston will be about 800. The follow ing democratic county ticket was elected: State senator, Isaac Gran: representatives, Thomas A. Long and John S. Henson; sheriff, W. Jehu Taylor; tax col lector, William M. Mobley; tax assessor, Hinchey P. Burge; treasurer,

oseph M. Agee; county superintendent. Robert C. Heard. Clay County for Democracy. Talladega, August 2 .- (Spec.al.)-The indications are that Clay has gone democratby about 300. There was a difference of only 30 votes in the last election and about 200 reforms were recorded today.

Cleburne Clearly for Johnston.

Edwardsville, Ala., August 3.-(Special.) Cleburne appears to have pleasantly surprised the democracy of the state by going their way by some 200 majority. The populist majority in 1894 was about 1,200. Coffee County for Fusion. Ozark, Ala., August 3.-(Special.)-Information from Coffee is that while some democrats there have returned to the party

sufficient have not done so to wipe out the 300 populist majority of 1894. Colbert for Johnston. Tuscumbia, Ala., August 3.-(Special.)-Colbert, after a hard fight, has gone safely democratic by some 200. Almost every negro in the county voted. The following democratic state ticket was elected: State senator, W. H. Matthews; representative, Wilson R. Brown; sheriff, J. B. Grisham; treasurer, R. L. Ross; tax assessor, J. O. Clark; tax collector, H. A. Rand; superintendent of educa-

Conecuh Stays Populist. Evergreen, August 3 .- (Special.)-The re ports show gains for the democrats here, but not sufficient to offset the populist maority of 1894, and the indications are that Goodwyn will carry the county by some 400 Coosa County Against Johnston.

tion, Alexander Jackson

has gone democratic by al

turns from Coosa report big democratic gains, but that the county is lost to John-Covington Goes Democratic. Montgomery, August 3.—(Special.)—Reports received here indicate that Covington

Birmingham, August 3.-(Special.)-Re

Crenshaw for Johnston. Luverne, August 3 .- (Special.)-- Crenshaw appears to have done her duty. Returns are by no means complete, but they indicate a democratic majority of about 309.

The democrats feel confident of this much. Cullman for Goodwyn.

Cullman, August 3 .- (Special.)-The re sult in Cullman is in doubt, but the best dications appear to point to a populist najority of less than 300. Dale for Johnston.

Ozark, August 3.-Dale is reported here Continued on Second Page.

Rome, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—The Georgia State Agricultural Society will

in Alabama.

was unarmed, and almost disemboweling him. Littlejohn then fled and escaped. Beasely has since died from his injuries

selma and recovered three dray loads of stolen property.

Three negro women and three girls, six, seven and nine years of age, were ar-

This county has probably given about 4,000 democratic majority. All over the

THE MOBILE REGISTER ESTIMATES THE MAJORITY AT 40,000.

Editor Register. THE NEWS FROM THE BIRMINGHAM STATE HERALD. headed by Captain J. F. Johnston, has carried the state by at least 40,000 ma jority. The legislature will be democratic by a large majority.

THE STATE HERALD.

State Auditor.



HON. J. K. JACKSON, OF LAUDERDALE.

to be safe for Johnston by a small majority, though both sides are claiming it. Dallas for Democracy. August 3.-(Special.)-Dallas is

sufe for democracy. The majority is estimated at about 5,700. The following county ticket was elected: Sheriff, Joe Lumpkin; tax assessor, Tom Barker; tax collector. John Mor-rison; superintendent of education, J.

M. Anderson; representatives, J. Craig th, P. H. Pitts and John F. Burns DeKalb Favors Johnston.

Fort Payne, August 3 .- (Special.) - DeKalb is in doubt with the chances in favor of the democrats. The belief is Johnson will win by about 20 Elmore for Goodwyn.

Wetumpka, August 3.—(Special.)—The fight in this, Goodwyn's county, has been The populist majority has been greatly decreased and the democrats confidently claim to have carried the county although it is scarcely probable. Goodwyn will win by 500 majority.

Escambia Goes for Johnston. Brewton, August 3 .- (Special.) - Escambia has gone democratic, it is believed, by about 150. Both sides are claiming the coun ty, but the official count will show a small majority for the democrats.

Etowah for Democracy. Gadsden, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.) -- Both sides are claiming Etowah. Enormous democratic gains have been made, however, and close estimates give it to the democrats by over 500.

Franklin for Goodwyn. Russellville, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.)-Sufficient returns have not been received to form an estimate in Franklin. The chances are it is for Goodwyn, however, by about 700.

Geneva for Goodwyn. Ozark, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.) - Geneva has probably gone for Goodwyn by something like 300 or 400.

Greene Faithful to Democracy. Eutaw, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.) -Old Greene has kept the faith and has gone

elected: Logislature, A. Y. Glove : sheriff, Thomas N. Eatman: treasurer, B. B. Barnes: tax assessor, George F. Hardy; tax collector, Frank H. Mundy.

Hale Safely Democratic. Greensboro, August 3.-(Special.)-Hale is safely democratic by more than 2,000. The

following county ticket was elected Representatives, Alfred M. Tunstall and Charles E. Waller: tax assessor, James M. Jack; tax collector, John H. Turpin; sheriff, William E. Torbert; treasurer, L. J. Lawson; coroner, R.

D. Redding Close in Henry.

Columbia, August 3 .- (Special.)-Henry is for Johnston as near as can be learned. The democratic majority, however, is uncomfortably close. The following democratic ticket has probably won:

Representatives, T. E. Williams and J. D. Howerton; sheriff, Joe M. Pilcher; tax assessor, R. C. Cranberry; tax collector, C. E. Walker; treasurer; W. Y. Carr: superintendent of education, T. J. Kennedy; coroner, B. F. McClung.

Nine Hundred in Jackson. Scottsboro, August 3 .- (Special.)-Jackson will give Johnston 900 majority. The following county ticket was elected.

court judge, Sam W. Tate: senator fifth district, J. L. Burke: legislature, P. B. Timberlake and Virgil Boul-; sheriff, D. A. Thomas; tax asses-, J. W. Downey; tax collector, W. Woodall; treasurer, J. J. Beeson;

> SAVAGES have healthy children. So-called uncivilized women have no trouble the bearing of children. They have practically no sick-ness and compara-tively little pain at that time. It is be cause they live natural lives. It is certhere should be pain and danger attending the greatest and most wonderful function of which a human being is ca-pable. Civilized wo-

nen are the ones whose lives and training seem to unfit them for the per-formance of the duties of wifehood and motherhood. However, if they are kept in a perfectly strong and healthy condition during the period of gestation, there is no reason why the coming of baby should be dread-

to the following have been received: to the following have been received:

"I can recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite PreScription as being far ahead of any other medicine for a woman raising a family. I have three
children; for the first two I suffered each time
for twelve hours. Before my last child was born,
I took 'Favorite Prescription' using only three
bottles of it, and when I was confined, I suffered
very little, and was in labor only a very short
time." Mrs. Nancy J. Porter, of Rodney, Monona Co., Iowa.

Every woman in America ought to have Doctor

nona Co., Iowa.

Every woman in America ought to have Doctor Pierce's "Common Sense Medical Adviser." It is a handsomely illustrated volume of a thousand and eight pages, containing several chapters devoted entirely to the reproductive physiology of women. It will be sent, paper-bound, absolutely free on receipt of 2t cents in one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing only, by the World's Dispensiry Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. If handsome French cloth binding is desired, ten cents extra, thirty-one cents in all, should be sent.



State Treasurer.

HON. WALTER S. WHITE, OF COLBERT.

alone against the money theories of the

administration. The party leaders in this state were loath to differ with the views

of the high priest of the organization, and

HON. JOHN O. TURNER, OF ST. CLAIR.

Superintendent of Education.

Commissioner of Agriculture.

HON. I. F. CULVER, OF BULLOCK.

stanchest democrats the mineral district State Treasurer Ellis.

newly elected state treasurer, Mr. George W. Ellis, of Dallas, was born near Orrville, Dallas county, in 1853. He attended the old field schools until fifteen years of age and then entered the commercial world as a clerk. He rose rapidly in the large mercantile establishment in which he worked and became, after a few years, chief bookkeeper and confidential clerk. He remained with them until 1882, when he removed to Selma and accepted a similar position with a wholesale firm there. The following year the Hon. Frederic H. Smith, of Dallas, was appointed state treasurer to succeed Isaac H. Vincent, and Mr. Ellis came here with him to take a place in the office of the state treasurer. He remained in the treasurer's office for ten years, when he resigned and established himself in a large furnitume business here, which he has since conducted most successfully. In 1893 the present state audito: employed Mr. Ellis in the capacity of chief clerk in his ice, a most responsible position, and he has since discharged the duties of that office in addition to managing his large mer cantile business here. It is believed that Mr. Ellis will make an ideal treasurer.

Auditor Walter S. White. Captain Walter Scott White, the auditor elect, was born in Barbour county, Ala. January 15, 1844, and at the common

schools of Clayton acquired a good English In June, 1861, being then only seventeen years of age, he enlisted in the con-federate army, his company being the first one to leave the state. He remained in the service to the close of the war with the First Alabama regiment. He was at Pensacola one year, at the end of which time he joined the Thirty-ninth regiment, and with it served under General Bragg in his Kentucky campaign and was subse quently in every battle fought by the western army from Shiloh, in 1862, to Ben-tonville, in 1865. He was four times wounded, and from the beginning to the end of the war he did not miss a day from ac-tual service not the direct result of a

gunshot. From 1866 to 1876 Captain White was engaged in farming. He was elected sheriff of Barbour county, and enjoys the distinction of being the only man who ever filled that office without having a rule instituted against him.

elected tax assessor. At the expiration of his term as tax assessor he retired from public life, and as head of the firm of W S. White & Co., embarked in the cotton business at Eufaula and Clayton. In 1887 he moved to Sheffield, his present home, having been elected business man-He was one of the incorporators of the First National Bank of Sheffield, and

was instrumental in launching many of the enterprises of this little city. In 1870 Captain White married Miss Rich ards, of Augusta, Ga., who died five years later; and in 1878 he married a sister of Hon. Henry B. Tompkins, of Atlanta. Captain White is an admirable business man; is socially a splendid gentleman, and will undoubtedly make the people of the

state a most satisfactory auditor. Superintendent of Education Turner. John O. Turner, of St. Clair county, reelected to the high office of superintendent of education of Alabama, was born in Greene county in 1850. His father was a poor man, but contrived to give his son a good country school education, and the present superintendent of education, by work on the farm and in a tannery, managed to save money enough for three terms

at Harvard college.

Professor Turner has been engaged in practical educational work during all of his business experience. In 1874 he became principal of the Buhler academy in Greene county. The following year he was elected principal of the Springville High school Clair county, and five years afterwards became president of the Asheville college, in the same county. He remained in this position for seven years, resigning in 1887, in order to give more attention to his private affairs. Professor Turner was nominated for superintendent of edu-cation two years ago over eight compettors. His administration has been excep tionally satisfactory to the people of the state, who are glad to honor him with a Commissioner of Agriculture Culver. Major Q. F. Culver, the newly elected

commissioner of agriculture, was born and reared in Hancock county, Ga. He moved to Alabama in 1857 with his father, Isaac Culver, and settled in Henry county. went to the war as a private with the First company leaving Henry county, Captain A. C. Gordon being his commander. He fought in almost all of the battles of the army of Virginia, and was severely wounded three times. He rose to the rank of major of the Sixth Alabama regiment, and surrender at Appomattox under General Lee. After the war closed he moved to Bullock coun-ty. In 1878 and 1880 he represented Bullock in the house; for six years he was superintendent of education of his county, and is at present a member of the state senate from Bullock and Macon counties. He has been a life-long farmer, and the

Men Who Helped To Win the Victory. To name all of those true democrats who had contributed materially of their time, talents and money to the splendid victory that has been won would require a great deal of space. Foremost among them however, may be mentioned General Pet-tus and his son, Hon. Francis L. Pettus, and Hon. J. Craig Smith, of Dallas; Con-gressman John H. Bankhead, of Fayette; Congressman J. F. Stallings, of Butler; Senator Pugh, Hons. A. D. Sayre, Ten-nant Lomax, John W. A. Sanford, W. H. Lawson and Horace Hood, of Montgomery; Hons. A. O. Lane, Charles A. Senn, D A. Green, J. A. Roundtree, John W. Tom-linson, Joseph H. Montgomery, John J. Altman, R. P. Whetmore, Dr. Cunning-ham, R. L. Thornton, S. W. Johns, Wiliam P. Pinchard, Frank S. White, J. W. Bush, Nathan L. Miller and Charles G. Brown, of Birming-Charles ham; Hons, William Richardson, R. E. Sproggins, Ben P. Hunt and R. L. O'Neal of Huntsville; Hon George P. Jones, of Florence; General Joseph Wheeler, of Wheelers; Hon. Arthur H. Keller, of Tuscumbia; Hon. Joseph Allen, of Sheffield Hon. Ose Kyle, of Decatur; Hon. Lee Long of Greenville; Hon. Charles Bricken, of Luverne; Hon. W. C. Davis, of Marion

W. J. Bullock, of Franklin. Has Served His People Well. Governor Oates will retire from the office of governor of Alabama next December with the good will and high regard of all of the people of the state. During his two years of occupancy of the office he administered the affairs of the state with a master hand; has increased the revenues and decreased the expenditures and has preserved the credit of Alabama and protected dis good name in the finan-cial world. By reason of the panic which preceded his election, the governor found the financial condition of the state anythe financial condition of the state anything but satisfactory. By the employment of promptness and an abundance of good business gagacity, he contrived to straighten things out in a most satisfactory manner. Governor Qates's administration has been throughout creditable, and his people will, at the end of his term, feel justified in saying: "Well done, good and faithful servant."

Chairman John B. Knox. Excepting Captain Johnston, to no mar

executive committee.

Mr. Knox is a "sound money" man, bu he is a democrat to the very core and is against everything that savors of ring rule His administration of the affairs of the executive committee has done more to re-unite the white voters of Alabama than any other influence that has been brought to bear. By bringing the white men together other influence that has been brought to bear. By bringing the white men together again he helped incidentally perhaps to add to the strength of the free silver sentiment in the democratic party in Alabama, but Mr. Knox is one of those old-fashioned democrats who thinks first of the democratic party of Alabama and afterwards of the national organization.

Mr. Knox is the foremost lawyer of eastern Alabama. If he was an advocate of the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver he could get the United States senatorship almost for the asking. The probabilities are, however, he would not care for any office at this time. His law practice is exceedingly profitable and he is rapidly amassing a smug fortune from its returns. Mr. Knox is a young man, being scarcely more than forty, and is personally one of the most agreeable and popular men in the state. He has shown, in the campaign just closed, every essential of a great political general and his splendid work in the campaign is being applauded on all sides.

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER.

Bottled at the UJ HUNYADI Springs, Buda Pest, Hungary, Under the absolute control of the Royal Hungarian Chemical Institute (Ministry of Agriculture), Buda Pest.

"We know of no stronger or more favourablyconstituted Natural Aperient Water than that yielded by the Uj Hunyadi Springs."

L'Liebermann Royal Councillor, M.D., Projessor of Chemistry, and Director of the Royal Hungarian State Chemical Institute (Ministry of Agriculture), Buda Pest.

Prices: 15 cents and 25 cents per bottle.

OF ALL DRUGGISTS AND MINERAL WATER DEALERS.

THE APOLLINARIS COMPANY, LIMITED. SEE that the Label bears the well-known RED DIAMOND Mark of

so weak; why they get tired so call why they start at every slight sudden sound; why they do not also naturally; why they have frequen headaches, indigestion and ne

Dyspepsia The explanation is simple. It is found i

that impure blood which is conth ually feeding the nerves upon refer instead of the elements of strength vigor. In such condition opiate ar nerve compounds simply deaden at do not cure. Hood's Sarsaparille. do not cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla leather nerves pure, rich, red blood; grantural sleep, perfect digestion, is true remedy for all nervous troubs

Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. \$1 per ber Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Ma Hood's Pills take, easy to operate.

Continued From First Page

of the French contract the stock ad with great rapidity.

In the early speculation the bulls named 200 as an extreme figure, but the prospect of further arrangements Europe appeared, much higher prices rea predicted. Negotiations were opened to the formation of a new company in En land, which would unite with Bryant May, the largest match producers in G Britain, and would give to English by the advantages of the labor-saving Aper can machinery.

A factory was equipped in Liverpol p served as an object lesson to Europe manufacturers, showing them the pre advantage of the improved machinery their methods of manufacture.

Negotiations were opened with Auth for the formation of a company. On companies were to be organized in Belg and Italy. The shrewdest men in Chica believed in the property ,and the sould up as high as 248. From that po there was a rapid decline, carrying it o 200. The Moores went through the be without the slightest difficulty, and was generally believed that they had b glad to see the decline that the stock mi be accumulated. A great part of the tal with which the deal had been er on had been raised in New York and In England.

Local banking institutions are only med ately interested in the affair. Diffe was experienced, it is said, owing to the general loss of confidence, in renewing of these eastern loans.

LOCKWOOD COMPANY DISSOLVE

Partners Ask the Court for the A pointment of a Receiver. The partners Alers-Hankey and Mr. William Ph

Hamilton. George Maslin was appointed receiver G. Choate referee. William G. Choate referee. It is unbestood that the step was taken by the preners in a friendly proceeding because partnership articles did not provide

iquidation. The referee will pass upon the of the firm. It is said further that a firm is perfectly solvent and this change will be made in the system of caning on the business. Mr. Maslin is full power to conduct the affairs of a firm and patrons will be served as pa The announcement is made that then a no business troubles involved; that the are practically no liabilities, and the \$200,000 assets. The court proceedings we on joint application of counsel for

parties. Howard Lockwood & Co., whose es nent has long been known as "the Lo wood Press," printers or publishers of Paper Trade Journal, The American tioner, The American Bookmaker, American Mail and Export Journal Lockwood's Directory of the Pape

Carpet Mill Resumes Operation Philadelphia, Pa., August 3.—The plan and carpet departments of the extension of the extension of the extension of the extension of John and James Dobson, at Falls of Schuylkill, a suburb, resumed erations today after a prolonged shutdown Eighteen hundred hands are given empirement. The blanket department of the plant, which gives work to eight hundre hands, shut down on Saturday for the state of the plant, which gives work to eight hundre hands, shut down on Saturday for the state of the plant. week, or possibly longer.

Dr. J. H. Callender, Nashville, T. Nashville. Tenn., August 3.—Dr. Ja-H. Callender, one of the most distinguish physicians of the south, died tonight 8 o'clock, aged sixty-eight. He was in many years superintendent of the su-insane asylum, and figured prominently the Guitagu ges

Campaign Opened in Virginia Fredericksburg, Va., August 3.—The is silver campaign was opened in Virtue today at Spottsylvania Court House Hon. William A. Jones, democratic pones for congress in the first congression district and late delegate to Chicago thousand persons listened to Mr. Jones.

Judge C. E. Pratt. Brooklyn, M. Brooklyn, N. Y., August 3.—Judge Car E. Pratt, of the supreme court, died at a farm at Rochester. Mass., this more He was brigadier general of volunteers ling the war, and had for many years one of the judges of the supreme court.

New York Firm Gets a Receiver. New York, August 3.—A receiver today appointed for the firm of Baron. Newman, manufacturers of knit 2007. The llab.littles of the firm are stated to about \$100,000 and the assets \$120,000.

Gwinnett County's Nominees Lawrenceville, Ga., August 3.—(Special In Saturday's primary the following ven nominated:
L. F. McDavid and G. A. Clements, resentatives: T. A. Haslett, sheriff: D. Cain, clerk; J. P. Webb, ordinary: C. Jacobs, treasurer; E. P. Miner, tax ceiver; Charley Fleming, tax collector.

Democrats Nominate a Republication Mankato, Minn., August 3.—Frank Day, at present the republican fleutant governor of the state, was today nominator congress unanimously by the design. for congress unanimously by the crats of the second district. Day he the republican party to join the

Alderman Carolan Resigns. Savannah, Ga., August 3.—(Special)ferman J. J. Carolan today tendered
res gnation as a member of the city
cil. He refuses to state his reasons
doing, but those who know him say if
because of the election of Dr. B. F.
tall, an admitted member of the Amed
Protective Association, as a city physic

Almost a Cyclon Early

WIND BLC Awnings Thro

ELECTRIC STORM

No Great Dam After Fiftee

Shone Th A violent wind hail, passed ove

this morning. While the new in the east, a viv lowed by a dea startled everybo not asleep and a

The storm can warning. The wir ings and shook years had bid d Awnings fell und the tall, skyscra ed and bent as if Empty boxes wer blocks down the that was not na missing from its

morning. The rain that the wind was I tensity. The window panes an was blown with wind and hardl entirely escaped Many doors

wind; blinds we hinges and fell to ter; chimneys blown off, and a in almost every For fully ten its height. Th the moon and a cloudless sky. the streets and white, rushed great roaring. the first flash and no indicat would be seen. Along the str imprint. Dry g left piled high stores were fou. had been ripp

and doors. Lightning One flash heavens from city as bright moment, was pending storm. The big bell sounded out f wires and mai

oud. Then came caused everyb The peal came crash that awol ready to make if necessary. The turning to the s of duty when fury. Helmets in all directions was drenched In the railro

many crawled the fury of the Although no ed in the heart country villages greatest suffere Nearly all of

was difficult at KENTUCKY

Address Repu Louisville, Ky ard democratic issued a long a the state, call the platform

Convention.
The address

The Chicago ated all prev and principles dangerous a many of which or socialists. lead to the reindividual obnation's mon-lished standa versed, the wages of lab our nation be place among monetary fell and the mono
A platform
thus sought to
into enthusia
ulist St. Loui openly decla to support t expect to be and the car party.

The address crats who ar delegates to

meets in this c. CAMPBELL

Brother, Who Declines : Monticello,

James Campbe brother, prefers He demands jury rather th a con.mittal con Public senting him. Since he has employed sociate counsel line Dudley, accessory to 1 W. C. Campbe

his life insured bell was the or no other brothe TWO CUBAN

Fierce Encoun and Havana, August a lieutenant and army, were sh

fortress for the Brave, the rel

ed. Perhaps the greatest usefulness of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is in preparing women for this ordeal. It acts directly on the organs distinctly feminine and makes them strong and healthy. It insures the well-being of both mother and child. Thousands of letters similar

Marengo county will not be in until tomorrow. The democratic majority will be fully 1,500, however. The following county of-

county superirtendent of education, W.

Jefferson for Johnston Birmingham, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.)-At 2 o'clock twenty-seven county beats have reported, giving Johnston 1,015, Goodwyn 1,50. The city beats, however, will easily offset this and give Johnston a majority in the county by about 1000 O'Brien and the balance of the democratic county ticket appear to be safe. The following

are the probable county officers: Senator, R. M. Cunningham; representatives, John H. Altman, L. A. Brown, Daniel A. Green, John Har-kins, L. Y. Lipscomb, D. J. Ovens; sheriff, Frank P. O'Brien; tax collector, J. B. Francis; tax assessor, J. Felix McLaughlin; treasurer, Kenneth

F. Hawkins. Lauderdale 1,000 for Johnston. Florence, Ala., August 3.—(Special.)— Lauderdale has given Johnston a little more than 1,000 majority. The following county ticket was elected:

John A. Mitchell; treasurer, Thomas R. Powers; sheriff, Alonzo D. Carson; tax collector, William T. Mitchell; tax assessor, M. Maione; county superintendent of education, A. D. Ray; coroner, Dave Crow. Negroes in Perry for Johnston. Birmingham, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.)-

Perry county can be counted on for about

Representatives, Henry A. Killen,

800 majority for Johnston, most of the negroes voting for him. Five Hundred in Pickens. Birmingham, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.)-Pickens is good for fully 500 democratic

majority.

Troy, Ala., August 3.-(Special.)-Pike will give Johnston several hundred, probably five hundred. Randolph Very Close. Roanoke, Ala., August 3.-(Special.)-Randolph is exceedingly close. It will

Johnston Gets Pike.

take the official count to tell. A Heavy Vote in Russell. Seale, Ala., August 3.-(Special.)-Russell for Johnston and democracy by more than is safely democratic by 1,000 majority, it The following county ticket was is conceded. The vote in the county appears to have been heavier than usual.

Goodwyn Gets Shelby. Calera, Ala., August 3.-(Special.)-Shel by county has undoubtedly gone for Goodwyn by more than 500 majority. It gave Kolb about the same majority two years ago. St Clair for Goodwyn

Asheville, August 3 .- (Special.)-St. Clair has gone for Goodwyn by 1,000 or more. This county is strongly populist, and Mr. Forman, the populist nominee for auditor, lives here. Sumter Is for Johnston.

Livingston, August 3 .- (Special.) - Sumter will return at least 2,000 majority for John-The following county ticket is elected: Representatives, M. B. Cameron, C. P. Mills: sheriff, M. H. Caldwell; tax col-Scales; superintendent of education, R

B. Callaway; treasurer, A. C. McMillan; white, I. W. Horn, S. A. Elliott. Fayette for Goodwyn. August 3 .- (Special.) -- Fayett

has probably gone for Goodwyn by a reduced majority. Talladega Goes Populist. Talladega, August 3.-(Special.)-This ounty has probably gone for the populist ticket by several hundred. It comes as a surprise to the democrats of the county. A very strong democratic county ticket was defeated. The enemy concealed their

strength until election day. Tallapoosa for Goodwyn. Dadeville, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.)-The big populist majority here was knocked almost entirely out by the democrats. ut it is believed that Goodwn will score about 200 majority in Tallapoosa.

Tuscaloosa. Tuscaloosa, Ala., August 3.-(Special.)fuscaloosa made one of the biggest winlings on record. From a large populist majority in 1894 she has risen to about 700 democratic majority today. The indications are that the entire democratic county ticket has been elected as follows: Senator, F. S. Moody; representatives, William W. Brandon, Newton N. Clements; sheriff, Charles S. Shirley; treas-

Walter D. Seed: tax assessor, J. Park; tax collector, Sampson D. Condensed Bulletins.

The results in the other counties are about s follows: Lawrence county is for Goodwyn by Lee county goes to Johnston by 300 ma

jority. The opposition is claiming it by about the same amount, however. Doubtful in Limestone. Limestone county is in doubt. The democrats claim the county by 500 and the

Lowndes county can be depended upon for about 4,000 democratic majority. Thirtytwo hundred is already in sight. Macon county is good for 800 or 900 for Johnston. Returns are coming slowly, but are entirely satisfactory to the democrats. Madison county will give the democratic ticket about 1,200 majority. The following

county ticket was elected: Sheriff, Oscar Fulgham; tax assessor, T. B. Wright Connally; tax collector, D. C. Gardiner; treasurer, G. D. Kin-ney; representatives, Dr. J. P. Hampton and Ben P. Hunt.

Sheriff, P. B. Glass; treasurer, W. L. Brasfield: tax collector, Q. S. Adams;

tax assessor, J. L. Skinner; superintendent of education, W. K. Thomas; representatives, D. M. Powell, Sr., D.

J. Meador. Marshall county has probably gone democratic by several hundred. Most of the members of the free lance county ticket are also elected and the regular populist nominees defeated. The populists almost concede the county now. Mobile county's democratic majority will

be in the neighborhood of 1,500. The following county ticket was elected: Senator, Thomas H. Smith; represen tatives, Leslie B. Sheldon, Ed M. Robinson, John J. Delchamps; sheriff, C. E. McLean; tax assessor, E. D. Harris; tax collector, Elisha B. Lott; treasurer,

S. Graham Stone; coroner, Henry P. Hirshfield. Monroe county can be counted on for fully 1,800 for Johnston, free coinage and democracy. The following county democratic ticket was elected:

Representative, Bertrand I. Hibbard;

sheriff, John I. Watson; treasurer, J. F. Deer; tax assessor, G. H. N. Gray; tax collector, James L. Smith; superintendent of education, Charles W. Mc-Clure. Montgomery county is placed at 4,200. It will not be 200 more nor less than this. The following county officers were elected: Sheriff, Charles E. Parks, treasurer, Amos Jones; tax collector, E. S. Armis-tead; tax assessor, C. T. Pollard; representatives, A. T. Dryspring, W. W. Hill, W. R. Waller, A. A. Wiley; coroner, Woodley C. Campbell.

thing like 500. The following county officers are undoubtedly elected: Representatives, James E. Lee: J. E. Price; sheriff, Mike Holland; tax collector, G. H. Hughes; tax assessor, John M. Breeding; county treasurer, R H. Gibson; county superintendent of education, James L. Gibson.

Morgan has gone democratic by some

Walker county has gone democratic. The majority is placed at 300. Washington county will go democratic by about 20. Count on Wilcox for between 5,000 and 6,000. The negroes here all voted for Johnston. Winston county will probably go republican by a small majority.

GOV. JOHNSTON AND HIS STAFF.

Alabamians Who Will Be in the Statehouse Next Year. Montgomery, Ala., August 3 .- (Special.)-Too much praise cannot be bestowed upon Joseph F. Johnston, the wise and brilliant of its best and leading attorneys, enjoying commander who has led the democratic hosts of Alabama to such a splendid victory. As one of the speakers in the campaign expressed it:

"Captain Johnston is an all-round, able He is possessed of fine ability as a logician, a financier, a lawyer, a citizen and, as recent developments show, as a politi-Captain Johnson is a thoroughly in

dependent thinker. The only rules he recognizes are those of the state, the Episco-al church and the democratic party. When President Cleveland issued his memorable message on August 7th, 1833, Captain Johnston, in an interview which was pub-lished the following morning, criticised the president's views on the money question, and insisted that he was departing from the principles of democracy.

In that interview, among other things, Captain Johnston said:
"The people asked the president for read-he has given them a stone. I believe Mr. Cleveland to be a patriotic man; that his impulses are right; that he has treated the south fairly and justly, and that he wants to do what he believes right: but it is manifest that in his financial views he is controlled by a lot of doctrinaires who know nothing except as taught them by England. I can forgive the president many things for his stand on the tariff, and for the rights of the states, but to say that his message is a cruel disappointment, and that, if congress follows his advice, it will result in closing more banks, shut-

ting down all factories and bringing want to millions of firesides, is to speak the truth as it appears to me." At the time this was considered treason by most democrats in Alabama, and Captain Johnston was severely scored by the press and the politicians. Mr. Cleveland had just been installed as the democratic president, and it had occurred to very few in this part of the country that he could make a mistake. Johnston was the

first to guess the president's hand and to call it. Since the interview referred to, Captain Johnston has been the target for the em-bittered shafts of all the administration papers and leaders in the state. They have branded him a disruptionist and firebrand, but he has continued to show the people what Wall street has been doing for them, through the instrumentality of a democratic administration, and that his teachings have been heeded is now apparent. now apparent.

At first Captain Johnston fought almost The Bane Beauty. Beauty's bane is

tresses are far more to the matron than to the maid whose casket of charms is yet unrifled by time. Beautiful women will be glad to be reminded that falling or fading hair is unknown to those who use

the fading or falling of

the hair. Luxuriant

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

the ring rulers in the state applied the party lash and patronage for all they Captain Johnston became a candidate for the democratic nomination for governor in the spring of 1894. Governor Oates was his opponent, and ran as the champior of the national administration. The gold-bugs waged an unrelentless warfare on Johnston; they employed every available

influence against him, and he was beaten

by a close majority in the convention. As soon as the convention adjourned he offered his services to Governor Oates and worked harder and spent more of his own money perhaps to effect Oates's election than did any other man. When Governor Oates declined last fall to become a candidate for re-election, Captain Johnston announced his candidacy. Offers were made him that if he would leave the money question out of the campaign, he would not be opposed for the nomination. This he promptly declined to do, and the administration influence placed Hon. Richard H. Clarke, congressman from the first Alabama district, in the field against him. After the bitterest sort of a fight in the party, Johnston was nominated by the state convention, on the clearest ringing free silver platform imaginable, the vote being 356 to 148. That he has made a gallant and successful standard

bearer is evident from the returns of to-Captain Joseph J. Johnston is a native captain Joseph J. Johnston is a native of Lincoln county, North Carolina, having been born in that state in 1843. He was the son of a North Carolina planter of the old school, a man of education, great erudition and refined social instincts. Captain Johnston left his native state in 1860, removing to Alabama, and, with the exception of the time in which he was in eption of the time in which he was in he army, has continuously resided in this

On April 21, 1861, when still not much more than a boy, he enlisted in Company I, Eighteenth Alabama regiment, and served until the surrender. He was one of the south's most vallant and gallant soldiers and was always to be found in the thickest and hottest of a battle. He received five wounds during his career with the army,

and was promoted to a captaincy.

Upon returning to the state at the end of the war. Captain Johnston settled in Selma and formed a law partnership with Captain R. M. Nelson, an ex-confederate soldier and comrade at arms, and with whom he was associated for a number of Captain Johnston practiced his profes-

large and lucrative practice. For many years he was largely interested in and president of the Alabama Na-tional bank of Birmingham, a popular financial corporation of that city and among the largest banks in the state. He is one of the most enterprising and liberal citizens of that city and of the state, and his name has always been associated with pub-lic enterprises. He has contributed large-ly and figured most conspicuously in the

apbuilding of Birmingham. He has served as chairman of the dem eratic state executive committee for two erms, and at a most trying crisis. His services as such reflect not only credit upon himself, but honor upon his party, and has secured for him to a marked de gree the esteem of his fellow citiezns. He has also served on the county executive committee of Dallas county and a like ommittee of the fourth congressional dis-

Personally Captain Johnston is a man

of rather striking appearance. He is of average height, weighs about 160 pounds, has a florid complexion and red hair, oright, honest, fearless eyes, set deep in his head, a firm mouth and a large, red mustache. There is nothing remarkable in all this, but there is a big element of magnetism somewhere in the ensemble of the features of Alabama's new governor that attracts all with whom he comes in Captain Johnston has been a successful

He was married about twenty-five years ago to Miss Teresa Hooper, of Selma, and has three sons, all promising young business men of Birmingham.

financier, and now enjoys the income of a

handsome fortune accumulated by himself

Secretary of State Jackson. James Kirk Jackson, secretary of state s one of the most accomplished politica workers and most aggressive young busi years of age and is a native of Florence, Ala., his ancestors having been among the

original settlers of that beautiful littl Mr. Jackson was educated at the State Normal college at Florence, and comn ed his business life as a clerk in a large railroad office. In March, 1883, he was elected clerk of the Alabama railroad commis sion, and three years later accepted the position of private secretary to Governor Thomas Seay. He served Governor Seay for four years, and remained in the same capacity during the four years of Gover-nor Jones's administration, at the termination of which the people of the state pro-moted him to the high office which he now occupies. Mr. Jackson is unmarried.

Attorney General Fitts. Hon. William C. Fitts's re-election is a ompliment well deserved. Mr. Fitts is youngest man who as ever filled the office of attorney general for Alabama, and he has shown himself to be one of the safest lawyers to whom that important office has ever been entrusted.

Mr. Fitts is an Alabama boy, having been born in Tuscaloosa just thirty years

He received his rudimentary tion in that classic old town and after-wards attended the Southeastern Presbyterian university at Clarksville, Tenn., from which he was graduated in 1884. He located in Birmingham, Ala., later in that year and entered a law office. After two years of liligent study, he was admitted in 1886 to practice, and established himself an office in Tuscaloosa, where, within two or three years, he rapidly rose to a very high place among the able lawyers there. Two years ago he was elected to the place he now so ably fills. Mr. Fitts was married about seven years ago to Miss Nora Hewitt, a daughter of Hon. G. W. Hewitt, one of the farming interests of the state may greatly felicitate themselves on his election.

Hons. D. R. Burgess and J. C. Clark, of Mobile; Hon. S. D. Logan, of Bibb; Hon. B. J. Hibbard, of Monroeville, and Hon. At the end of his term as sheriff he was

and to no dozen men perhaps, is so much credit for today's big victory due as to Hon. John B. Knox, of Calhoun, the distinguished chairman of the democratic state

"APENTA"

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ood Purifier. \$1 per bott I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Man S take, easy to operate.

IN CHICAGO

From First Page

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the affair. Diffente is said, owing to the ence, in renewing some

in New York and New

MPANY DISSOLVE

Court for the An of a Receiver. am, Warner & Strong ers were Mrs. (Mr. William I

roceeding because

said further that the solvent and that me s. Mr. Maslin is given of the vill be served as psul is made that there are a findled in the substitution of the substitution court proceedings n of counsel for

& Co., whose establ known as "the Lociers or publishers of The al, The American Statican Bookmaker, The Export Jöurnal, and bry of the Paper and

August 3.—The pluments of the extensive James Dobson, at the a suburb, resumed of a prolonged shutdown ands are given employed department of the work to eight hundred

er, Nashville, Tens August 3.—Dr. John the most distinguished buth, died tonight at ty-eight. He was igured promit

ned in Virginia. ., August 3.—The free sopened in Virginia Court House nes, democratic non the first congression egate to Chicago. ened to Mr. Jones.

, Brooklyn, N. ugust 3.—Judge Calvieme court, died at his Mass., this morning eral of volunteers dufor many years betthe supreme court.

Gets a Receiver.

te a Republican igust 3.—Frank Aepublican lleutenam
was today nominated
busly by the demostrict. Day has less
y to join the silver

olan Resigns ust 3.—(Special.)—
today tendered her of the city coute his reasons for know him say it nof Dr. B. F. Sher of the Americas a city physicas a well-known him say it not be not be

BLOWS GREAT GUNS

Almost a Cyclone Passes Over the City Early This Morning.

BLOWS FURIOUSLY

Awnings Thrown Helter Skelter About

FLECTRIC STORM STARTLES THE CITIZENS

No Great Damage Reported in the City. After Fifteen Minutes, the Moon Shone Through the Clouds.

A violent windstorm, accompanied with blinding sheets of rain, intermingled with hall, passed over the city at 1:15 o'clock this morning.

While the new moon was shining dimiy in the east, a vivid flash of lightning, followed by a deafening peal of thunder, startled everybody in the city who was not asleep and awoke those who had re-

The storm came without a moment's warning. The wind swayed the tall buildings and shook solid structures that for years had bid defiance to the elements. Awnings fell under the great pressure and the tall, skyscraping telephone poles swayed and bent as if they would snap in two Empty boxes were blown from store doors blocks down the streets and everything that was not nailed down will be found missing from its accustomed place this

The rain that followed in the wake of the wind was like a cloudburst in intensity. The water poured through the window panes and through leaky roofs. It was blown with fearful force by the high wind and hardly a building in the city

entirely escaped from the deluge. wind; blinds were loosened from their hinges and fell to the ground with a clat-ter; chinmeys were shaken and bricks blown off, and general havoc was played in almost every block in the city. For fully ten minutes the storm was at its height. Then it quickly subsided, and

the moon and stars shone clearly from cloudless sky. The water which flooded the streets and washed the belgian blocks white, rushed through the sewers with great roaring. In fifteen minutes after the first flash of lightning all was quiet

Along the streets the wind had left its imprint. Dry goods boxes that had been left piled high up at the rear doors of the es were found scattered, signs had been blown from their moorings and awnings had been ripped and torn from windows Lightning Announces the Storm.

One flash of lightning that rent the heavens from east to west and made the moment, was the forerunner of the im big bell in the fire headquarters sounded out from the electricity on the

wires and many telephones rang long and caused everybody to spring to their feet The peal came without the usual rattle of announcement—it came suddenly with a crash that awoke the sleeping city.

The firemen were instantly awake and ready to make a run through the storm if necessary. The policemen were just returning to the station house to be relieved duty when the storm burst in all its in all directions and the army of blue coats was drenched through and through. In the railroad yards the employes had not time to seek places of shelter and

many crawled under car boxes to escape Damage Said To Be Considerable. Although no serious damage was report ed in the heart of the city, it is said the country villages and the suburbs were the

greatest sufferers. Nearly all of the long distance telephone lines were crippled by the lightning and wind and connection with the outside world was difficult at an early hour this morn-

KENTUCKY MALCONTENTS ACT. Address Repudiating Democracy and the Nominees.

Louisville, Ky., August 3.-The gold standard democratic executive committee has issued a long address to the democrats of the state, calling on them not to support the platform and nominees of the Chicago

The address in part is as follows: The Chicago convention openly repudiated all previous democratic platforms and principles, and enunciated reckless, fangerous and un-American creeds, many of which have been traced back to populist and greenback conventions, or to the pronunciamentos of populists or socialists. It declared for what would ead to the repudiation of national and or socialists. It declared for what would lead to the repudiation of national and individual obligations land credit. It formulated a scheme for debasing the nation's money, under which the established standard of values would be relished standard of values would be reputed to the nurchasing power of the lished standard of values would be reversed, the purchasing power of the wages of labor be reduced in half, and our nation be set back from its financial place among enlightened people, to a monetary fellowship with Mexico, Peru and the monometallist nations of Asia. A platform with a candidate that has thus sought to be, and has been, received into enthusiastic fellowship by the populist St. Louis convention, and who has openly declared his determination not to support the party, cannot ariously expect to be successful as the platform and the candidate of the democratic party.

and Spaniards. Havana, August 3.-Antonio Pena Lopez and Narciso Rodriguez Lopez, respectively a lieutenant and a private in the insurgent army, were shot today at the Cabanas fortress for the crime or rebellion against the Spanish government, and Nune Bravo, the rebel prefect of Santiago de Cuba, was executed yesterday at Santo Oomingo for the same crime.

A fierce engagement between rebels and

rnment troops is reported to have taken place in the vicinity of Melones, near Manzanillo. The Spanish force consisted of only one hundred soldiers, while the insurgents numbered a thousand. The government troops were deteated and compelled to retreat. Two Spanish lleutenants were killed, and the commander of the troops and a large number of his force were wounded. The rebel losses were heavy. Yellow fever and smallpox are increasing throughout the island, and in certain localities have become enidemic. The authoriities have become epidemic. The authorities are adopting measures to prevent the disease and to diminish the high death rate.

DIED WITH HER FLAG IN HAND. Senora Agramonte Killed While Lead

ing a Cuban Charge. Key West, Fla., August 3.-(Special.)-Heading a charge against the Spaniards Inez Agramonte, the beautiful wife of the Cuban chief of that came, was killed on July 29th, according to Colonel Joaquin Delgado, who reached here yesterday afternoon from Cuba.

The senora was a woman of surpassing oveliness who, cressed as an amazon, has been her husband's companion during the war for Cuba libre.

On July 29th Colonel Agramonte's troops were attacked by the Spaniards near San Nicolas. Surprised and outnumbered the Cubans began to retreat. The Senora Agramonte seized the Cuban flag and crying to the insurgents to follow spurred her horse toward the advancing Spaniards.

When the senora was within twenty paces the Spniards fired and she fell from her horse pierced by many bullets. Then followed a flerce fight over her body. Colonel Agramonte, almost crazed by his wife's death, fought like a tiger, killing six Spanlards with his machete. The Spaniards were finally driven off, leaving the senora's body in possession of the insurgents. Her face was unmarred and wore a smile, the Spanish bullets taking effect only in her body.

MORE IDLE MILLS IN THE EAST. Nearly Eighteen Thousand Operatives

Have Nothing To Do. Fall River, Mass., August 3.-The largest urtailment of production for any one week since the agreement went into effect is going on this week. The following mills are stopped:

Barnard, Border City, Fall River Manufactory, Granite, Hargraves No. 2, Mechanics, Merchants, Metacomet, Narragansett, Osborne No. 1, Pecasset, Robinson, Shove. Slade, Stevens, Tecumseh, Union, Wampanoag. here are 1,769,784 spindles and 41,122 looms

are 17,114 operatives in all. The American Linen Company started up today after a shut-down for twenty-eight days. The shut-down of this corporation was begun before the general agreement was made, owing to a small strike. The Conanicut is shut down a week for changes and slight repairs. The Wampanoag is on its fifth veek of shut-down, additional time being taken to allow the making of repairs. The Merchants' and several other corporations begin their second period of a two weeks' curtailment today, while the Mechanics' is on its fourth week of shut-

BUSH'S RACERS BADLY HURT. Car of Fine Horses Upset in a Wreck

Near Indianapolis. napolis, Ind., August 3.-The car taining a number of horses, valued at \$60,000 and owned by J. E. Bush, of Louisville, was upset in a wreck caused by a hot journal at north Indianapolis early this morning on the Big Four road. All of

the horses were badly injured.

David Barnum, who was in charge of the car: Dennis Porter, of Louisville, and George Fagan, of Lexington, were slightly injured, and Charles Brock, of Louisville, was seriously but not fatally injured. The horses were on the road from Freeport. Ill., to Louisville, where they were to rest, preparatory to resuming their racing. Those

May Queen, seven years old, no record: Hal Corker, 2:12; Sally Bronson, 2:174; King Henry, Minnie B, colts; Side Foe, 2:15; Bus-The railroad company will also sustain

a heavy loss. NOTHING LIKE CHEESE.

How This Fragrant Product Is Re-

garded in Switzerland. American traveling in Switzerland writes an interesting letter to The Washington Post telling how cheese is regarded by the natives of that little mountain re-public. Says the correspondent: "The standing of a family is judged ac-

cording to the age of the cheese it can show, and the honor in which a guest is held is distinctly evidenced by the age of the cheese served to him. There are families of whom it is said that they yet have cheese of the last century in store, which, however, is only served on great ccca-sions, such as festivals at the pirth of a sions, such as festivals at the firth of a first child, wedding and death feasts. Whenever a child is born a cheese named after it is expressly prepared and stored away. No portion of this, unless the child previously dies, is served until the marriage of its namesake, when each guest must partake of a small piece of each of the cheeses named and stored. each of the cheeses named and stored away for the groom and the bride by their respective parents—this in the nature of a benediction. The remainder of these two cheeses is then carefully stored away, not to be touched again until either the groom or bride dees, when it is served to those attending the runeral, and reverently partaken of in remembrance of the deceased.

expect to be successful as the platform and the candidate of the democratic party.

The address concludes by calling democrates who are against the Chicago nominese and platform to meet in mass meetings in their counties on August 15th and select delegates to the state convention which meets in this city August 25th.

CAMPBELL HAD \$9,000 ON LIFE.

Brother, Who Is Charged with Murder,
Declines a Preliminary Trial.

Monticello, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—James Campbell, charged with killing his brother, prefers to remain in jail.

He demands an indictment by the grand jury rather than show his defense before a committal court.

Public seatiment is very much against him. Since he has taken this course he has employed Colonel Kilpatrick as associate counsel with Colonel Jordan. Adeline Dudley, a negress, is held as accessory to the crime. The courthouse would not hold the crowd today.

W. C. Campbell, who was murdered, had his life insured for \$9,000 and James Campbell was the only indirect heir, as he had no other brother or sister.

TWO CUBANS ARE EXECUTED.

Fierce Encounter Between Insurgents and Spaniards.

Havana, August 3.—Antonio Pena Lopez

Harding a sumportant function of cheese in Zermatt is its service in courtships. It there serves as a sunstitute for nowers. The man pops the question' by presenting his service in courts his as a sunstitute for nowers. The man pops the question' by presenting his service in courtships. It there serves as a sunstitute for nowers. The man pops the question' by presenting his service as a sunstitute for nowers. The man pops the question' by presenting his severes as a sunstitute for nowers. The man pops the question' by presenting his weetheart with a pecc of cheese, shatly by up up in a package. The guir, when poop of nower; if the suitor is accepted, it is a bit of cheese, slyly given, that evere as the symbol of acceptance. An engagement is effected as follows: The suitor is effected as follows: The suitor is accepted, it is a bit of cheese, slyly given, that evere as th "An important function of cheese in Zer-

Another New Church.

White House, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—
A new and handsome church is to take
the place of the old one at Salem. The
work has already been commenced and
will be completed as rapidly as possible.
Ozias church is also undergoing repairs.
The house will be ceiled, floored and
painted.

MILLIONS FOR LOVE

Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., Puts Aside Wealth for Happiness.

WEDS MISS GRACE WILSON

Parental Opposition Fails To Prevent the Ceremony,

GROOM PROVES HIMSELF TO BE TRUE BLUE

None of the Young Man's Relatives Were Invited-Many Telegrams of Congratulation.

New York, August 3.-Despite the deternined opposition of his family and in defiance of the threat of disinheritance, Mr. Cornellus Vanderbilt, Jr., was married today to Miss Grace Wilson.

Mr. Vanderbilt, Sr., warned the young man that if he contracted the marriage he would have to depend upon his own resources for a livelihood, and he need expect no share of the Vanderbilt fortune. Thus, the son, by disobeying his father's wishes, threw away his prospects of inheriting a large portion of the \$100,000,000 which Mr. Vanderbilt, Sr., is estimated to be worth.

Not a member of the Vanderbilt family was invited to the wedding, which was notable for its simplicity. Perhaps never inthe history of the Vanderbilt or Wilson families has such a quiet wedding been

solemnized. It was 11:15 o'clock when Mr. Vanderbilt Jr., reached the Wilson home at No. 511 Fifth avenue. He was dressed in a black frock coat, with light striped trousers. He found awaiting him his bride-elect, Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Richard T. Wilson, Mr. R. T. Wilson, Jr., Robert Goelet, Jr., and Mr. Frank Polk, of Boston, one of his classmates.

This comprised the wedding party. Shortly before noon the Rev. William Pott, assistant to Dr. Brown, rector of St. Thomas church, entered the house. The rear drawing room had been daintily deco rated with a few choice cut flowers early in the morning, and at noon everything was in readiness for the ceremony, when the Rev. Mr. Pott took up a position a

the eastern end of the room.

A moment later young Mr. Vanderbilt entered the room, accompanied by his best man, Mr. Polk. The few guests then grouped themselves to the left of the min-ister. Soft strains of music from a string orcnestra announced the coming of the bride

Miss Wilson, attended solely by her fath the center archway leading to the rear drawing room. She looked a picture of eauty in her pure white wedding gown, reation of French art. She wore a vel of extreme old English lace, reaching to the bottom of her gown. It was fastened by a magnificent wreath of diamonds, su mounted by a bunch of orange blossoms.

Conventionalities Omitted. As soon as Miss Wilson entered the roo the groom stepped forward, and, taking her by the hand, they both stepped before the officiating minister. In five minutes it was all over, and Miss Wilson was the wife of the son of one of America's greatest millionaires. There were no ushers, and many of the conventionalities attending such weddings were omitted. After the ceremony the small gathering offered their ongratulations to the young couple. No wedding breakfast having been pre-

pared, Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt retired t apartments upstairs and donned their traveling apparel.
At 12:35 p. m. the bride and groom, lowed by a shower of rice, left the house and entered a coupe waiting at the door. The groom looked pale and worried; the bride's face was radiant with smiles, and as the carriage drew away from the door she threw kisses to the little group of wed-

ding guests who had assembled to see the couple off. Where the bride and groom will spend their honeymoon was not given out, but they were driven to the Grand Central station, and, it is understood, will go to Saratoga. It is said they have no plans for the future. They may go abroad for a year, but this has not been decided, nor

has the place they will make their perma-Telegrams of Congratulations. Hardly had the ceremony been finished before telegrams of congratulation be-gan arriving. They were principally from riends of the Wilson family, but some of Mr. Vanderbilt's chums remembered him. From across the water came cablegrams of congratulation from the prince of Wales the duke and duchess of Marlborough, the

earl and countess of Pembroke, and others of the nobility.

The groom's gift to the bride was a large diamond heart, composed of some thirty extremely brilliant diamonds, with a beautiful sapphire in the center.

LORD CHIEF JUSTICE RUSSELL Something About America's Expected

Visitor.

From The New York Tribune Before many days have passed the lord chief justice of England will be on his way to this country, and for the space of a month the people of America will have the opportunity of comparing the eloquence of their own orators with that of the man who is celebrated as the most brilliant and persuasive member of the legal profession of Great Britain. It is hardly necessary to say that he is an Irishman; for in no other nationality could be found so happy a combination of declamation and gesture, of eloquence and acting, of force of logic and graceful triviality. Like his fellow countryman, Lord Dufferin, he conveys at first the impression that he has kissed the blarney stone of his native isle, and one starts with the determination to regard his utterances as a mere clever piece of oratory. But when one sees his eye resting upon him with a somewhat nnocent, childlike expression; when one hears his silvery voice, the exquisitely modulated tones of which insinuate and persuade his auditors of the fervor of his convictions; when, above all, one finds his words literally trembling with emotion— "tears in the voice," as the French sayone loses sight of the point where the acting ends and the true feeling begins.

On such a groundwork as this he builds up his case, phrase by phrase, argument after argument, until by force of reasoning of picturesque exposition and profound legal knowledge he carries all present with him and everything before him. It is only when it is all over, when time is found for sober reflection, and when the intoxication of the moment has spent its force that one begins to ask whether, after all, the great orator really meant all that he said, whether his impassioned appeals to the heart were not mere stage play; whether one has not permitted one's self to be lured by clever declamation into the temporary belief that wrong is right and right is wrong. It is this reaction which so fre-quently ensues in the minds of most of his hearers that has proved the only draw-back in what has otherwise been the most successful career at the English bar.

bench was the standing counsel to the Jock-ey Club. He is an intimate friend of Mr. Gladstone, a strong home ruler, and so

sturdy a radical that when created lord sturdy a randal that when created lord chief justice of the realm he declined to accept the hereditary barony offered to him, declaring that he was perfectly content with the life peerage which he had been compelled to accept as a member of tent with the life beerage which he had been compelled to accept as a member of the court of appeals; that he was averse to the principle of hereditary legislation and that if his son wished for any title he could earn it for himself. He has at heart the welfare of the laboring class and one of his pet schemes is one for the more equal distribution of working people in districts where their efforts can attain

profitable results.

Lord Russell is an Ulster Catholic, being the first member of his creed to hold the office of lord chief justice of England since the days of the reformation. He comes from a specially gifted family. To his uncle the Rev. Father Russell belongs. his uncle, the Rev. Father Russell, belongs the credit of the conversion of Cardinal Newman to the church of Rome; the cardinal in his "Apologia pro Vita Sua," describing Dr. Russell as the "dear friend to whom under Heaven I am indebted for my con-version." Lord Russell's brother, Father "Matt" Russell, of the Order of Jesuits, the editor of that lively and popular pa per known as The Irish Monthly. Father 'Matt" is the very antithesis of the ordinary conception of the "wily" Jesuit. Sim-ple, frank, unselfish, he is never so happy -learned and able though he te-as when he is devoting himself to his labors as missionary priest among the poor. Originally intended for a solicitor, the

esent lord chief justice, like so many egan his career as a reporter for the press the gallery of the house of con devoting his spare time to reading for the bar, to which he was ultimately admitted at the close of the fifties his first brief of any importance being that known as the celebrated Yelverton case. The lstter evidently has left a great impression on his mind, for when, on being appointed a justice of the court of appeals, he was called upon to select a title, he decided to ommemorate this Yelverton suit by addsociated with the affair, to his title of Lord

A Famous Suit.

The Yelverton suit is one of the mos ensational and romantic of modern times. Lord Avermore, or Major Yelverton, as he was then, having been badly wounded while serving with the royal artillery in the Crimean war, was nursed back to health and strength by one of Florence Nightingale's most charming assistants, a Miss Longworth. It was only natural that the major should fall in love with his beautiful nurse, who was a girl of ex-cellent family. After the war was over they met in Ireland, and one afternoon dropped quietly down the Carlingford lough to Killowen, where, in the picturesque and ancient little chapel, which is one of the features of that place, they were Moody. They subsequently lived together n Scotland, where Major Yelverton, who was a Catholic, read aloud the marriage service of the Church of England with a view to further consolidating the union with his Protestant wife. He also introduced her everywhere in the Scottish capital as his wife, but subsequently deserted her at Bordeaux and married a rich widow, Mrs. Forbes, the daughter of General Si Charles Atworth.

Miss Longworth, or the Hon. Mrs. Yelverton, as she styled herself, thereupon brought suit in the London courts for the stitution of her conjugal righs, young Charles Russell figuring as one of ounsel and being especially enthusiastic bout the case. The petition, however, was dismissed on the ground that Major Yelverton was an Irishman and that the London court had no jurisdiction in the mat-ter. Thereupon another action was brought in the court of common pleas in Dublin, where Major Yelverton denied that either the ceremony at Killowen or that in Edinburgh had been of a valid character, and ted in the most cynical manner that really making Miss Longworth his wife. The Dublin jury, however, found Ireland and a common law marriage Scotland and gave a verdict in favor of Mrs. Yelverton. When the case was carried in appeal to the house of lords the lord high chancellor and also the famous Lord Brougham gave it as their opinion that the union of the plaintiff to the defendant had been valid, and that his marriage to the Widow Forbes was consequently of a bigamous character. But the majority of the law lords decided against Mrs. Yelverton, who therefore became once more Miss Longworth. Her sad fate created a great impression upon the softhearted Irishman and that he has never forgotten her wrongs is amply shown by his including the name of Killowen in his

From that time forth there has been scarcely a single trial of any importance in which Charles Russell has not played a prominent part, until three years ago as advocate, and since then as judge. Among the most notable landmarks of this kind may be mentioned the Parnell commission of 1888 and 1889; the Colin-Campbell divorce case: The great Belt vs. Lawes trial, in which all the leading artists of the Royal Academy were called to the witness stand Academy were called to the witness stanted Wyndham lunacy petition, the exposur of the card sharper known as Lambri Preba; the Behring sea arbitration, and las but by no means least, the Maybrick cas Lord Russell, who in those days was not ing but Sir Charles, coming forward a the champion for the innocence of the prisoner, in which to this day he professes thelleve.

believe.

In conclusion it may be stated that the lord chief justice is, next to the lord chancellor, the highest judicial dignitary of the realin, his office dating back to the time of King Henry II. His salary amounts to \$49,000 a year, and as an emblem of his rank he wears on all state occasions that mysterious badge of office concerning the origin of which so little is known, namely the S. S. Collar.

Big Georgia Rattler. Douglasville, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—
M. J. Bearden, of Crombie's district, had a
lively racket with a huge rattlesnake. He
came upon it unexpectedly and the first
lick on its head with a heavy stick only
made it fighting mad. Heavy stones only
bounced from it like rubber. Finally a weil
directed blow with a rall stunned the reptile, and he succeeded in killing it. It
measured nine inches around, and had
fifteen rattles and a button.

New Road.

Madison, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—A new road is now being opened from the Miller road to the Putnam line. It will be about two miles long and will connect with the Ridge road in the county of Putnam leading to Eatouton. This has been a much needed and long felt want to the people of northwest Putnam, as it gives them a much nearer route than the old one to Madison.

Convenient Schedule. Dawsonville, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—
The schedule of the Dawsonville and Auraria mail went into effect Tuesday morning
last. The mail departs from Dawsonville
at 10 a. m., arriving here from Auraria at
6:30 p. m. This change gives us direct daily
mail from Atlanta, receiving the daily papers the same day printed.

Boys Take a Tumble. Snellville, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—Two of Mr. James Rawlins's little boys and one of Mr. Jack Rawlins's boys while playing in a barn fell eighteen feet on the hard ground and two of them were very badly hurt and lay there in an unconscious condition for several hours. They are all improving very nicely.

One More Battlesnake.

A Sturdy Radical.

Lord Russell comes to this country with every recommendation in his favor. Besides being a shining light of the legal profession, he is conspicuous as a sportsman, and up to the date of his elevation to the

Without a Quarrel. EARLE'S EYE IS ALL RIGHT NOW

Candidate for School Superintendent

Gets Warm.

SEAY ASKS GOVERNOR EVANS ABOUT SILVER

Governor Makes a Telling Speech While Earle Is Given a Respectful Hearing.

Columbia, S. C., August 3 .- (Special.)-There will be six campaign meetings this week. There are twelve more meetings to be held.

Today the meeting was at Lexington,

meetings. The meeting was attended by

good natured crowd of about 500 men, all Tom Seay, the cross-examiner of forme meetings, was on hand and made it ver he was well up on the financial question of the day, and he asked Governor Evan questions. Then Mr. Whitman spoke

crowd had great sport. Governor Evans made a telling speech despite the interruptions. Judge Earle was given a most respectful hearing and made a fine speech on the financial situation.

whisky rebate matters and was pretty wel received Messrs. Mayfield and Robinson, candi dates for superintendent of warmed up for the first time and the for mer got rretty mad and indulged in some pretty expressive remarks. Mr. Rol

charged Mr. Mayfield with opposing a reduction of his salary.

Mr. Mayfield said that any man, no motter whether it be his opponent, who said this, stated that which was untrue, absolutely untrue and unqualifiedly false.
"Senator Odell said so," said Mr. Rob-

"I don't care who said so, you or any oody else," retorted Mr. Mayfield.
"We don't want any of that. We did not come here for that. Don't talk about ottenness; go on and make your speech, yelled a voice. Adjutant General Watts, in the course of

ure were either cranks or fools or some Later, Mr. Whitman, candidate for gov rnor, characterized Watts as suffering

his speech, said those men who talked about the reform movement being a fail-

from mania potu and spoke of him in othe disparaging terms. Mr. Duncan, candidate for the senate, once more pounded away on Governor Evans's connection with the matter of the bond commissions and whisky rebates. He said Evans was a bounty jump Evans remarked that Colone Mixson had denied stating what he was quoted as having said.
When Judge Earle was introduced some

one remarked: "Judge, your eye has got all right, I Ignoring this reference to his recent fisti-

cuff with Governor Evans, the judge pro-ceeded to make a strong free silver speech. When Governor Evans spoke he was plied with questions from the swer to his satisfaction the question to what was to prevent the money men rom buying up all the silver in the pro-

the governor answered it is was not to Mr. Seay's satisfaction. The next meeting HANNA AND HIS LIEUTENANTS

ducing countries if this country has free

silver, bringing it here and having it coined and getting richer thereby. Though

Members of National Republican Executive Committee at Work. New York, August 3.-Regular campaign work was begun at the republican national headquarters this morning. Mark Hanna was on hand early and was joined by N. B. Scott, of West Virginia, and Powell Clayton, of Arkansas, members of the executive committee, at 10 o'clock.
Mr. Clayton will have charge of the speaking arrangements of the campaign

He had a long talk with Mr. Hanna about Mr. Scott, who is to give his attention chiefly to the southern states, conferred with several southerners during the morn-

By the end of the week the committee

will be ready to send out campaign litera-Mr. Hanna did not care to be interviewed n regard to his conference with Thomas C. Platt, Charles W. Hackett and Edward Lauterbach, last Saturday. He would only say that he had nothing to do with factional fights and expected all republicans in this state to turn in and do their share of the work. He says he will accept advice and help from both factions.

"SOUND MONEY" AND McKINLEY.

Rhode Island Democrats Meet and De

clare for a Tariff. Providence, R. I.. August 3.—A meeting of sound money democrats of Rhode Island was held in this city today and resulted in the issuing of a circular to the demo-crats of the state denouncing the Chicago platform and candidates and declaring that the action of the state central committee in ratifying the action of the Chicago con vention was ill-advised and in direct oppo-s'tion to the last expressed opinions of the

A committee was also appointed to se lect delegates to the Indianapolis confer-Those present favored the indorsement o McKinley on a platform declaring in favor of tariff for revenue only.

democrats of the state.

SMITH WILL RUN FOR CONGRESS. Selma Has a Candidate Who Is for

Free Coinage. Selma, Ala., August 3.—(Special.)—Craig Smith, treasurer of Alabama, and who was today elected to the legislature, an-nounced on the streets that he would be a candidate for congress. There are two other candidates from this county—Hon. G. A. Robbins, who was unseated by Aldrich, and Percy Clark.

The Morning Times will come out for Smith editorially in the morning and will stand by him until the convention names the candidate to lead the democracy on

November. Craig Smith is a free coinage pocrat and will make a strong rate for BOLTERS' PLACES ARE FILLED.

Ben Cable Read Out of the Democratic Party Yesterday. Chicago, August 3.—Ex-National Commit-teeman Ben T. Cable, one of the leaders of the bolting movement in Illinois, was read out of the democratic party this morning at the meeting of the state central com-mittee. The places of the following mem-bers of the committee were filled by new men: John P. Hopkins, Ben. T. Cable, W.

ESTABLISHED 1870 LENS GRINDING & OCULISTS PERSCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY South Carolina Candidates Speak

. Foreman and R. E. Spangler, at large, and A. A. Goodrich, first district.
Of these gentlemen Messrs. Hopkins and Foreman have already resigned and Mr. Spangler handed his resignation to Chairman Hinrichsen this morning before the meeting was called to order. Ex-Judge Goodrich, who had been deposed at th eoria convention, was already disposed of

so that the committee had practically only the case of Ben Cable to handle. A. W. Bastian was elected a committee-man in his place. The new members ap-pointed today were: A. W. Bastian, vice Cable; F. W. Havill, vice Foreman; Alex J. Jones, vice Goodrich; Carter H. Harri-son and A. S. Trude, vice Hopkins and Spangler.

Spangler. Governor Altgeld appeared before th committee at the morning session, but staid only long enough to inform the campaign managers, in positive terms, that the regular democrats had only to keep their grip on the state to make sure of Bryan getting its electoral vote. He was confident that Illinois was in the hands of the democracy on the free silver issue. At the afternoon session of the commit tee the campaign assessments for the state nominees to pay were fixed and the com-mittee adjourned sine die, leaving to the

LENTZ NAMED FOR CONGRESS.

executive committee the details of cam

Chio Democratic Nominee Pledges Himself to Free Coinage.

Columbus, O., August 3.—The democratic congressional convention of this district cold at Lancaster today nominated John J. Lentz, of this city, for congress over Charles D. Martin, of Lancaster, by a vote The national democratic platform was in-

dorsed and the candidate of the convention

THREE MOVE TO INDIANAPOLIS

Connecticut Dissatisfied Democrat Elect Delegates. New Haven, Conn., August 3.—The sound money element of the Connecticut democracy met here this afternoon. Ex-Congress man Lewis Sperry, of Hartford, presided.

The meeting voted to send three representatives to the national conference of sound money democrats, which will be held in Indianapolis next Friday, and these dele-gates were unanimously chosen: Joel A. Sperry, New Haven; Judge Charles G. Root,

Waterbury, and Hon. David A. Wells, Nor-The meeting also perfected plans for the convention of the honest money democrats of the state to be held August 13th.

DEPOSED COMMITTEEMEN MAD. Breckinridge Thought To Be Guiding "Sound Money" Men.

Frankfort, Ky., August 3.-The thirteen old Franklin county committeemen, all sound money men, who were deposed by the reorganization effected by the silver democrats, held a meeting here today and passed resolutions refusing to recognize the w committee. Their action is believed to have been

under direct suggestion from W. C. P. Breckinridge, as each member is a warm

mean that Breckinridge's friends will de-

his. This action is taken

BRYAN MEN RIDE HORSEBACK.

Democrats Open the Campaign Cleverly in Kentucky.
Frankfort, Ky., August 3.—The free silver democrats opened the campaign here this afternoon by a big parade and speech-

ing between every twenty or thirty horsemen were carried printed signs with the "We shall rout the goldbugs and Wall

The parade was headed by a line of

The cavalrymen wore white shirts with "16 to 1" painted in large black letters.
Addresses were made by Hon. John D.
Carroll, Judge Joseph H. Lewis and ex-Attorney General William Hendrick. BRYAN'S ROUTE TO NEW YORK.

Nominee Will Leave Lincoln Next Friday Afternoon. Lincoln, Neb., August 3.—The itinerary of Mr. Bryan has at last been settled defi-nitely. He will leave Lincoln Friday, August 7th, at 2:05 o'clock by the Rock Island

The nominee will make a speech at Des-Moines Saturday morning and will leave for Chicago, where the train is due at 7 'clock.
The itinerary of the journey from Chicago to New York will stand as previously

announced in these dispatches, the trip being made by the Pennsylvania railroad with a stop-over at Pittsburg Monday night. MADDOX SPEAKS AT DALLAS.

Campaign for Congress Opened-Supe rior Court Convenes. Dallas, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—The fall term of Paulding superior court convened today. Judge C. G. Janes is presiding, and Solicitor W. T. Roberts is looking after the state's interests. Attorney J. O. Gartrell, of Marletta; J. J. Northcutt, of

Acworth, and A. L. Bartlett are in attend-Hon. John W. Maddox opened his cam-paign for congress here today with one of the most powerful democratic speeches

ever delivered in this county. BAD CYCLONE IN NORTHWEST. Grafton, N. D., Has a Severe Wind-

storm—Several People Hurt.

Grafton, N. D., August 3.—A cyclone did considerable damage to buildings about a mile south of Grafton early this morning. Peter Peterson's house was entirely destroyed, but only two of the occupants were injured. An old lady was blown out in the wreck, and her shoulders badly injured. A boy four years old was badly cut on the head. on the head. Going east the cyclone turned a school-

THROUGH A BURNING TRESTLE Train Takes a Terrible Plunge on the Oxford Road in North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., August 3 .- (Special.) - A

use and granary around and did more

or less damage.

Raleigh, N. C., August 2.—(Special.)—A Southern railway train plunged through a burning trestle yesterday on the Oxford road ten miles from Durham. Seven cars and the engine went over.

The passenger coaches were stopped in a few feet of the brink. The seven cars were consumed, having caught fire from the burning bridge. the burning bridge. Wonderful Corn.

Tifton, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—Mr. George W. Powers exhibited the boss stalk of corn in Tifton a few days ago. It had two ears and from tip to tip these measured six feet and four inches. This is ahead of anything ever seen in the corn line, and clearly entitles Mr. Powers to the blue ribbon.

SPECIAL STYLES OF SPECTACLES 12 Whitehall St. ATLANTA.GA REPUBLICANS DESERT

Tariff Question Proves Less Interesting Than Free Silver.

BRYAN CLUBS ARE PLENTY

West Virginians Flocking to Democratic Standard-Prominent Men Leaving Their Old Party.

Charleston, W. Va., August 3 .- (Special.) Since the adjournment of the national dem-ocratic convention at Chicago there has en a wonderful change of sentiment it this part of the state in favor of free silver and the democratic party. Or, it would be more proper to say, that the change of sentiment toward the democratic

party has begun to manifest itself in a wonderful manner. Before the national conventions were held here were about as many free silver republicans as free silver democrats. Since the adoption of the gold standard platform by the republican convention and the free silver platform by the democratic conven-tion there has been a general breaking up of the repuplican party in this section o the state. There are a few democratic bankers and capitalists here who have said that they would not vote for Bryan and free silver, but the number of these is much smaller than it is supposed to be. It is quite different with the free silver repubicans. They are coming over to the demo

zed in nearly all the small places in Kanawha county, and the membership of these is generally composed of nearly as many free silver republicans as democrats. Bryan and Sewall club was organized at St. Albans this week with a membership of 210, and seventy-eight of these were free silver republicans. About 'he same time s Bryan and Sewall clab was organized at whom are free silver republicans. Last eve ning a Bryan and Sewall club was organ ized in the fifth ward of this city. William Thayer, one of the proprietors of the South Side foundry and machine shops, and a former republican, was elected president, and W. A. Forsythe, who heretofore was always a republican, was elected secretary. In this club the free silver republicans outnumber the democrats. A fe evenings ago Mr. Virgil A. Gates a republ can, made a speech at Pine Grove, near this city, and organized a Bryan and Se-wall club. He reports that 15 per cent of these have been republicans heretofore. The trades unions of this city, whose nembers have generally been high prote tionists and voted the republican ticket

are now nearly all solid for Bryan and

It is about the same with the element. It is difficult to find a farmer who has not signified his intention to vote for Bryan and free silver, no matter what his former party affiliations have been The defection from the party of McKinley and the gold standard is not by any means confined to the ordinary voters. Men of nfluence and leadership in the republican Sewall standard. Among these may be mentioned Judge J. H. Brown, a lifelong republican, and at one time a candidate for congress on the republican ticket in this district; Judge J. B. C. Drew, a prominen republican leader; Hon. Andrew Hurlew all influential republicans of this city. Col onel J. W. Davis, of Greenbrier, another prominent leader, and at one time the republican candidate for congress in that dis-trict, has announced himself a free silver cavalry from the country with crowns of thorns and crosses of gold, while interven-

himself the same way If the free silver and Bryan sentiment coninues to grow as it has within the last two

veeks, it will be almost unanimous by the 3d of November. That the republican leaders are rapidly becoming aware of the change of sentiment in West Virginia is shown by their attitude during the past month. A week after the close of the Chicago convention the state republican committee sent out to the epublican papers an appeal urging all republicans to stick to the party, fight the campaign on the tariff issue, and not be drawn into complicating situations by the free silver issue. Senator Elkins declared that free silver cut no figure in the canvass at that time, but later, when he came to sound the keynote of the campaign at the state convention, he devoted nearly all his time to the financial issue, the burden of his speech being an appeal to those who had been members of the party to stick to it for the sake of protection and reciprocity, and trust to the republican leaders to deal fairly with silver. In the republican state convention there was such a favorable indercurrent of silver sentiment that the leaders had to keep the meeting going three days in their efforts to get the business transacted without allowing that sentiment

to show itself above the surface. In the third congressional district J. H. Hiling could have been renominated for congress by acclamation, but after the ad-journment of congress he came home, looked over the field and declared the situation hopeless if the republicans declared against free silver. He accordingly refused to allow the use of his name. He was elected by 4,618 in 1894, but he declared that the silver sentiment had drawn so many votes from the party since then that he could not risk accepting the nomination. could not risk accepting the nominator. Hiling is not alone in this belief, for no republican in the district could be induced to make the race, and the nomination was given unanimously to C. P. Darr, a man who left the democracy in 1892, and who has no standing in the republican party. In the congressional election of 1894 the republicans carried the state by about 18,600, but now they admit that if McKinley gets the electoral you by a shave and

Found Dead on the Mountainside. Chattanooga, Tenn., August 3.—(Special.)
A man numed Musgrove was found this morning or Lookout mountain, near Mentone, Ala., dead with a bullet in his head.
The supposition is that he had been murdered by illicit distillers against whom he had recently given information to the authorities.

Hawes for Judge of Albany Circuit. Bainbridge, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)
Hon. A. L. Hawes, of this city, yielding to
the earnest solicitation of the entire bar
and his many friends throughout this judicial circuit, has decided to become a candidate for the judgeship of the Albany
circuit. Colonel Hawes is a lawyer of
ability, having a well trained judicial mind,
and possesses a personal popularity throughout the state.

Miss Golden Falls from a Wheel. Selma, Ala., August 3.—(Special.)—Miss Louise Golding fell from her bicycle yes-terday evening and sustained serious inter-nal injuries. She is in a critical condition.

Railway Presidents, Managers and Their Lawyers To Confer.

WILL BE A QUIET CONFERENCE

Legal Advice Is Desired Before Coing Into the Court.

INNOCENT LINES ARE STOUTLY PROTESTING

They Hope To Be Spared the Sacrifice of a Rate War-The Association May Be Attacked.

Presidents and general managers of railroads and their attorneys will drift to-ward New York about next Monday. A quiet conference has been called for Au-gust 10th. The purpose of the conference is to formulate some policy in regard to eting the situation as it was opened up Some of the conservative mem bers of the executive board are bitterly sed to a rate war. They do not innd to let it come, if it can be averted. Already there is talk of a settlement. What the nature of it is no one will say. rumor may be a little previous. This York conference on next Monday is for the purpose of talking over the situa-tion and deciding on a policy. The assoclated lines do not want a war. Some of them do not want the court to interfere at this time with the threatened cut. They prefer to have the matter settled out of court, if that be possible. A railway offi-

cial talking yesterday said:
"Railroads are afraid to let the courts monkey with rates. If a judge can say that certain rates would be too low he might take a hand when some of the others of us would like to do a little cutting. It is always unwise to bring outsiders into a fight to settle it. But there is another question. Suppose an attack is made on the association when it is brought into court? There is no telling what wil be done to that organization. Possibly the drawn and settled as was cone at Macon

"Some say important questions are to be discussed at the coming meeting. It is understood to be a private sort of conference. The managers and their lawyers will there decide on what is best for them to do. The meeting will be held either at the Waldorf or at a building down about Pine or Wall and Broadway

The papers and the political speakers have taken up the subject of government by injunction, and are making capital of it. There is a rumor on the inside that some of the roads are willing for the Southern to make concessions, but that is like a fellow sacrificing a distant relation. How does the Southern feel about it? I can't say; but probably that any system is dis inclined to make concessions. The inno cent lines are the ones which are anxious to get a compromise, and the conservative men may bring pressure to bear on the Southern, asking it not to sacrifice them." There is an impression in railway circles that Judge Simonton will make the injunction against cut rates permanent. case is to be argued before him at Green-

ville, S. C., August 15th.

Just why it is that this impression exists cannot be stated. The chief ground on which the temporary restraining order was granted was that the 80 per cent, cur would demoralize rates and precipitate rates which would not be fair and just violating the interstate commerce Another provision threatened was the defeat of competition.

It is assumed that if the court dissolves he injunction the Seaboard will restore the 33 per cent cut, which is now in effect, but which is to come off August 8th. Then that would call for further action by the executive board of the Southern

States Freight Association. Whether it would again declare for an 80 per cent ut is a question.

President Samuel Spencer, of the South-

ern, is expected back in a day or two, perhaps tomorrow or on Thursday. He may decide on some new policy. When he went abroad he left instructions that no cablegrams or letters be forwarded to him. But when the rate war broke out a cable message was sent and he started back very soon. It is said that the parties behind this temporary injunction expect-ed that some settlement of the trouble would be reached before August 15th. That was time enough at least to allow President Spencer to reach New York and ake up the matter. Perhaps he can

bring about a solution. Traffic men are wondering if Judge Si-monton can enjoin the Seaboard from putting in a cut rate from Portsmouth to Atlanta. Portsmouth is in his circuit but Atlanta is without his jurisdiction. Freight from Portsmouth to Atlanta is interstate business and it would through Judge Simonton's circuit. But if he can restrain the Seaboard from cutting Portsmouth-Atlanta rate, it is said that he cannot prevent rates being cut between Baltimore and Portsmouth on the steamer line. The interstate comnierce law does not cover water traffle The through rate from Baltimore to Atlanta is \$1.07 per 100 pounds. The loca The local rate from Portsmouth to Atlanta on firstclass is 84 cents per 100 pounds. That makes the proportional part of the through rate rate 23 cents between Baltimore and Fortsmouth. If the Seaboard should cut its rate from Baltimore to Portsmouth down to 10 cents and add the local from Portsmout the combination would be 94 cents, or a cut of 13 cents in the through

fate from Baltimore to Atlanta.

It is doubtful if the court could draw an injunction which would enjoin that. even though Judge Simonton should make the injunction permanent, the situation the injunction permanent, t

Railway Notes. General Superintendent Patten, of the Baltimore and Ohio, has resigned. General Freight and Passenger Agent Eagar, of the Chattanooga Southern, has endered his resignation.

The Maine Central for August is out. Its business manager knows how to get adver-Editors Crawford and Farnesworth have issued the midsummer number of The Plant System Budget. It is chiefly devoted to descriptions of Nova Scotia resorts.

W. C. Nixon has been appointed gen-eral agent of the Santa Fe's freight de-partment at Chicago. The appointment is announced of R. B. Luther as commercial agent of the Baltimore and Ohio !:X Kansas City.

Colonel W. F. Snyder, formerly general western freight agent of the Big Four, has accepted service in the traffic department of the Baltimore and Ohio.

The report of Joint Immigrant Agent Pratt, of the Western Passenger Associa-tion, shows that during the first six months of the present year 12,432 immigrants were sent west via Chicago.

Mr. H. M. Emerson is appointed gen-et... freight and passenger agent of the Atlantic Coast Line, with headquarters at Wilmington, N. C.

Wilmington, N. C.

The board of managers of the Joint Traffic Association has disapproved the two recent recommendations of the Joint Passenger committee, which were the issuance of 5,000 interchangeable mileage tickets at 2 cents a mile. These tickets were virtually orders on ticket agents for tickets, and the lines in the Central Passenger committee were to have a separate form, while the trunk lines would have another. It was prepared to have them good on every line in each association.

When preparing for the vacation season do not neglect to take a bottle of Hood's Sarsapārilia with you. It will greatly assist nature to build you up. Truly, it "makes the weak strong."

HALF MILLION DOLLARS OFF. Bibb County's Digest Shows a Decided

Decrease for the Year. Macon, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—Tax Receiver Anderson has completed the returns of property for taxation in Bibb county for the year 1896 and has forwarded his digest today to Comptroller Wright at Atlanta. By extra hard work he has been able to compile the returns earlier this year than usual, and Bibb's digest will be the first of the larger counties

reach the office of the comptroller gen

The returns of Bibb county for 1896 are The returns of Bibb county for 1896 are over a half million dollars short of what they were last year. The aggregate value of all property this year is \$16,134,634. Last year it was \$16,668,919, a decrease of \$534,225. When a well-known real estate agent and general business man was told today the amount of the decrease in the tax returns as compared with last year, he exurns as compared with last year, he ex essed much satisfaction that the decrea pressed much satisfaction that the declara-was so small. He said, considering the general depreciation in values of all kinds and the depression in business that has prevailed not only in Bibb county, but broughout the entire country; he not have been surprised if there had been a decrease of 15 per cent instead of only

out 3 1-5 per cent. tax digest shows some interesting

The aggregate value of property returned whites is \$15,459,727; by blacks, \$674,957. The total number of polls in the county 10,286, divided as follows: White, 5,868; 10,286, divided as follows: White, 5,898; blored, 4,418. White majority, 1,450. The dai polls last year were 9,479, an increase us year of 807. The whites increased 777 and the colored increased 30. There are in the county 76 lawyers, 51 ectors, 12 dentists. Of these professional en there are three colored dentists. The aggregate value of land is \$3,173,259, 181 year the value was \$3,233.841, or a design of the same of the

n increase this year of \$18,500. lding and loan association stock, \$140, Last year, \$226,656, a decrease this year and onds this year, \$1,075,050.

ear, \$1,076,125. nt of money and debts of all kinds Amount of money and debts of all kinds, including notes, accounts, etc., \$592,990. Last year, \$657,618, a decrease of \$54,628. Merchandise of every kind, \$973,670. Last rear, \$1,079,380; decrease, \$105,660. Cotton manufactories, \$712,570. Last year, 805,255; increase, \$17,255. Pron works, foundries, etc., \$12,300. Value of household and kitchen furniture, pianos, organs, libraries, pictures, etc., \$562,225. Last year, \$576,833, a decrease of \$14,598.

of \$14,598.
Watches, silver plate and jewelry, \$07,865.
Watches, \$73,872, a decrease of \$6,697.
Horses, mules and other live stock, \$181,
04. Last year, \$199,459, a decrease of \$8, S55.
Plantation and machinery tools, \$54,462.
Last year, \$52,612.
Cotton, corn, etc., for sale April 1st, \$21.275. Last year, \$20,455.
Value of the property not before enumerated, \$75,822. Last year, \$76,469.
The aggregate value of whole of property returned by blacks is \$574,957. divided as follows: Value of land, \$399,169; value of city or town property, \$217,695. Amount of money and debts of all kinds, \$59; mer-money and debts of all kinds, \$50; mer-money and selections. kitchen furniture, \$28,620; norses, s, etc., \$22,045; plantation and mechantools, \$2,017; value of all other property before enumerated, \$3,550, e greatest decrease in any one value is of city property—\$208,162. The next decrease is \$105,660 in merchandise, e is a decrease of \$85,986 in building large association stocks; a decrease of

and loan association stocks; a decrease (\$60,582 in the value of land, and a decrease of \$54,628 in the amount of money, note etc. The foregoing are the largest decreases.

Canvassing Committee.

The committee of citizens appointed to canvass the city of Macon to raise \$7,500 help repair and improve the buildings of grounds of Wesleyan Female college did its first meeting today at the office Chairman Miller Gordon and mapped it a plan of work. The committee will seet again tomorrow morning and com-

She Must Answer.

Today the recorder bound an old negro woman, Sarah Williams, over to the city court on the charge of selling whisky on Sunday. City Detective Jenkins arrested her yesterday on the charge of running a blind tiger. It is said the police have suspected her for years, but not until now have they been able to get what they considered conclusive proof.

Newsy Notes.

Newsy Notes.

In the city court today Edmund Gordon was found guilty of wife beating and was sentenced to the chaingang for three nonths or pay a fine of \$25. Mansfield Knight was found guilty of assault and attery and sentenced to six months on the chaingang or to pay a fine of \$50. Reurn day in the city court for the September erm is August 19th. term is August 19th.

NO COPY OF RECORDS.

Decision in the Supreme Court in the Black-Tanner Case.

An interesting decision was handed down in the supreme court yesterday in the case of the Land Title Warranty and Safe Deposit Company vs. Henry G. Tanner, clerk of the superior court. The decision of the superior court was

affirmed and the ruling of Judge Lumpkin

Several weeks ago Mr. Will H. Black president of the Land Title Warranty and Safe Deposit Company, filed suit in the superior court asking that mandamus issue requiring Clerk Tanner to allow him to make copies of records in the office of clerk of the superior court.

The case was heard before Judge Lumpkin and the mandamus refused. Mr. was aided by Glenn & Rountree in the fight and the case was promptly carried to the supreme court, where the decision of the lower court was affirmed yesterday. The case has attracted considerable attention and raised many interesting points of

NINE MORTGAGES FOR RECORD. A. O. M. Gay & Son Secure Their Creditors from Loss.

A. O. M. Gay & Son have filed nine mortgages in the superior court for record, covering the stock of goods in thei Whitehall street store and amounting to

Rosser & Carter, \$500; A. M. Robinson, \$462.75; J. B. Robinson, \$468.55; Merchants' bank, \$300; J. H. & A. L. James, \$1,000; W. F. Gay, \$300; Mrs. Julia A. Gay, \$1,038.93. Bates-Farley Company, \$300; American Ho siery Company, \$86.75.

NO PROOFS OF DEATH RECEIVED. Papers in the Poore Insurance Case Have Not Been Filed.

death proofs which were expected yesterday by the insurance agents repre-senting the companies carrying risks on the life of Dr. John J. Poore, of Monroe, have not yet been received. It was announced by Colonel Felker, the attorney for the Poore estate in Monroe, that the will made by Dr. Poore would be probated yesterday in Walton county. If ich was done the insurance men of this city have not been informed The death proofs are cally expected, and may be that Colonel Felker will arrive his morning from Monroe with the ex-

GOODBY TO DR. STRICKLER. Farewell Reception to Him and His

pected papers.

Good Wife Today.
This evening from 6 to 9 o'clock there will be a parting reception given to Dr and Mrs. Strickler at the Central Presby-terian church. All of the congregation will be present, and it will be a most mem-orable occasion. Dr. Strickler is greatly loved by his former congregation and when he announced that he must work in other fields great sorrow was expressed, but he he announced that he must work in other fields great sorrow was expressed, but he insisted and they were forced to accept his resignation.

These Are the Elements of Next Thursday's Fight.

FIFRCE SCRAP IS NOW BREWING

Forecast of the Populist Convention of This Week.

"MIDDLE OF THE ROADERS" HERE, TOO They Will Fight Gambrell and Push Peek-Presidential Nominee May Come.

Populism and prohibition will be welded together Thursday. The combination will come after a long wrangle.

The platform committee, in keeping with the declaration of the national convention of populists, will report a prohibition plank. The fusion wing of the party will use this as a springboard to give Dr. J. B. Gambrell a flying leap into the populist pond.

To do this Colonel W. L. Peek will have to be shoved aside. When the attempt to get Colonel Peek off the gangway comes there will be a clashing of clans. And then will come the struggle;

"I am a prohibitionist," will be chanted by Colonel Peek with as much gusto as the fusion folks jolly up the cause of the former president of Mercer. Colonel Peek will claim the nomination because of his extended service to the party. This is a fore glimpse of the state of

affairs. Nationally, the convention will demand the withdrawal of Sewall. This will be an empty formality. Upon the heels of this will come a resolution recommending that the national executive committee be called together for the purpose of putting stead of this the convention will finally de-

a head to the national populist ticket. Incide to put out a separate electoral, Bryan and Watson ticket, in Georgia. A Preliminary Caucus. The forerunners of populism came into

Atlanta yesterday. During the day they gathered in conference several times and were mapping out plans for the convention. Charley McGregor, A. A. Murphey and J. L. Sibley were closeted together in unity during the morning. They were talking over the prohibition suggestion, and reached the verdict that it would be well to stir up a little prohibition into populism All were in favor of the suggestion, and when the bulk of delegates begin to arrive tomorrow they will be individually cornered off for a quiet chat with those who say they are going to "fix things." This trio floated about the principal streets during the afternoon wearing knowing looks. Now and then they would come across a brother, upon whom they would impress their determination. They

will urge Gambrell. Peek's Supporters on Deck.

Last night several delegates from the region dominated by Peek arrived. They had heard of the movement in favor of Gambrell and came prepared to fight it. They discussed roundly the proposed action of the convention and declared that they would desert the populist party altogether rather than see a man who has never fought for it placed at its head in Georgia. It was an outrage. What right had the populists to declare for a man who was a rank outsider, who had never voted for the party, who did not have at heart the interests of populism, who would be shoved into prominence simply because he was, in favor of prohibition? This ques

tion they were asking and many more. They represented a candidate who was in the true sense of the word a populist, who had nursed the alliance movement, who had seen its growth, who ha anchored onto populism early in the game. Why should he be pushed aside and a new man, a stranger to populistic principles,

put in his place? The supporters of Peek will make a very vigorous fight. -Watson Comes Today.

Hon. Thomas E. Watson will appear to day. On the noon train from Augusta he will get in and will be met by a committee of populists who will escort him to his

As chairman of the state executive committee Mr. Watson will call a session some time tomorrow and the plans for the con vention will be made.

Mr. Watson urges the withdrawal of Sewall. In his last paper he stated over his signature that unless this was done pulists would break away from Bryan and put out a ticket of their own. He will accept no compromise. He will go in for this idea to the end. There will be no half-way ground. Mr. Watson will be a home this afternoon to his friends.

Ratification Thursday Night. The Bryan-Watson ratification meeting will be held Thursday night. Judge Hines will preside. Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina, is expected. Several democratic speakers have been invited to ap-

Mr. Watson will begin his speech at o'clock. The meeting will be held at the

What They Think About It. Colonel Charley McGregor is firmly in

favor of the prohibition idea.
"Our party." he said, "will declare for prohibition. Some strong candidate will be put out on this line. Dr. Gambrell is a good man. I have heard everywhere the prohibition feature commended by all parties. This much you can count on: we will have a prohibition candidate for governo "As to national matters," he continued, "if Sewall does not withdraw I think the national committee will be called in sessio to put out a man for president. We will not support Bryan in case Sewall remains. This is my private opinion.' Mr. J. L. Sibley was of the same opinion with Mr. McGregor.

Murphey's Views.

Mr. A. A. Murphey, candidate for con-gress from the sixth district, was seen ast night. He was presented with the folowing questions "What will be the probable result of the

populist convention? "How could fusion be effected with demo crats in Georgia?" "What is your plan for national fusion?" "What have you to say of Senator Jones's riews regarding southern populists and their present attitude?" Mr. Murphey said:
"No one knows what will be the exact

outcome of the state convention. It will certainly nominate candidates for governor ind statehouse officers.
"Dr. J. B. Gambrell and Hon. Seaborn Wright will be strong candidates if the prohibitionists of the state agree to lend their aid to the election of either. The prohibitionists and populists are agreed upon the liquor question—both being in favor of an anti-barroom state law—some-thing on the dispensary order like the Barnesville plan, but not similar to the South Carolina dispensary. I see no reason

therefore, why the prohibitionists should not join forces with the populists. "I can see no way by which there can be fusion on state officers. The democrats have made their have made their nominations on the idea that they can carry the state, so there will be a straight fight in the state all along

"I favor a division of the thirteen elecrayor a division of the thirteen elec-tors, giving seven to the democrats and six to the populists, with Bryan and Watson at the head of the ticket. The populists of Georgia, in my opinion, will decline to support any other joint ticket. If the democrats will not divide, then I favor a straight populist electoral ticket with a straight populist electoral ticket with Bryan and Warson at its head.
"If Senator Jones is reported correctly in saying 'the southern delegates to the St. Louis convention were as a rule not a creditable class and these areas a rules of the second stable class and the second stable class are second s Louis convention were as a rule fitable class and that they were out for nothing but spoils, he has done a thing that he will regret. If Senator Jones is that he will regret. correctly reported he has stated what he knows is not true. The truth is, and Senator Jones knows it to be true, the western populists had already traded with the democrats before they reached St. Louis. I refer especially to the populists of Nebraska, Kansas and Colorado. The

'In conclusion let me add that the state convention will indorse the St. Louis plat-form and the national ticket. I believe it will appoint a committee to confer he democratic executive committee on organizing a joint electoral ticket."

outhern delegates declined to make any

BECAUSE SHE SANG "BABY."

Disintegration of Aragon Opera Company Traced to Its Source. Aragon Opera Company, which gave promise of being one of the best opera aggregations that have ever tqueeled through the south, is now a thing of the past and the different members of it left yesterday for New York to seek engage-

All the trouble was caused by jealous between Mr. Frank David, the popular comedian, and Mr. Broderick, the basso. It seems that each of these artists desired o sing the same role and neither would give way to the other

company was made a pernament affair the services of Frank David were engaged for the entire season, and on his arrival in Atlanta he was made tage manager of the company. The first trouble came up last Friday night at the Copperfield Club's benefit, at

which "Said Pasha" was produced. Miss Baker, who is Mrs. Broderick, sang "Baby," and was encored several times. Mr. David,-it seems, didn't like the song, and stated that he would place it on the retired list immediately after the company started out on the road.

When Mr. Broderick heard what Mr. David had said his ire rose at a very

rapid rate and he went to Manager Rosen-

thal to tell him under what conditions he would start out on the road with the He told him the different parts he would ake and in "The Bohemian Girl" he made known his intention to sing the part of Devilshoof. This is the part that was contested. He further stated that Mrs. Broderick was to have the best dressing room in the different theaters. When Mr. David was told of the terms made up his mind that as stage manager he would listen to no terms but would run things to suit himself. He told Mr. Broderick that he should

sing the parts that he, David, told him to and that Mrs. Broderick would the dressing room assigned to her. This did not suit Mr. Broderick at all and t is said hot words were passed between

Before the little trouble arose between them the two actors were the best of friends, but now they know each other not. Mutual friends and every member of the company tried to get the pair to agree upon some terms, but they were both obstinate and would listen to nothing but the terms they each put forward. After trying in vain to patch up quarrel Manager Rosenthal declared company disbanded and canceled all en-The little quarrel, coupled obstinacy of the two actors, with the obstinacy of the two actors, threw about thirty-five people out of employment and caused Manager Rosenthal to lose a considerable sum of money. The company of thirty-three people the city yesterday for New York.

PERMANENT RECEIVER NAMED. Bloodworth Shoe Company Conducted

by the Courts. Mr. W. D. Ellis, Jr., was yesterday made permanent receiver of the Bloodworth Shoe Company, The order was signed by Judge Lumpkin early yesterday morning in chambers, and the business of the Bloodworth Shoe Com-pany will be conducted subject to the order of the superior court.

A large number of interventions have been filed in the case, but the gentlemen comprising the company believe they will succeed in satisfactorily winding up their

NAT MARGRAVE'S ASSASSINS.

Two Leffews Given a Preliminary Trial and Released.

Chattanooga, Tenn., August 3.—(Special.) John Leffew and his son William, accused of the assassination of Charles Margrave, postmaster at Emory Gap, two weeks ago, had their preliminary examination before Justice of the Peace J. G. Roberts and Gideon Hill today.

Court was held in a grove near the vil-

lage, and as the evidence was all circumstantial and not at all direct, the accused were acquitted. Suspicion pointed strongly toward them as the murdered man killed William Leffew's brother last Christmas day and was under bond at the time of his death, and the Leffews had often threatened to take his life.

A MOTHER'S DUTY.

Your daughters are the most pre cious legacy possible in this life. The responsibility for them, and their future, is largely with you.

The mysterious change that develops the thoughtful woman from the thoughtless girl, should find you on the watch day and night. As you care for their physical well-



Compound" is the sure reliance in this hour of trial. Thousands have found it the never-failing power to correct all irregularities and start the woman on the sea of life with that physical health all should have.

Womb difficulties, displa the horrors cannot exist in company with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Agnes Scott Institute and Its Gratifying Record.

AN INSTITUTE OF

The Full Term Will Open Within a Few Weeks-A Few Points of General Interest.

The Agnes Scott institute began its career with a distinct and high ideal, namely, the development of the highest type of womanhood—this development to embrace the whole being and life of woman—physical, mental, social, moral. To realize this ideal, not to make money, has ever been its great aim. Seven years have passed, and during those years those at the head of the school have never for a single day lost sight of this ideal. It is now fair to ask, what measure of success has been achieved? The history of the institute gives the answer. The health and physical development of woman are confessedly of the greatest importance. This matter has received the most careful attention. Dr. Hunter P. Cooper, one of the leading physicians of the city of Atlanta, has been from the beginning the physician of the institute, and has kept a constant supervision over the sanitary The Agnes Scott institute began its ca physician of the institute, and has kept a constant supervision over the sanitary arrangements, the department of physical culture and over the health of all the inmates. And no pains or expense have been spared to carry out his instructions. As a result the health of the student body has been exceptionally fine and as a rule the young ladies of the institute have returned to their homes physically developed and invigorated.

Mental development and furnishing are an essential part of education. But the Mental development and furnishing are an essential part of education. But the success of a school in this respect will, of course, depend upon the character of the work done. While it is not claimed that everything has been done in the Agnes Scott that was desired or desirable, yet a gratifying measure of success has been attained. A high standard of scholarship has been maintained. It has been the earnest and constant endeavor of the faculty to do honest and thorough work. the earnest and constant endeavor of the faculty to do honest and thorough work. The result has been marked upon all thoughtful students. They have formed the habit of thorough and exact study, have acquired the best methods and have formed the taste for what is highest and best in literature.

The social life of a young ladies' boarding school has a very great influence upon the development of the woman. Appreciating this everything has been done to make the social life of the Agnes Sott in the best sense educational. The mem-

in the best sense educational. The members of the faculty live in the same build bers of the faculty live in the same building with the boarding pupuls and strive constantly to make the institute a model home, refined, cultured, bright, cheery, elevating. The result has been that the boarding pupils have found in the school a deligntful, stimulating and helpful social atmosphere, and a happy home. The estimation in which the young ladies hold the home life of the institute is shown by the tollowing extract from the last issue. the home life of the institute is shown by the tollowing extract from the last issue of The Mnemosynean, a periodical published by the Mnemosynean Literary Society of the institute: "We love our 'alma mater,' and some of us are parting with her forever. * * No matter where we are we shall love our mother college and feel her good infitence. We have known many happy hours within her walls! Not only have we known joy, but we have grown in mind, in heart, in spirit, and we ofter our grateful thanks for the wholesome and blessed influences which have surrounded us, and which will leave lasting impressions upon our minds." wholesome and blessed influences which have surrounded us, and which will leave lasting impressions upon our minds."

Every thinking person must acknowledge that character lies at the basis of all that is highest and noblest in man or woman; and, moreover, that the highest type of moral character is Christian character. Any system of education which leaves out of view the development of character is fatally defective. Realizing this, everything conducive to the formation and development of character the Agnes Scott has endeavored to supply. As a result the moral tone and Christian atmosphere of the school constitute one of its marked features and has impressed in the best and highest way all who have come within its walls. Nearly all the boarding pupils who have remained as long as one year have either become members of some branch of the church or in case of those already church members have received a great spiritual uplift.

The attendance has been a most gratifying indorsement of the character of the institution. The first session the enrollment was sixty-seven, three of whom were

The attendance has been a most gratifying indorsement of the character of the institution. The first session the enrollment was sixty-seven, three of whom were boarders, and all from Georgia. Last session the enrolment was 248, 107 of whom were boarders and from twelve states. Besides tarry applications to enter as boarding pupils were declined for lack of room.

For catalogue address the president, F. H. Gaines, D.D., Decatur, Ga.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Is Your Wife Fussy? If, so, she must have indigestion. Tyrer's Dyspepsia Remedy will cure her in a short time. For sale everywhere.

St. Clair Steam Coal. Best on the mar-ket. See us before placing your orders. Best always the cheapest. ATLANTA COAL AND LUMBER CO., No. 2 South Broad.

Hammocks and Croquet Sets. Hammocks for 50, 75, \$1, \$1.50 \$2 and \$3. Good 8-ball croquet sets for \$1.25 and \$1.50, to close out at

o close out at JOHN M. MILLER'S, Mariettastreet, Atlanta, Ga. july1-tf

New Methodist Church.

New Methodist Church.

Elko, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—The proposed building for a Methodist church at this place is under serious advisement and this week decides the question. A suitable lot has been secured and the purchase money has been paid. The ladies of the church have reretofore raised the sum of \$200. What with this and liberal subscriptions already promised there can be built a handsome edifice, a credit to the town and a lasting monument to the ladies aid.

Sheriff's Sales for September, 1896.

Will be soid before the courthouse foor, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in September next, within the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, state of Georgia, Fulton county, being a certain city lot whereon Susie Peek resided in January 26, 1894, sald lot fronting forty-eight (48) feet on South Humphries street, in said city, and running back one hundred and seventy (170) feet to Robins alley, adjoining Ben Thrasher on the south part of land tot No cighty-five (85), 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, being the Jame property which M. E. Mayes conveved to Dick Willingham on November 23, 1831, and which Dick Willingham on November 23, 1841, and which Dick Willingham conveyed to Mary Willingham February 20, 1882. Levied upon as the property of Mary Willingham to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of E. J. Apping versus Dick Willingham and the said Mary Willingham.

Also, at the same time and place, the ful lowing described property, to-wit: All that tract of land in the city of Atlanta, Fulton Sheriff's Sales for September, 1896.

Also, at the same time an) place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract of land in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, beginning on the south side of Greensferry avenue one hundred and ninety-nine (199) feet east from south-east corner of Greensferry avenue and Wilborn street and running thence east one hundred (190) feet, thence south one hundred (100) feet, thence west one hundred (100) feet, thence north one hundred (100) feet to starting point Levied upon as the property of J. M. Little to satisfy a fi. fa. Issued from the city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of the Interstate Building and Loan Association versus the said J. M. Little.

John T. Moody versus Mrs. J. A. Craig and the said James Craig.

Also, at the same time and place, the fellowing described property, to-wit: Un all the following lands, to-wit: Parts of lots 223, 224, 193, being one hundred and elenty (180) acres, more or less, of the east part of John Lee. Sr.'s land, beginning at a cross fence adjoining John Swell, on said fence across field to Newnan wagon road, down said road to hickory corner in bottom between ginhouse and dwelling, thence in a direct line to white oak bush on branch just above the spring, thence down said branch near corner of fence where an old road crosses said branch, thence along said road through a narrow lane and at far end of safd iane up a hollow or dry branch to a maple corner on old original line of lot 224, being same land conveyed by John Lee, Sr. to his sons, Samuel S. and John A. and Thomas M. and Elzey F. Lee, December 4, 1857, by deed recorded June 25, 1863, hook "C.," page 349, Fulton county records. Also one hundred and forty-seven and one-half (1474) acres off the south side of land lot one hundred and ninety-four (194), being all of said land lot except fifty-five (55) acres off the north side owned by Joseph Diggs, and except a strip of land seventy by one hundred and fifty-eight (6x188) yards on line between land lots 194 and 223 on road to Trimble's mill road, so d by by one hundred and fifty-eight (76x188) yards on line between land lots 194 and 223

by one hundred and fifty-eight (Gx/18) yards on line between land lots 194 and 223 on road to Trimble's mill road, so'd by Elzet F. Lee to Mount Olive Bardist clurch and comprising all the land in said lots embraced in the partition proceedings and plats, of record in minute book E, page 415 et. seq. in Fulton superior clerk's office, except fifty-five acres in lot 194 set apart to Thomas M. Lee's estate and the strip sold to Mount Olive Baptist church, containing three hundred and twenty-five and one-half (325½) acres, more or less, all lying in the 14th district of Fulton county. Eoth of the above two (2) tracts levied tyon as the property of Mary L. Walker to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of Cleora Wright versus the said Mary L. Walker.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract of land lying and being in land lot No. 109 of the 17th district of Fulton county, Georgia, and being part of lot No. 17, on the plat of lands of Peachtree Land Company made in April, 1891, by C. S. Roberts and recorded in the clerk's office of l'ulton county in deed book Z. 3 folio 7,1044 and be. and recorded in the clerk's office of l'ultor county, in deed book Z-3, folio 710½, and be county, in deed book Z-3, folio 710½, and being the southeast half of said ict II, fronting fifty (50) feet on the northeastern side of Peachtree road running back northeasterly same width two hundred and ninety-two (292) feet, more or less, on southeast side and two hundred and ninety-three (293) feet, more or less, on the northeast side. Levied upon as the property of W. L. Gilbert to satisfy a fl. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of O. R. Bourne versus the said W. L. Gilbert, as maker, and Home Bank of Atlanta, James R. Collins and W. H. Holcombe, indorsers, a deed having been filed and recorded in the clerk's office of the Fuiton superior court for the purpose of levy and sale as required by law.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in land lot 13, of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, fronting fifty-two (52) feet on the west side of Walnut street and running back west same width as front fifty-five (55) feet. Levied upon as the property of Sidney Reynolds to satisfy a fl. fa. issued from the J. P. court 1422d district, G. M., in favor of Henry Morton versus the said Sidney Reynolds. ing the southeast half of said let 11, front ing fifty (50) feet on the northeastern side

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: Being in the city of Atlanta, in land lot eighty-three (83), of the l4th-district, commencing on the east side of Vine street at a point one hundred and twenty (120) feet south of Rhodes street, running thence south sixty-one (61) feet along Vine street to a wire fence, thence easterly at right angles to Vine street one hundred (100) feet, thence northerly parallel with Vine street sixty-one (61) feet thence in a straight line the property of R. D. Woodall.

Also that tract in same city, land lot and listrict, commencing at a point on the west idde of Walnut street one hundred (100) feet south of Rhodes street, running thence ulong Walnut street in a southerly direction eighty-one (81) feet to a wire fence, hence westerly along said wire fence two purpled and two (200) feet, thence wently

Vine street eighty-one (81) feet, thence easterly parallel with Rhodes street two hundred and two (202) feet to beginning point on Walnut street. The two above tracts levied upon as the property of R. D. Woodall to satisfy a fl. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of Mary A. Halsey versus the said R. D.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract of land lying and being in the county of Fulton and state of Georgia, being a part of land lot No. 23, in the 14th page 854% of Fulton county records, situated as follows, viz: beginning at a point Samuel W. Goode, a deed having been had and recorded in the clerk's office of the Fulton superior court for the purpose of levy and sale as required by law.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property. to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, state of Georgia, and being a portion of land lot fifty (50), of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county. Georgia, beginning at the southeast corner of West Peachtree street and North avenue and running thence south along the east side of West Peachtree street one hundred (100 feet to the north line of lot No. 3, thence east one hundred and twenty-nine (129 feet, more or less, to Paul Romare's lot, thense north along Romare's west line one hundred (100) feet to North avenue, thence west along the south side of North avenue one hundred and thirty (130) feet, more of less, to West Peachtree street, the point of beginning, the same being a portion of the property deeded to John T. Hall, Jr., hy Andrew J. Miller, by deed dated March 20, 1891, and recorded May 20, 1892, in book 1-4, page 17, Fulton county records. Levied upon as the property of George Winship. M. L. Bates, Isaac S. Boyd, individuals, and Moses Wood, as administrator of the estate of J. F. Walker, deceased, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of Bates-Farley Company versus the said George Winship. M. L. Bates, Isaac S. Boyd, individuals, and Moses Wood, as administrator as aforesald. Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: One lot of land in the city of Atlanta, being part of land lot No. 19, of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting on the east side of Randolph street 50 feet and extending back, east, same width 150 feet, bind the even Edgewood avenue and Wheel street and known as No. 25 Randolph street Levied upon as the property of D. J. O'Callaghan to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the J. P. court 1234th district G. M. in fa on the south side of Home avenue fifty (50) feet west from Gress avenue 27d running thence west along the south side of Home avenue fifty (50) feet, thence south one hundred and thirty-seven and one-half (137%) feet. thence ast fifty (50) feet, thence north one hundred and thirty-seven and one-half (137%) feet to the beginning point. Levied upon as the property of J. R. Collins to satisfy a fl. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of Bank of the State of Georgia versus the said J. R. Collins and H. L. Woodward, as indorser.

Bank of the State of Georgia versus the said J. R. Collins and H. L. Woodward, as indorser.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: One certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, in the fourth ward of said city, being a part of land lot No. 46, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, said lot having a front of forty-eight (48) feet on Hilliard street at the northeast corner of Hilliard street at the northeast corner of Hilliard and Lyons streets and running back ninety (90) feet, more or less, being improved property in said city and Joins the property of Dayton. Levied upon as the property of W. P. Sloan to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the J. P. court 1328th district, G. M., in favor of J. M. Moore versus Oliver Orr and the said W. P. Sloan, security, he being tenant in possession. Levy made by J. A. Parker, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: On one certain lot in the city of Atlanta, in the fifth ward of said city, being part of land lot No. 81, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting fifty-four (44) feet on the east side of Tumlin street and running back one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet, more or less, and being known and designated as No. 33 Tumlin street, being improved property and Joins property of Wiseberg and Jones. Levied upon as the property of W. T. Whiting to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the J. P. court 192th district, G. M., in favor of John M. Green versus the said W. T. Whiting. Levy made by J. A. Parker, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: Begin-Fulton county. Georgia, fronting on the east side of Randolph street 50 feet and extending back, east, same width 150 feet, byth between Edgewood avenue and Whest street and known as No. 25 Randolph street. Levied upon as the property of D. J. O'Callaghan to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the J. P. court, 1234th district, G. M.. in favor of H. M. Keid and by him transferred to W. M. Jones versus the said D. J. O'Callaghan. Levy made by J. R. Davis, L. C. Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A tract of land in the city of Atlanta, part of land to 55, of the 14th district of Fulton county. Georgia, commencing at a point on west side of Reed street forty-three (10) feet south of Crumley street and extending south on Reed street eighty-six (80) feet and extending back same width as front one hundred (100) feet, being lots 18 and 19 of the Rawson block. Levied upon as the property of Annie McNair to satisfy wo (2 fi. fas. issued from the J. P. court, 124th district, G. M., in favor of John T. Mood for use of William M. Jones versus the said Annie McNair. Levies made by N. S. Culpepper, L. C.
Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land in land lot No. 10 of the 14th district of originally Henry, nor Fulton county, Georgia, commencing on the northwest side of the old turnpike road feet easterly from the Schecker and Turn.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: Begin-ning forty (40) feet from the southeast corner of Fraser street and running thence corner of Fraser street and running thence east along Hunter street one hundred and sixty (160) feet to Mynatts and running back to Fraser street along lines of Mynatt on east and O'Neil on west. Levied upon as the property of James F. O'Neil to satisfy two (2) fl. fas. issued from the J. P. court 1026th district, G. M.; one in favor of James W. Hughes and one in favor of Kennessaw Marble Company versus the said James F. O'Neil, Levied made by M. F. Barnes, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place the fol-

James F. O'Neil. Levied made by M. F. Barnes, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain tract or parcel of land in Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, situated on East Hunter street, commencing seventy (ii) feet from Gullatt street and running west ten (10) feet and extending back same width sixty (60) feet; also upon a certain tract or parcel of land in said city, county and state, situated on South Pryor street, commencing one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet from Vasser street and running north fifty (50) feet and extending back east same width one hundred and seventy-five (175) feet to a ten (10) foot alley. Levied upon as the property of J. C. Bridger to satisfy a ft. fa. issued from the J. P. court 1382d district, G. M., in favor of W. L. Fain versus the said J. C. Bridger. Levy made by R. T. Harper, L. C., and pointed out by defendant. Also, at the same time and place, the fol-

from Atlanta to Decatur at a feet easterly from the southeast land formerly belonging to Sparks ning thence in a northeasterly along said turnpike road 50 feet northwesterly 174 feet, more or le south 69 feet, thence southeasterly more or less, to beginning poin upon as the property of the de Miss M. L. Brown and Miss All to satisfy a fl. fa. issued from the

as the property of C. J. Simmons to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city cours of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of Mrs. Eller Cannon versus the said C. J. Simmons.

J. J. BARNES, Sheriff.

from Atlanta to Decatur at a

tract of land in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, beginning on the south side of Greensferry avenue one hundred and nimety-nine (199) feet east from south-east corner of Greensferry avenue and Wilborn street and running thence east one hundred (100) feet, thence south one hundred (100) feet, thence west one hundred (100) feet, thence west one hundred (100) feet, thence west one hundred (100) feet to starting point. Levied upon as the property of J. M. Little to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of the Interstate Building and Loan Association versus the said J. M. Little.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: That tract of land on the corner of Pryor street and Trinity avenue, in the city of Atlanta, fronting 100 feet on Pryor street and running back equal width 210 feet on Trinity avenue. Levied upon as the property of James Craig to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of clutted upon as the property of James Craig to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of clutted upon as the property of James Craig to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of clutted upon as the property of James Craig to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of clutted upon as the property of James Craig to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of clutted upon as the property of James Craig to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of clutted upon as the property of James Craig to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of clutted upon as the property of James Craig to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of clutted upon as the property of James Craig to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta, Ga., in favor of clutted upon as the property of James Craig to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta

court for the purpose of le Also, at the same time lowing described proper tract of land lying and Ga., in favor of sus the said I. B

outheast corner of said lan running south along said along the east line of said being the dividing line bety DeKalb counties, seven hur

and being in the county of Ful Jeorgia, and a part of land l 4th district, and part of land

ligion, but yesterda terest in the subj that he had been with the minister willing and ready It seems that he of life, and believe tainly come on the Governor Atkins weeks' respite quest of Mr. Austin, Hanye's at men called on the g ing and asked for that the time allo and that he ought pare to meet dea he would take the tion, and he aftery

Governor Atkinson

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His Fate

The Governor "Atlanta, Ga., Sheriff of Fulto thur Hanye wa perior court of crime of murtherefor to be of August, ins Whereas, a me to suspend tence, in order may make prej You are, the postpone the to postpone tence of dea Hanye until August, 1896, any legal order will proceed w the sentence, t ment of the co fail not. W. Y.

By the Govern Not a Reop The governor respite simply meet his fate have been right-be carried out r week from the t respite is in no ly made up and

Governor Atkin a deep study and case which has h's term has he b ords in the case every standpoin was murder and having declined mercy the order

His Visit Mr. W. H. Hany terday morning ! with him for who has been s bles, called and o er for a short tim aunt, but she wa seek peace for talk with Hanye about religious m In the afterno Mr. Ward spent so oner. They prayed him religiously, 7 pressed the belief and he said that to thank the go

> knows the gove matter and that any one. Hanye will sper in preparing him make a speech on ers against evil. ment coolly and

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nary John P. Da John D. Moore, ed assistant po Vandiver. Mr. 2 will have as his he accepts, Paul The registration

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1s unwilling The stock of d gist's sundries Lowrey Bros. w It brought \$2,000 Charles D. Wood to the purchase \$1,000 borrowed ten, \$800. There the entire indebte For SI

Take Horsford Dr. Patrick Boot
"Have seen it act
especially of old of
A refreshing drink
cases of fevers."

GIVES HIM TIME TO PREPARE

Hanye Says That He Is Ready To Meet His Fate at Any Time.

THANKFUL FOR THE RESPITE GRANTED

He Professes Religion and Says That He Will Be Saved-How He Spent the Day Yesterday.

Arthur Hanye has been respited for two weeks. The governor granted him that lease of life so that he might prepare to

The respite was granted yesterday morning. The governor postponed the hanging of the slayer of Will Spinks until Friday, August 21st. On that day the sentence of the court will be executed, and Hanye will receive the punishment in store for him for his crime.

The condemned man gladly received the news that he had been given two more weeks of life, but in his religious enthusiasm later in the day, he stated that he was ready to die Friday next. He professed spiritual belief and declared that he had been saved. He spent the greater part of the day yesterday with relatives and ministerial friends and in reading the Bible.

Hanye has never before professed religion, but yesterday he exhibited deep interest in the subject, and said that he felt that he had been forgiven. He prayed with the ministers and said that he was willing and ready to die for his crime. It seems that he has given up all hope of life, and believes that his end will certainly come on the gallows soon.

Governor Atkinson granted the two weeks' respite at the carnest request of Mr. W. E. Hanye, an uncle of the condemned man, and Mr. James W. Austin, Hanye's attorney. The two gentlemen called on the governor yesterday morning and asked for a respite on the ground that the time allowed Hanye was too short, and that he ought to be given time to prepare to meet death. The governor said he would take the matter under consideration, and he afterwards issued the following

The Governor's Order of Respite.

The Governor's Order of Respite.

"Atlanta, Ga., August 3, 1896—To the Sheriff of Fulton County: Whereas, Arthur Hanye was convicted in the superior court of Fulton county of the crime of murder, and was sentenced therefor to be executed on the 7th day of August, instant; and,

Whereas, a request has been made to me to suspend the execution of said sentence, in order that the condemned man may make preparation to die;

tence, in order that the condemned man may make preparation to die;
You are, therefore, hereby directed to postpone the execution of said sentence of death upon the said Arthur Hanye until Friday, the 21st day of August, 1896, when, in the absence of any legal order otherwise directing, you will proceed within the hours named in the sentence, to execute the final judgment of the court in said case. Herein fail not. W. Y. ATKINSON, Governor.

By the Governor. T. E. CALLOWAY, Private Secretary.

Not a Reopening of the Case. The governor stated that he granted a respite simply that Hanye might prepare to meet his fate and that it would not have been right to allow the sentence to be carried out next Friday-less than a week from the time Hanve heard that his fate had been sealed and that he must | are visiting relatives at Palmetto. d'e on the gallows. The granting of the respite is in no sense a reopening of the case and there seems to be no hope for Hanye. The governor's mind is thoroughly made up and he will not interfere in

Governor Atkinson gave the Hanye case a deep study and it is probable that in no case which has been before him during his term has he been more careful in reaching a conclusion. He read all of the records in the case and investigated it from every standpoint, weighing each point carefully. He is convinced that the crime was murder and the officers of the court having declined to recommend Hanye to mercy the order denying the application for commutation was issued.

office of the e purpose of law.

time and place, the foloperty, to-wit: All that land lving and being in county of Fulton, state-eing a portion of land l4th district of original-on county, Georgia, betheast corner of West and North avenue and the along the east side street one hundred (100) ne of lot No. 3, thence of the side of North avenue, thence he side of North avenue, thence he side of North avenue irry (130) feet, under the side of North avenue irry (130) feet, more or hiree street, the point ame being a portion of 1 to John T. Hall, Jr., by deed dated March d May 20, 1892, in book county records. Levied ty of George Winship, c. S. Boyd, individuals, is administrator of the cer, deceased, to satisfy a the city court of Atof Bates-Farley Com-George Winship, M. L. byd, individuals, and anistrator as aforesaid. time and place, the foloperty, to-wit: One lot of Atianta, being part of the 14th district of gia, fronting on the east reet 50 feet and extending ewidth 150 feet, lying, a avenue and Wheat. No. 25 Randolph street. Property of D. J. O'Calby J. R. Davis, L. C. time and place, the foloperty, to-wit: A tract by of Atlanta, part of 14th district of Fulton ameneing at a point on street forty-three (45) by Street and extending eighty-six (86) feet and the width as front one being lots 18 and 19 of Levied upon as the Nature of John T. Moody Longer yersus the said

es made by N. S. Culime and place, the foliperty, to-wit: All that
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superior court of said
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Jones versus the salas made by N. S. Cul-

'His Visitors Yesterday.

Mr. W. H. Hanye and Mr. Charles Mangum were the first visitors at the jail yesterday morning to see Hanye. They talked with him for some time. Later Miss Esther Cook, the aunt of the condemned man who has been so true to him in his troubles, called and conversed with the prison-er for a short time. Hanye exhibited a desire to talk about general matters with his aunt, but she warned him that he should seek peace for the future, declining to talk with Hanye except to advise him

about religious matters.
In the afternoon Rev. Mr. Ell's and Rev.
Mr. Ward spent some time with the prisoner. They prayed with him and advised him religiously, To Mr. Ward Hanye ex-pressed the belief that he would be saved and he said that he was ready to die Fri day if necessary. He said that he wanted to thank the governor for the two weeks respite and also for his kindness in examining into the case. Hanye says that he knows the governor acted fairly in the matter and that he has no ill will against

Hanve will spend the balance of his timin preparing himself for the end. He will make a speech on the gallows warning others against evil. He is taking his confine ment coolly and has not exhibited the least uneasiness.

COLLECTOR BLACK'S SUCCESSOR. Ex-Mayor Moore Has Been Offered

the Unexpired Term. Rome, Ga., August 3.-(Special.)-Ordinary John P. Davis today offered the appointment of tax collector to ex-Mayor John D. Moore, who was recently appointed assistant postmaster by Postmaster Vandiver. Mr. Moore, it is understood,

Vandiver. Mr. Moore, it is understood, will have as his assistant in the office, if he accepts, Paul Black, son of the late John J. Black. The bond of the tax collector is \$50,000.

The registration books close September 1st and the present month will be a busy one with the tax collector.

The appointee, however, is not to be a candidate for election next fall, as there are so many candidates that Judge Davis is unwilling to give any one an advantage.

Sold at Auction.

Sold at Auction. Sold at Auction.

The stock of drugs, medicines and druggist's sundries belonging to the firm of Lowrey Bros, was sold at auction today. It brought \$2,000, and was purchased by Charles D. Wood, who held a mortgage for \$2,600 borrowed money, the other parties to the purchase being J. M. Lowry, \$1,000 borrowed money, and Pope Wootten, \$800. There are other claims, bringing the entire indebtedness up to about \$6,000.

For Sleeplessness

Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. Patrick Booth, Oxford, N. C., says "Have seen it act admirably in insomnia especially of old people and convalescents A refreshing drink in hot weather and in cases of fevers."

We pay interest on time deposits. lanta Trust and Banking Company, aug2-1m-sun-tues-fri

SMALL TALK OF SOCIETY.

The large number of society people re na'ning quietly at home this summer neans a very gay winter. I think," said a pretty society girl enjoying the luxury of a hammock, a wrapper and a book in a a hammock, a wrapper and a book in a shaded balcony at home. "You see, by staying at home in simple muslins and shirt waists we can 'save up' for pretty winter gowns, and try to keep up in fashon with our Atlanta sisters fortunate enough to be able to select their gowns and winter finery in Europe. All these Paris gowns will naturally bring about occa-sions upon which to show them off, and am resting up for the gayest time this

Those in Europe have the advantage of naking their purchases there, but now the modes and fashions followed out there are sent to us at the same time, and as soon as the modiste of Paris changes the width of a skirt, just so soon our skirts change

A friend writing me from Europe says: 'At once train your hair to pompadour, no stiffly over one of those old-time 'hair rats,' but curl it softly and comb it back in the effect of a soft pompadour. The back ef fect is soft, too, and rather a tendency to be flat. Little curls on the temple are not out of order, but the 'Napoleon cur n the middle of the forehead is as passe

as the Psyche knot.
"In the evening I notice a tendency to wear flowers in the hair on informal oc casions, but at formal full-dress affairs, the white aigret gives the finish, as a rule, to the prettiest cofffures."

A Frenchman thinks one of the greatest honors his lady love can pay him is to present him, at the end of an evening, with the aigret or flower she has worn in her hair. "The aigret is as necessary to the exquisite completeness and coquetry of a woman's toilet as is the dew drop to the beauty of the violet," said a clever gentleman of France, receiving from the hands of a pretty woman the ornament she had worn in her hair at the Comus ball in New Orleans.

But to return to my friend writing m from Paris, she says: "The sleeves will positively not be tight, except from the wrist to the elbow, where they all wrinkle, and then are almost as full as formerly from there to the shoulder. They probably are not so large because they are more trimmed, ruffles of lace and tulle, caught with artificial flowers; silk lilies of the valley, very much favored, are seen in the finish of evening sleeves. Square-cut bodices are the most stylish at present, while artificial flowers in soft, dainty bunches and garlands are to be very much worn." As for hosiery, she tells me they are exquisite, and those of black silk have the old-fashioned colored silk checks brightening them. Silver, gold and red heels adorn the latest evening slippers; those of black satin generally having heels of silver or red. while white and delicate evening shades

have heels of gold. Describing a toilet worn by a pretty American girl, she says: "The gown of white muslin de soie over white taffet: silk, had threads of gold in the muslin of the corsage draperies. In her gold-colored hair she wore a white aigret, and as she adjusted her skirts that her maid might remove her dainty slippers of white satin with heels of gold, I noticed her white silk hose had most exquisite tracery o gold thread on the instep."

Miss Dee Murphy has issued cards to ar afternoon card party to be given Thursday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Henry Tanner, 766 Peachtree street. The occasion is a compliment to Mrs. Charles Allen Healey.

Judge and Mrs. William R. Hammond re expected home Wednesday. It will be a source of great pleasure to Mrs. Ham-mond's friends to know that her health is so much better she can be moved home.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Spalding leave to-

day for the north. The friends of Master Henry Harris will be glad to learn he is recovering from his

Misses Will'e Kate and Jesse Reid, the charming daughters of Judge H. M. Reid, Miss Annie Lee Stocks, daughter of Mr.

W. H. Stocks, left the city last evening for Laurens, S. C., where she will be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Emma Mosley. Miss Maggie Lowe, of Mapleton, Ga., is visiting her relative, Mrs. M. A. Lowe. Dr. George T. Brown has returned home

T. B. NEAL WILL BOLT.

Atlanta Banker Has Accepted Place on Gold National Committee.

Chicago, August 3 .- Four national com mitteemen were added to the list today of "sound money" democrats who will attend the Indianapolis meeting. W. B. Haldemann, of the national executive committee, sent word for Georgia that T. B. Neal, president of the Neal Loan and Banking Company, would represent that state. Lynde Harrison, a delegate to the late convention, telegraphed that David A. Wells, of Norwich, the original free trader; Charles G. Root, of Waterbury, and Joel Sperry, of New Haven, would represent Connecticut at Indianapolis. Ohio's national

committeeman is ex-Congressman J. H. Outhwaite. Texas will be represented by George Clark, M. L. Crawford and J. H. Smith. The committee received a letter from William J. Jenney, chairman of the Young Men's Democratic club of Boston. stating that the club, which already had a membership of twelve hundred, had re-pudiated the Chicago platform and candi-

dates, and was engaged in active cam-paign work for the proposed ticket. J. M. Falkner, of Montgomery, Ala., who will represent that state at Indianapolis, wrote to say that a "sound money" club would be organized in Birmingham this week, and that conference of the "sound money" men from different parts of Ala-bama would be held Tuesday next. G. H. Baskett, publisher of The Nash-

ille Banner, wrote:
"The sound mone; democrats of Nashville will organize August 4 and send a representative to the Indianapolis conference. In Knoxville, Chattaneoga and other portions of Tennessee there will be similar canizati

try by a syndicate headed by Mark Hanna. Chicago Dispatch: Joshua Levering has formally accepted the prohibitionist presi-John C. Bullitt, the Pennsylvania "sound money" organizer and national commiteeman, wrote that a meeting of represent dential nomination. Now he may go or ative men from each county in the state would be held for the purpose of perfectgrinding coffee till the obsequies next No ember. ing organization. Memphis Commercial-Appeal: Every democratic vote cast for a third ticket is a vote to bring back McKinleyism, yet the

NEGRO KILLED WITH BUCKSHOT and Is Killed by Him.

Jacksonville, Fla., August 3.-A special of The Times-Union from Hartshorn, Fla., says that a shooting affray occurred there th's morning between John Fields, white, and George Adams, colored. According to Fields's statement, the difficulty began beween W. F. Gaines and himself. George Adams came between them and said there was a better way to settle the difficulty, as Fields had apologized for what she had said. Fields started away when Gaines made an attempt to draw his pistol, at which Fields raised his gun. There was a short conference between Gaines and the negro, who was in Gaines's employ. While this was going on Fields had sat down on a stump.

The negro suddenly fired, using Gaines's forty-four caliber Smith & Wesson pistol. The ball passed through Fields's body. He fell, scrambled to his knees and fired both barrels of buck/hot into the negro's bedy killing him almost instantly. Fields is not expected to live. difficulty, as Fields had apologized for

COULDN'T ANSWER

would be paid until a conference was held the committee having in charge the mat-

FARMERS MAY HOLD THEIR COTTON

Commissioner Nesbitt Advises Them to Do This So as to Foil

the Plans of the Cotton Tie Trust.

The farmers are in arms as a result of the increase in the price of cotton ties,

which amounts to 100 per cent. In the aggregate, this added price will take

thousands of dollars out of the pockets of the cotton raisers. The farmers are

looking for effective measures to prevent being squeezed by the trust that

has been formed. The following address, issued by Commissioner of Agriculture

To the Farmers of Georgia and of the South-A few years ago we were con-

fronted by a gigantic monopoly, the bagging trust, which endeavored to force

from farmers thousands of dollars, which 'n their depressed condition they could

ill afford to lose. By united effort among the farmers this evil was averted and

the huge octopus which had fastened itself on the agricultural industry was de-

stroyed. Today we are confronted by a similar trouble. The manufacturers of

cotton ties have formed another grand combination and without any reason, ex-

cept to gratify an unlawful greed, have entered into an agreement to advance the

price of their goods 100 per cent. If the price of iron had advanced there might be

some reason for this action, but iron was never cheaper, and the same must be

south to contribute millions of dollars to swell the profits of a powerful combina-

their provisions, there are few debts to be met until later; therefore, no pressing

necessity to force their cotton on the market. I would advise that they hold

meetings in every section of the south and denounce this effort to defraud them of their earnings. At the same time, let them advise together as to the best meth-

od of meeting this new enemy. In the meantime, the department which I repre-

sent will make every effort to investigate such substitutes for cotton ties as will

with Receiver Brown and the creditors of ter of raising the money, stated that

Commissioner Georgia Department of Agriculture.

suggestions to make.

R. T. NESBITT.

to raise the required amount. He had no

on the parties who had made them.

clause of the resolution it was stated that

ment of this was to be \$4,000, due on September 1st. Two notes of \$3,000 were to be

given bearing interest at 7 per cent, due at

different times. If either of the notes is not paid the company forfeits the \$4,300. The committees were not well pleased

with the resolutions passed by the bond-

holders and did not think they gave the amusement company enough rights. Sev-eral talks were made by different mem-

pers of the committees and all expressed

vait on Mr. Parrott and confer with him n the subject.

This committee consisted of Messrs. E.

t found neessary

The fact is simply that an effort is being made to force the farmers of the

The farmers are in good condition fust now to fight this trust. They have

R. T. Nesbitt, on yesterday, suggests a remedy:

meet the requirements of durability and safety.

The point involved is that the governor

did not care to hear a proposition to settle the fine imposed for mistreatment of the

onvicts until some understanding is reach-

ed about the regular obligation of the company for the lease of the convicts. The fine was imposed as a result of the high

court investigation three or four months ago, the governor directing that the com-

5th, the last day allowed for its payment, the company notifying the governor that

t had no money with which to pay the

Mr. Julius Brown, secured an order from

Judge Lumpkin, authorizing him to pay the fine and yesterday the attorneys agreed to do so. But Governor Atkinson wouldn't

have it that way. He wants to know when

to the state before the matter of fine is dis-

Company No. 1 is known as the Dade

Coal Company and it is working about

225 convicts at camps in Dade and other north Georgia camps. The company desires to continue to work the men and the pay-

ment of the fine would permit the compa-

ny to do so. The present status of the matter is that the governor can either ac-

cept the offer of the company to pay the

fine or he can order the lease canceled and the convicts removed from the camps

worked by the Dade company. Just what

known. The matter will come up again next Monday, at which time some argree-

New Camp in Berrien County.

The governor issued an order yesterday

allowing penitentiary companies 2 and 3 m establish a new convict camp in Berrien

ounty. The camp will be located at the

16 mile post of the Georgia Southern and

lorida railroad and the convicts located

there will work at a lumber mill. The

principal physician of the penitentiary exmined the locality as to healthfulness and

e reported favorably on the establishment

FOLITICAL PARAGRAPHS.

Nashville American: Tammany has de

cided to give loyal and effective support to Bryan and Sewall, the nominees of the

emocratic party, and says to democrats

all over the union that the regular nomi-nees must be supported. Republicanism, McKinievism, trusts, combines and favor-

itism must be fought and the people's pro

test be heeded. Evansville Courier: McKinley's election

would mean the government of the coun

extma votes for Bryan.

found.

Young Cole Suicides at the Home of

Young Cole one of the oldest citizens of Gwinnett county, hung himself today near the home of his son. J. B. Cole. No cause

can be assigned for the suicide. The old

man was hanging dead from a tree where

The King of Pills is Beecham's-BEECH.

His Son. Lawrenceville, Ga., August 3 .- (Special.)-

ment may be reached.

of the camp.

teps will be taken in the case is not

sail of coal and labor.

tion of manufacturers.

the company.

Georgia farmers may inaugurate an effective fight on the cotton tie trust.

Attorneys for the Dade Coal Company Questioned by Governor Atkinson. the Necessary Funds.

THAT \$750 FINE NOT PAID YET

The Governor Wants To Know When the Company Will Pay Convict Lease Hire.

Mr. Burton Smith and Captain W. D. Ellis, representing the Georgia Penitentiasry Company No. 1, called on Governor Atkinson yesterday afternoon and submitted a proposition on behalf of the company pay the fine recently imposed by the The conference was adjourned before an

dred dollars due for penalties imposed for the escape of convicts. is possible that more light can be thrown on the matter. The matter of the company's

A MEETING HELD YESTERDAY Company Is Moving Along Toward

Permanent Organization and Will

Begin Operations Soon.

The Atlanta Amusement Company has raised the amount of money required, and the perfection of its permanent organization will be begun in a short while. Those interested in the company held a meeting yesterday morning in the council chamber. It was a meeting of committees

and almost every member of the different agreement was reached. The governor committees was present. Great interest is asked the attorneys what the convict taken in the enterprise for the reason company proposed to do about paying the state several thousand dollars it now owes it for back convict hire and several hunings and gives Atlanta one of the prettiest parks to be found in the south. Captain Robert J. Lowry, as chairman of the committee, called the meeting to order and explained that the object of the the escape of convicts.

The legal gentlemen stated that they were unable to inform the governor what disposition would be made of the matter and it was agreed that the conference and it was agreed that the conference when it sions were granted them. One of the conditions was the raising of \$20,000, and when on the matter. The matter of the company's obligation to the state is pending in the courts and the attorneys told the govern courts and the attorneys told the govern-or that they could no say when the money

Mr. E. C. Peters, who was chairman Mr. E. C. Peters, who was chairman of

The Atlanta Amusement Company Raises | Many Recruits Will Be Sent to the County Chaingang.

> CRIMINAL COURT'S BUSY DAY Judge Berry Tried Twenty Misde

The wheels of the city criminal court revolved rapidly yesterday and cases were disposed of during the day by

meanor Cases Yesterday-Eight-

een Convictions Resulted.

Judge Berry.
At 8 o'clock yesterday morning the courtroom was filled with witnesses, nearly all of whom were colored. They packed the seats reserved for the spectators and swarmed into the jury box and climbed leading to the courtroom were crowded with negroes and the sidewalk had the appearance of an election day at the polls.

At 2 o'clock, the hour of adjournment, just twenty cases had been tried, and convictions secured in all except two. The work of the court progressed rapidly, and the jury had but little difficulty in returning verdicts.

When the court

When the court convened, the calendar showed forty-six new cases to begin with, and before the court had been in progress very long, sixteen additional cases were

placed on the docket.

Nearly all the prisoners tried yesterday were negroes and the crimes for which hey had been arrested were chiefly netty es, larceny from the house being th sual charge. One or two were convicted of carrying concealed weapons and one negro was found guilty of stealing money rom a friend, while the two men walked along the street together. -Three cases of tabbing were heard and all resulted in con-There were from five to fifty witnesses

in most of the cases and the testimony was at times exceedingly ludicrous. Several Years in Sentences.

The sentences which were imposed yesterday, added together, would make several years, and the fines, if all imposed were to be paid, would add several thou-sand dollars to the treasury of the county. Because Jim Harris stole a pair of shoes from the house of J. Bokutzry, valued at \$1.50, he was given six months in the chaingang and asked to pay as an alternative fine of \$50.

Cook was charged with larceny rom the house, and the evidence showed he had stolen a lot of soap from J.J. & J.E Maddox. The negro said he had no soap at home, and needed it, so he decided to steal it rather than go without his bath. He was given six months or \$50.

Two boxes of raisins worth a small sum

caused A. G. Leary a six months' senwith the \$50 alternative included. A. Stockton, a traveling plumber was given the regulation sentence and fine or an alleged theft of material from the house of W. A. Fuller.

Judge Moore and George Hutchins were

ompelled to pay \$50 for a few boxes of roceries taken from D. H. Browder's store r serve seven months each in the county gang. Andrew Jordan, who took \$30 from the pocket of his friend, J. A. Johnson, was given seven months, and Perry Jones, charged with stealing clothing from Emma Bell, was sentenced to nine months or

Retribution Came Swiftly. A few nights ago George Brown was arrested by the police for the larceny of a cheap pair of shoes from W. J. Rivers. Yesterday he was convicted of the charge and given six months in the chaingang. James Williams and Will Jackson were ried for stealing some clothing and gro-ceries, and a verdict of guilty was returned

When it was found that the required amount of money had not been raised, a committee consisting of Messrs. Peters, Woodruff, Hightower, Cosgrove, Hurt and Lowry was appointed to raise the amount needed. The committee retired for about treasury the amount of \$750 as a penalty for the mismanagement of the convicts in its charge. The fine was not paid on July 15th, the last due to last a last of the last due to last of the last due

> The minutes of the meeting of the bond-holders of the exposition company were then read and commented on. In one cleared of all cases coming under the juris diction of the city criminal court before the week is out. Bond cases will then the buildings were sold to the Atlanta Amusement Company for the purpose of preserving them. The buildings were to be sold for the sum of \$10,000. The first paybe taken up and disposed of.

NEW ORLEANS DOES COLUMBUS. Georgia Boys Go Down Before the

Louisiana Players. Louisiana Players.

Columbus, Ga., August 3.—Pedrose did some of the prettiest fielding ever witnessed here, but lost the game for Columbus this afternoon by a wild throw to third. It was in the eighth inning when the score stood 4 to 2 in favor of the home team. Two men were on bases and Smith hit to left. Pedrose threw the ball too high, allowing the men on bases to come in and Smith to reach third.

Knox then brought Smith in on a sacrifice, Petty was very affective and had he been given the proper support would have won the game. Peltz was sick and Cushman and Carl umpired. Attendance fine.

themselves as of the opinion that if they bought the buildings and paid for them they could do with them what they pleased. It was decided to appoint a committee to won the game. Peltz was sick and Cush-man and Carl umpired. Attendance fine. Score: Score by innings:

C. Peters, J. R. Wiley, H. E. W. Palmer, E. Woodruff and Fulton Colville. The com-nittee was given full power to act and New Orleans Summary: Earned runs—New Orleans 3. Columbus 2; two base hits—Powell, Grim; three base hits—Phelan, Huston, Pedrose; stolen bases—Houseman; double play—Hess, Hall and McFadden, Bowman unassisted; bases on balls—Off Huston 6; struck out—By Huston 6, by Petty 2; wild pitches—Petty 1. Time, 2.00. will also consider the question of making the first payment on the buildings and of permanent organization. It were given power to expend as much money as it found necessary.

Mr. Joel Hurt stated that he had not visited the exposition park for several months up to a few days ago, and on nis last visit found that the grounds were in very bad need of repairs. He stared that the roads were in very bad condition and that the day was in had shape. To

MOBILE BEATS MONTGOMERY. Two Alabama Teams Play a Great and that the dam was in bad shape. To Game of Ball.

Montgomery, Ala., August 3.-Montgom ery and Mobile gave a fine exhibiti ball playing this afternoon, two of the three runs being earned. Montgomery played an up hill game all the way through. The visitors were givthe way through. The visitors were given the benefit of every close decision by the umpire, who unquestionably helped Sparks to several of the six strike outs with which he is credited. Mobile had the better of the batting, but their hits were so scattered that they could only score in two innings, although they had men on third several times during the game. Score:

Score byingings:

Score byinnings: Montgomery Mobile Summary—Earned runs, Montgomery I, Mobile 1; stolen bases, Vandyke 3; double plays, Peeples to Pabst; Kehoe to Peeples; Sparks to Paynter to Oliver. Bases on balls off Sparks 2; hit by pitcher, by Sheehan 1; struck out by Sheehan 2, by Sparks 6. Time, one hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire Jevne.

Washington, August 3.—The Washingtons scored their sixth shutout of the season today. Aside from Hemming's pitching, the fielding of Brodle was the feature. Attendance 2,700. Score:

Boston, Mass., August 3.—Boston made it three straights today in another pitchers' game. Both Stivetts and Gumbert got great support. Attendance 1,200. Score:

Attenuance 1,200. Score:
R. H. E.
hia 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 • —4 10 2
hia 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2 0—3 6 0 Batteries-Stivetts and Ganzel; Gumbert and Clements.
New York 10, Brooklyn 6. Brooklyn, N. Y., August 2.—Terriffic batting by the reorganized New Yorks proved the cause of Brooklyn's downfall at Eastern park today. Beckley and Joyce did the

bulk of the hitting, ably assisted by Tiernan. Attendance 3,000. Score:

Pittsburg 11, Louisville 10. Louisville, Ky., August 3.—Louisville knocked Hawley and Hughey out of the box today, but Frazier's wildness gave the game to Pittsburg. Donovan was put out of the game for kicking. Attendance 1,000. Scree:

High Springs 6, Thomasville 3. Thomasville, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—
In a ten-inning game of baseball today between High Springs and Thomasville, the former won by a score of 6 to 2. At the start of the ninth inning it was 2 to 2. This was the prettiest game of ball ever played in Thomasville.

Baseball at Brisbine Park. The Augusta base ball club, champions of the South Georgia league, composed of members of the Young Men's Christian Association and Catholic Library Associa-tion, will meet Al Marshall's semi-profes-

Brighton Beach Race Track, August 3.— The card presented today was far from brilliant and consequently the attendance was rather small. The surprise of the day brilliant and consequently the attendance was rather small. The surprise of the day came in the second race when Belle Dyeck, a 4 to 1 chance, passed under the wire a winner by a short head from Minnie Alphonse, who had held the lead until within a few lengths of the line. Belle Dyeck carried considerable money and the bookies were hit pretty hard.

First race, one mile—Cromwell, 110, J. Hill, 7 to 10, won; Long Beach, second; Eclipse; third. Time, 1:42.

Second race, half a mile—Belle Dyeck, 105, Doggett, 4 to 1, won; Minnie Alphonse, second; Confession, third. Time, :59.

Third race, seven furlongs—Crimea, 89, Hewitt, 3 to 1, won; Kennebunk, second; Royal Princess, third. Time, 1:30.

Fourth race, one mile and a furlong—Ben Eder, 107, Sims, 11 to 20, won; Dutch Skater, second; Mirage, third. Time, 1:544, Flifth race, six furlongs—Tragedian, 103, Clayton, 13 to 10, won: Slow Poke, second; Meadow Thorpe, third. Time, 1:1844.

Today's Entries at Brighton.

Today's Entries at Brighton.

Today's Entries at Brighton.

First race, five-eighths of a mile—Dalgaretta, Nockgarren, Rama, McIntyre, 109; Maple Prince, 105; Marcian, Right Royal, 102; Karitia, Inheritance, 100.

Second race, five-eighths of a mile—Tempestuous, 105; Sir Frederic, Taranto, 103; Successful, 102; Sui Sun, Brighton, Florian, 100; Russler, Squire Gillem, Wyalusing, 98; Conspirator, Second Chance, Travant, 96.

Third race, one mile and a sixteenth—Ajax, 112; Pearl Song, Sir Francis, 108; Kennel, 107; The Dargon, 103; Defender, 103; Premier, 96; Chugnut, 91.

Fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, Wave Crest stakes—Formal, 119; Irish Reel, Beldemere, 107; Glenmoyne, 106; Tinge, 104; Sherlock, Silver II, 100; Zanone, 39; Premier, 95; Refugee, 92.

Fifth race, five-eighths of a mile, Distaff stakes—Cleephus, Winged Foot, 120; Sui Sun, 115; Lady Louise, Lady Mitchell, 110; Miss Prim, 103; Minnie Alphonse, 103.

Sixth race, one mile, handicap—Gotham, 122; Lehman, 116; The Winner, 109; Pre-20: Miss Prim, 103; Minnie Alphonse, 103.
Sixth race, one mile, handicap—Gotham, 122; Lehman, 116; The Winner, 109; Premier, 107; Captain T, 104.
Seventh race, five-eighths of a mile—Declare, Brandywine, Galillee, 112; Mengrove, 109; Constitution, Lustre, 107; Tom Cromwell, Venita II, 105; Herzsy, 100.

Entries at Detroit. First race, one mile-Countess Irma, 96; Cotton King, 98; Joe Clark, 101; Charlie Weber, 106; Booze, 108; All Over, Preston, 109; Egbart, 114.

Segbart, 114.
Second race, three-quarters of a mile—If, 89; imp. Thornbrush, imp. Zeal, 33; Al-varado, 95; Uncas, 97; Marchaway, 98; Gomar, 100; Pinchback, 101; Toots, 102; Wegadah, Mrs. Morgan, Miss Rowett. 104; Jennie June, 106; Bowling Green, 107.
Third race, five eighths of a mile—Bernardillo, 97; Zaviada, 105; imp. Roseberry, 100; Readena, Katie W. 105; Stackelberg, Indio, 108; Laddy Gallanak, 110; Harry Gwynn, Lord Zeni, Suttor, 113; Storm King, 118. tried for stealing some clothing and groceries, and a verdict of guilty was returned within a few minutes after their cases were called.

Israel Tart was convicted of stealing a brush and comb from Mrs. L. H. Cox. The articles were valued at 50 cents, but Israel will work seven months for his crime. Kate Russell will serve the county five months for stealing a pillow and a pair of sheets from J. W. Austin.

Ten other prisoners were convicted of minor offenses and the entire number will be sent to the stockade today unless their fines are paid.

Judge Berry will hold court for the remainder of the week and the jail will be cleared of all cases coming under the jurisdiction of the edity avairable.

Gwynn, Lord Zeni, Suttor, 113; Storm King, 118.

Fourth race, mile and one-half, International derby—Argentina, 102; Ramiro, by Gano, Damien, Ramiro, by Gano, Damien

Lorillard's Horse Won.

London, August 3.—The Walton selling plate was won by Mr. Pierre Lorillard's King of Bohemia II. Cloon was second and Otterwin third. The last bet was 6 to 4 against King of Bohemia II, even money against Cloon and 1 to 1 against Otterwin. King of Bohemia II, is a bay colt by Emperor out of Austriana. He is a three year old.

There was but one starter in the race for the mile plate, Mr. Pierre Lorillard's Diakka, who had a walk over. Diakka is a three-year-old bay colt by the Sailor Prince out of Rispah.

Drace Won at Hurst Park. Lorillard's Horse Won.

Draco Won at Hurst Park.

Draco Won at Hurst Park.

London, August 3.—The bank holiday race meeting took place at Hurst Park today. The principal event on the programme was the race for the Priory two-year-old plate, which was won by Mr. Pierre Lorillard's Draco, Mr. Solvin's Foston was second and Mrs. Sadlei-Jackson's The Dunlin third. The last betting was 9 to 4 on Draco, 14 to 1 against Foston and 8 to 1 against Foston Fast Track at St. Louis. St. Louis, August 3.—Favorites won the hird and fourth races today. Second hoices took the fifth and sixth and outdiers won the first and second. Track ast. Attendance 2,500.

fast. Attendance 2,500.
First race, five furlongs—Lady Britannic, 105, N. Turner, 8 to 1, won; Silver Set, second; Horseshoe Tobacco, third. Time, Second race, one mile-Al Orth, 91, Slaugh-Second race, one mile—Al Orth, 91, Slaughter. 7 to 1, won; Immilda B, second; Forseen, third. Time, 1:42%.

Third race, six furlongs—Nicholas, 94, C. Slaughter, 8 to 5, won; Devault, second; Moloch, third. Time, 1:14%.

Fourth race, seven furlongs—Bing Binger, 95, C. Slaughter, 3 to 2, won; Linda, second: May Thompson, third. Time, 1:28.

Fifth race, five furlongs—Tago, 98, Garner, 5 to 1, won; Ivory, second; Mattie Belle, third. Time, 1:03.

Sixth race, one mile—St. Pancras, 106, Penn, 10 to 1, won; Outaway, second; Loyal Princess, third. Time, 1:33.

Stansbury Will Row Gaudaur.

Stansbury Will Row Gaudaur. Toronto, Ontario, August 3.—A cable dispatch has been received here from the editor of The London Sportsman announcing that Oarsman Stansbury had covered Gaudaur's deposit, thereby binding his acceptance of the latter's challenge to row in the Thames in September for the world's championship.

WHEEL RACES IN NASHVILLE. Bob Walthour, an Atlanta Boy, Runs,

but Fails To Win. Nashville, Tenn., August 3.-Three days national circuit meet opened here tonight and a good card, consisting of eighteen races, was pulled off. All except four

races, was pulled off. All except four were for novices and amateurs. The attraction of the programme was the one-mile professional heat event. There were three heats and the first in each with the second in the fastest heat of the three were qualified for the final.

There were 3,000 people present.
First Heat—Woodward, of Nashville, won: Owen Kimble. of Louisville, second: Robert Walthour, of Atlanta, third. Time, 2:312-5. won: Owen Kimble, of Louisville, second:
Robert Walthour, of Atlanta, third. Time,
::312-5.
Second Heat—Con Baker, of Columbus,
O. won: Ben Stowers, of Attalla, Ala.,
second; William Pearson, of Nashville,
third. Time, 2:32-5.
Third Heat—Jay Eaton, of Elizabeth, N.
J. won: Raines, of Nashville, second;
Charles S. Wells, of San Francisco, third.
Time, 2:312-6.
Final—Eaton won. Baker second. Wood-

ANOTHER HOT WEEK

All Indications Point to a Continuance of the Hot Spell.

NO SIGN OF RELIEF IN SIGHT Lakewood Badly Damaged by Yester-

day's Windstorm. FENCES BLOWN DOWN AND TREES UPROOTED

Forecaster Marbury Explains the Situation and Compiles Interesting Weather Statistics.

The areas of barometric pressure throughout the country remain in practically the same position that they occupied during the extremely hot weather of the past ten days. Inasmuch as these pressures have a governing influence on the weather it is altogether probable that as long as they continue as they were yesterday excessive hot weather will prevail in the so Yesterday the mercury ranged above the on mark and the day was marked by coniderable discomfort. Good showers during the afternoon gave temporary relief, but when they had passed they left the atnosphere almost as hot as before they

able magnitude, blowing down several trees, a large fence near the chutes and city, but in Atlanta proper no harm was done, though the winds for a time were very high.

The official report sent out yesterday by

the weather bureau sums up the situation as follows: ositions of the areas of high and low barometric pressure. The low in the north-west has moved to the east and is central this morning in South Dakota, while the highest pressure is still over the southern states, though decreasing somewhat in energy. While slight falls in temperature have occurred over most of the southern half of the country, there is still little or no prospect of any immediate change to reeptibly cooler weather. This cannot cur so long as the low barometer remains

low and on the coast of Texas with rain at St. Paul and Galveston. Elsewhere clear or partly cloudy weather is the rule.' An Interesting Table . Forecaster Marbury yesterday compiled a able showing the temperature and rain conditions which prevailed in Atlanta dur-

in the north and northwest. Cloudy weath-

er prevails in the immediate vicinity of the

ing the month of July. It is as follows: Max. Min. Mean

New Orleans .. Spartanburg. . .

Local Report for Yesterday. Forecast for Tuesday.

Forecast for Tuesday.
Washington, August 3.—For North Carolina—Generally fair, but probably local showers on the coast; variable winds.
South Carolina and Georgia—Generally fair but conditions favorable for thunder storms in northern portions; southerly to westerly winds.
Eastern and Western Florida—Generally fair; southwesterly winds.
Alabama—Fair; southerly winds.
Mississippi and Louisiana—Partly cloudy weather; conditions favorable for local thunder storms; southerly winds,
Eastern Texas—Generally fair; southerly winds.

winds.
Arkansas—Fair, preceded by thunder storms in southern portions; winds shifting to southerly.
Tennessee—Generally fair; southerly

VENERABLE MINISTER DEAD.

Rev. W. L. Kilpatrick, President of Mercer Board of Trustees, Dies. Augusta, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—Dr. W. L. Kilpatrick, of Hephzibah, one of the best known and most venerable of the Baptist ministers of Georgia, died this evening at his home in Hephzibah. He was born in Burke county in 1829. He graduated from Mercer university in 1850 with first honor, and was ordained in 1852. with first honor, and was ordaned in 1882. He began at once as a country pastor within the Hephzibah Association and had continued in this field ever since. The enurches with which he has chiefly labored were honeful, Buckhead, Rock Creek, Waynesboro, Sandersville, Davisboro, Ways and Hephzibah.

For twenty-three years successively hemanged the colporteur under mission

managed the colporteur under managed the colporteur under mission work of his association.

In 1861, chiefly through his instrumentality, the Hephzibah High school wasestablished as the property of the association, and in this school, around which the village of Hephzibah has sprung, he taught with eminent success from 1866 to 1876. During the year 1868 he organized the Walker Association of colored churchse whose members prior to emancipation

es, whose members prior to emancipation had belonged to the Hephzibah Associa-In April, 1878, he succeeded in sec

the organization of the Georgia Baptist
Historical Society, of which he was the
efficient collesponding secretary. Dr.
Kipatrick was married twice. The first
time to Miss Sarah E. Shick, of Savannan, and the second time to Miss Emma J.
Hudson, of his own village.

will, for he will thus make thousands of GWINNETT MAN HANGS HIMSELF

and that the dam was 'n bad shape. To make the repairs, he stated, it would cost about \$1,000 and asked that the committee be instructed to put hands to work repairing the grounds at once. Mr. Walker suggested that the county commissioners be asked to put the chaingang at work on the grounds for a few days. When the grounds had been made into a park, he said, it would be a public place of resort and for this reason he thought that the county should do the repairing that is heeded now. He said that some of the county commissioners had expressed their willingness to let the chaingang work on the grounds and he thought that a committee should be appointed to wait on them and ask that the chaingang be put to work at once. Mr. Walker was instructed to make the request. The company then adjourned to meet again next Monday morning at 11:30 o'clock in the council chamber. Blakely's Wool Crop. Blakely, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—Eight bales of wool have been received up to date in Elakely. Some has been sold at the ruling low prices, but the most of it is be-ing held awaiting the expected change in gold democrat gives as his reason for so voting his adherence to the cause of "sound and will in a few days write a public

letter, in which he will repudiate the nomi-nation of Bryan because of the free coin-age platform. It is to be hoped that he

Surely not within the memory of any-

one now living. Her majorities in recent

years have ranged from 30,000 to 80,000,

and the faith with which she has fol-

lowed her chosen leaders in the past was

never more pronounced than it is to-

day under the standard of Bryan and

bimetallism. If Georgia is doubtful, as

the Philadelphia paper claims, it is only

in one sense, and that is whether or

not she will surrender the principles of

true democracy between now and the

One could hardly expect a paper which

places Georgia'in the doubtful column

to concede anything whatever to the

amusing generosity, however, seven

states are conceded. These are Arkan-

sas, Colorado, Mississippi, Nevada, South

Carolina, Texas and Utah, with fifty-one

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

A military medal which was sold in

London a few days ago brought the enormous price of \$2,750. Its value is due

partially to its age, but chiefly to its

no less than a cross of gold worn by an

English officer in the oelebrated peninsula campaign during the Napoleonic wars, It

was presented to Sir William Howe de

Nicholas Premier, a farmer residing near

Dubuque, Ia., narrated the most remark

able snake story which has yet made its appearance in print. He says a monster

appearance in print. He says a monster snake appeared in his pasture and killed

two of his cows by winding itself around

them. He saw one of his cows in the folds of the snake, but was afraid to in-

terfere and ran away. Returning later

he found the cow dead and a large hole

in her flank. The same thing was re-peated next day. A party was organized

to hunt the monster, but when they came

he saw it swallowing a calf. Premier

lescribes the snake as about twenty-five

eet long and two feet in circumference n the middle. The folds of the snake left

supposed the reptile has escaped from some menagerie. Premier is well known,

and he is believed, incredible as the story

"The existence of the vatican at Rome,

says Marion Crawford, "is largely due to Nicholas V, the builder-pope, whose gi-gantic scheme would startle a modern

of St. Peter as a starting point and then

to construct one vast central habitat for

castle of St. Angelo to the cathedral. In

ancient times a portico, or covered way supported on columns, led from the

bridge to the church, and it was probably

from this real structure that Nicholas be-gan his imaginary one, only a small part of which was ever completed. That small

ortion alone comprises the basilica and

the vatican palace, which together form by far the greatest continuous mass of

uildings in the world. The coliseum is

195 yards long by 156 broad, including the thickness of the walls. St. Peter's church

alone is 205 yards long and 156 broad, so

that the whole coliseum would easily

stand upon the ground plan of the church, while the vatican palace is more than half

as large again. Nicholas V died in 1455,

and the oldest parts of the present vatican palace are not older than his reign. They

are generally known as the Torre Borgia,

rom having been inhabited by Alexande

VI, who died of poison in the third of the

ing from the library side. The windows of these rooms look upon the large square court of the Belvedere, and that part of the palace is not visible from without.

Portions of the substructure of the earlied building were no doubt utilized by Nicho

las, and the secret gallery which connects

Hadrian is generally attributed to Popular John XXIII, who died in 1417; but on the

whole it may be said that the vatical

palace is originally a building of the period of the renaissance, to which all suc

THE ATLANTIC CITY DISASTER.

Philadelphia Inquirer: In these days of intelligence and enlightenment the grade crossing is an abomination. There is no excuse for it. Why should two railroads, rushing their trains at lightning speed, consent to grade crossings when they could be so readily obviated? A full stop might prevent accident, but if it is so necessary to save two or three minutes why should these surface crossings have been allowed to exist?

Philadelphia Times: Railroads must be operated by human instruments, and as long as men are fallible, errors will be made. Nothing of this kind happens through deliberate purpose, and punishment therefore could have no effect, even if any punishment could be devised more terrible than the consciousness of such responsibility.

Baltimore Herald: The risks of two lines of railroad crossing each other at grade are so well known, and can be so well avoided, that no excuse will serve to relieve the roads of blame. The force at the signal tower was either insufficient or incompetent. In both cases, the severest censure must fall upon the management. The disaster will serve to hasten the time when crossings at grade will be abolished as too fruitful of accidents to be tolerated whenever they can be avoided.

Philadelphia Press: Atlantic City travel

whenever they can be avoided.

Philadelphia Press: Atlantic City travel has grown too heavy to make a grade crossing like this anything but highly dangerous. Extreme and unusual precautions should have been taken to prevent the possibility of collision at this danger point, but even the ordinary precaution of slowing up trains on their approaching the crossing does not appear to have been deemed necessary. We have no doubt that this awful catestrophe will bring

out this awful catastrophe will bring bout an immediate reform, but the re orm should not fall short of abolishing

Thought you'd crow some all yourself, Did you not?
'Stead of that it's crow you'll sat—
Eat it hot!

Cold crow's mighty hard to down— Segms a lot! Waiting makes it tougher yet— Eat it hot!

e grade crossing altogether.

From The Cedartown Standard.

If you have some crow to eat,
Eat it hot!

'Twill go down far better thus—
Hit the spot!

cessive popes have made additions."

the

mausoleum o

the artican with

sponsibility

oms now occupied by the library, count

papal admirastration, covering the le of what is called Borgo, from the

deep creases in the animals killed.

appears.

democrats in this campaign.

day of judgment.

electoral votes.

inspire doubt.

duced majorities.

nemorable associations.

FUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY, WEEKLY.

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-DAILY AND SUNDAY-

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12 PAGES

ATLANTA, GA., August 4, 1896.

The Record Produced.

There are a great many statesmen today of both parties who are shedding crocodile tears over the financial condition of the country and clamoring for the gold standard as the one hope now open for us.

These men claim that it would be the height of dishonor for the United States to attempt to meet its obligations in any other way than with gold coin. Foremost and prominent among these ardent patriots must be mentioned the name of William McKinley, who is now running for the presidency of the United States as the nominee of the republican party.

While the republicans are thus engaged in preaching the campaign of the socalled honest dollar, they are being aided and abetted by a certain class of democrats who feel that they know better what is for the good of the country than do the great masses of the people themselves. So earnest are they apparently, and so honest would they have us to believe them, that they are now working up sentiment for a new convention in which the gold brand of democrat will be presented to the country to tinkle by the side of his republican brother.

Much as we would like to believe in the honesty of these men of both parties, there are in existence records which make it difficult to do so. These records recall the fact that many of the leaders now clamoring for a dollar of gold were once the ardent advocates of paying the obligations of the United States in coin. the government to exercise the option as to which metal should be paid to them, and silver being expressly mentioned by name.

It was in the year 1877, while Mr. Hayes was president of the United States, that Hon. Stanley Matthews, then one of the senators from Ohio, and who afterwards became one of the supreme court justices of the United States, introduced into and had passed by the senate a preamble and resolution which states the whole contention between the silver and the gold forces now, and its terms will bear repetition here:

Whereas, By the act entitled "An act whereas, by the act entitled "An act to strengthen the public credit," approved March 18, 1869, it was provided and declared that the faith of the United States was thereby solemnly pledged to the payment in coin or its equivalent of all the interest of the payment in coin or its equivalent of all the interest of the payment in coin or its equivalent of all the interest of the payment in coin or its equivalent of all the interest of the payment of the lent of all the interest-bearing obligaof the United States, except in cases where the law authorizing the is-sue of such obligations had expressly provided that the same might be paid in lawful money or other currency than gold or silver; and

reas, All the bonds of the United States authorized to be issued by the act entitled "An act to authorize the refunding of the national debt," approved July 14, 1870, by the terms of said act were declared to be redeemable in coin of the then present standard value, bearinterest payable semi-annually in

Whereas, All bonds of the United States authorized to be issued under the act entitled "An act to provide for the re sumption of specie payment," approved January 14, 1875, are required to be of the description of the bonds of the United States described in the said act of con gress, approved July 14, 1870, entitled "An act to authorize the refunding of the national debt;" and

Whereas, At the date of the passage of said act of congress last aforesaid, to-wit, the 14th of July 1870, the coin of the United States of standard value of that date included silver dollars of the weight of 4121/2 grains each, as declared by the act approved January 18, 1837, entitled "An act supplementary the act entitled 'An act establishing mint and regulating the coins of th United States,' " to be a legal tender of payment according to the'r nominal val-ue for any sums whatever; therefore

Resolved by the senate (the house o representatives concurring therein), That all bonds of the United States issued or authorized to be issued under the said acts of congress hereinbefore cited are payable principal and interest at the option of the grown the option of the government of the United States in silver dollars of the coinage of the United States containing 412% grains each of standard silver; and that to restore to its coinage such silver colns as a legal tender in payment of said bonds, principal and interest, is not in violation of the public faith or in derogation of the rights of the public

The above declaration and resolution, introduced and pushed to enactment by man who had so little of the anarchist in him that he was afterwards selected as proper material for membership in the highest court of the United States, proves that the gold conspiracy had not then reached the magnitude which it has since maintained. In the vote upon these resolutions, both sena-

tors from Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa voted for the silver dollar, as well as one senator each from Michigan and Minnesota. A few days later the same resolution was called up in the house of represen tatives, where it was passed by a vote of 189 yeas, 79 nays and 24 not voting To state some of the names which were recorded on the affirmative side in favor of the silver side, there was Mr. Blount

of Georgia; Mr. Bragg, of Wisconsin Mr. Cabell, of Illinois; Mr. Carlisle, of Kentucky, since secretary of the treasnry; Mr. Foster, of Ohio, who as secreary of the treasury sold out this option to the creditors of the government; Mr. Herbert, of Alabama, whose gold-rimmed patriotism now prevents him from voting the national democratic ticket; Mr. Keifer, of Ohio, afterwards speaker of the house; Mr. William McKinley, of Ohio, at present the republican candidate for president: Mr. Springer, of Illinois, who has retired from congress on a judgeship; Mr. Henry G. Turner, of Georgia, and others who have since strutted their brief season upon the stage as the advocates of an enhanced

dollar with which to pay our debts. It is recalled that when this measure came up in the house of representatives it stood for nearly two months the fire of debate, the administration of President Hayes being just as strongly opposed to it as President Cleveland has been opposed to legislation on the same line. But the budding statesmen of that time, the mature men of now, such as Charles Foster, of Ohio, and John G. Carlisle, who were considered old enough and discreet enough to be sent to congress, voted and spoke for the measure, although they have since cringed fawningly at the feet of the money power.

Nor is this the entire record of that

eventful congress. The house of representatives, led by Mr. Bland, passed a bill to restore silver to the position which it occupied prior to 1873. It was a measure for the free and unlimited coinage of silver with all the conditions just as much against it as they are today, yet John G. Carlisle voted for this measure, Foster, of Ohio, voted for it, the tender-hearted Mr. Herbert, of Alabama, voted for it and-even that name must be spoken-the Napoleonic shade of William McKinley stands recorded in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 by this government on its own responsibility and without awaiting the beck or call of any other government whatever. It was this same bill which, passing the United States senate, was manipulated by the republican members of the upper house to be a bill, not for the free and unlimited coinage of silver, but to be a scheme by which silver mine owners might enter into a scramble to see which could sell their product

cheapest to the government. The value of this record is to show that up until the year 1880 these old and discreet men, these men who had for the government, these men who had access to all the information which the government possessed upon which to base their opinions, were in favor of the full, free and unlimited coinage of silver. In a few years, at the bidding of the gold gamblers of New York and London, these men have changed front. We have seen Charles Foster, as secre tary of the treasury, surrendering to creditors the option which the government claimed and asserted for itself. We have seen Mr. Carlisle advanced from the house to the senate, and during the very session which inducted Mr Cleveland into office, voting for the free and unlimited coinage of silver. We now see Mr. William McKinley, who was at that time so hold for the cause of the people, now heading the conspiracy by which every dollar of debt which the government owes is to be paid in an enhanced money, two for one. Is it any wonder that the people of the country those who have not time to devote to politics, but who trust to the honor and ntegrity of their representatives, should ose faith in the men who have led them? f men of maturity, appealing to the people for the commission to represent them. then taking position based upon mature hinking, throw it all over within a night at the bidding of the money power, who is to blame the people for accusing them of betraying a trust?

The answer to this is that the people, acting in their sovereign capacity, have brown these false leaders overboard; ism, they are now fighting their own battle; fighting it, it is true, against skillful and tactful opponents, but fight-November's sun shall see their enemies go down in defeat, and that it shall rise again upon a republic redeemed from plundering hordes and restored to its mmon weal.

Pennsylvania May Be Carried.

Employed in the various coal mines of Pernsylvania there are no less than hundred thousand laboring men.

As a rule, these miners have always upported the republican nominee for resident, and in order to carry that state for McKinley this year, the support of the mining districts is heavily counted on by the republican committee.

At this stage of the campaign, howver, it looks as if the committee is doomed to experience a severe disappointment. If the miners do not vote as a unit for Bryan and Sewall this fall, they will at least divide in such a way as to give the republicans but a small part of what they claim. Mr. W. J. Brennan, a leading coal

as this excites is one of intense and irre-

perator of West Virginia, recently returned from quite an extensive tour through the Pennsylvania coal beds. In passing through Washington he was interviewed by one of the daily papers of hat city.

Referring to the political sentiment which he encountered in the Keystone State, Mr. Brennan said:

Free silver has won converts by the thousands in all that section. I talked with a great many of the men who work in the mines, for, having formerly been a considerable employer of labor in the coal belt. I knew scores of them personally. They nearly all told me that they were going to vote for Bryan. For years the mine workers have experienced the hardest sort of luck, and with an average employment of not over 100 days in the year, they have scarcely been able to make a living for their families, and farmers are al most as bad off, for a large per cent of them have seen their homes slip out of their possession through the depreciation of farming lands and agricultural products. Knowing Pennsylvania as I do, I have no hesitation in saying that, with the proper effort and organization, and by the thorough canvass of the state on the part of men who can explain the silver side of the controver-sy, it is debatable ground, and the republicans would be put to their best trumps to carry it for McKinley. The idea that because it is usually heavily republican it is sure to go that way next November is as fallacious as the other notion that Senator Quay is all-powerful and can control the voters as he

Though noted for its mineral deposits. chiefly those of coal and iron. Pennsylvania is no less celebrated for its agricultural resources. With a vigorous campaign of education, there is no reaon why the Pennsylvania farmers should not join hands with the miners of that state in supporting the democratic ticket.

What is good for the farmers of Georgia and Nebraska is likewise good for the farmers of Pennsylvania. Already in many parts of the east the farmers have grown restless under the single gold standard and are anxious for a change in the financial policy of the government. Though devoted to the party with which they have been identified so long, they prefer to surrender their affiliations rather than prolong the sufferings which they have patient y endured for the last twenty-five years.

Though some few democrats in Pennsylvania have repudiated the Chicago platform, the number of these malconents is a mere bagatelle in comparison with the number of republicans who have avowed themselves in favor of free coinage.

With a thorough canvass of the state democratic victory is possible. Pennsylvania, therefore, may be safely classed as one of the battlefields of the campaign.

Minnesota as a Doubtful State. The Minnesota republicans are very nuch depressed over the political out-

ook in that state. Several weeks ago it looked as if Mc-Kinley would have a complete walkover. Even the most extravagant claims were passed unchallenged by the democrats, who preferred to keep their own counsels and let the republicans do the talk-

Within the last few weeks, however, most decided change has taken place in Minnesota. In fact, the tables have turned, and whereas the democrats were under the bottom, they are now triumphantly on top.

From a tone of confident boast the prediction of the republican leaders has subsided into one of extreme doubt and misgiving.

As illustrating the temper of the Minnesota republicans, the remarks of Congressman Tawney may be cited in this connection. Though still hopeful of republican success, the congressman is by no means expectant. Says he, in a recent interview:

I believe that with vigorous and thorough organization on the part of the republicans we will be able to carry Minnesota for McKinley, but the hardest sort of work is necessary to our success, because all the elements in opposition to republicanism are going to effect a thorough fusion. In 1894 Senator Nelson's vote for governor was 147,944. Becker, the democratic candidate, got 53,579 votes, and Owen, populist, ceived 87,931, while the prohibition polled 6,000 votes. It will be seen from these figures that the republican ticket won by a very handsome plurality, but by only a small majority over the demperatic and populist nominees. Another thing that must be taken into account is that some of the most influen tial men in the party have bolted the republican ticket—men like John Lind, who will be the fusion candidate for governor; Lieutenant Governor Day Congressman Towne, Frank Nye, who is one of the most brilliant stump speak-ers in the state, and a good many others of equal prominence. That their defection is a matter of considerable consequence is not to be denied.

As in Minnesota so in other doubtful states the republicans are steadily losing ground. If the democrats continue to gain between now and the 1st of November as they have within the last few weeks, the election of Bryan is overwhelmingly assured.

Georgia as a "Doubtful" State.

If the confidence which the McKinle that under new leadership and the in- organs feel in the result of the present spiration of a new baptism in patriot- campaign is as groundless as that on which The Philadelphia Times bases its predictions of success in November, the democrats have absolutely nothing ing it with the full determination that to fear from the extravagant claims of

the opposition. Strange to say, The Philadelphia Times, which has heretofore enjoyed the reputation of being a fairly conservaristine condition as the agent of the tive sheet and which has managed to eople for the common good and the keep its reasoning faculties cool, even when other journals have been delirious with excitement over political issues now figures in a role which not only belies its past record but which places its present ridiculous calculations in the

superlative degree of extravagance. To be a little more specific The Philadelphia Times has suddenly become bold enough to claim states which are not only incontestably democratic but which, from time out of mind, have never been anything else.

Among the states which are classed as doubtful by this newly arisen prophet in the ranks of journalism are Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Kentucky, the two Virginias, North Carolina and Tennes-

The first emotion which such a claim pressible humor. In fact, the claim is

JUST FROM GEORGIA. so utterly ridiculous that serious consideration is almost entirely out of The Colonel and the Weather.

question. To be courteous, however, it may be asked: When did Georgia be-"Both here and 'cross the line; come a doubtful state on any issue world is in a blaze of red; which involved her democracy? When So. I'll take ice in mine!" did she surrender her orthodox political religion to follow after strange gods? "In summer time," the colonel said,

"A sprig of mint is fine; Its cooling influence soothes the head; So I'll take mint in mine!" 'It's boiling hot," the colonel said:

"Just see the cornfields shine! This beastly weather'll kill 'em dead: So, I'll take corn in mine!"

An exchange observes that "the devil's in the weather.' If he is not, indeed, he is at least reenforcing it with a ton of Hades per day.

The campaign orator who talks "three hours by sun" has great staying qualities and would, therefore, be a dangerous man to put into office.

Off with You! Off let us slip For a trip to the coast; Waiters on tip And mosquitoes on toast!

Without further analyzing the table The best magazine writers of the country are now reporting for the daily newsis sufficient to observe that such unpapers. The newspapers enable them to varranted calculations instead of exlive while their magazine contributions citing enthusiasm will only serve to are being accepted.

As a matter of fact, the only states on The story about "cooking eggs in the which the supporters of McKinley can sun" in Georgia is no myth. A good fire depend with any degree of assurance or will cook them there as well as anywhere else. eliability are the eastern states. Even hese are by no means certain, as the His Awful Predicament. ree coinage sentiment has made con-"You are now," said the North Carolina

siderable progress in the east within landlord, in solemn tones, "over 3,000 feet the last few weeks, and if the republiabove the level of the sea!" cans are fortunate enough to make good "Heavens!" cried the guest, "what a their claims with respect to these states, fall! and I can't swim a lick!" it will doubtless be by very greatly re-Lightning strikes the oak, but passe

narmless over the violet.-Exchange. Yes: lightning means business, and hasn't time to go hunting around for violets. Maurice Thompson has written some

pretty songs about Georgia rivers. Maurice used to go a-fishin' in 'em.

Unavoidable Delay. Seaside Guest (to landlord) .- I've been here three days, and haven't seen anything of the sea-serpent yet? Landlord-Just be patient. The gas gave Lancy, who acted on the staff of the duke of Wellington at Waterloo and who lost his life in that historic engagement. out, but we got a new supply, and my man's blowing him up now!

> An exchange says that Tom Cobb "captured two states in two hours the other day. That's covering real estate in double quick time.

STATE POLITICAL NOTES.

The Muscogee populists intend to particpate in politics in that section this fall, and are serenely making preparations to upon it they were also frightened and allowed it to escape. One man claims out against the nominee of the democratic in the fourth congressional district. nominee for senator, will have opposition and the pops have called a mass meeting for the purpose of nominating represe tives and a ticket of county officers. The

"The third party in Muscogee county h taken the aggressive step in doing this, but as a matter of course, nothing can be accomplished by putting out a county ticket as they proposed. As has always been the case, the candidates for honors under the populistic flag will be snowed under this time."

The democrats of Pike county are going o have a big rally at Zebulon on August 2, and expect speeches by Hon. Steve Clay, Hon. Charles L. Bartlett, Hon. R. L. Ber ner. Hon. Roland Ellis and perhaps others. The day will mark the opening of the democratic campaign in Pike. Every militia district will be thoroughly organized and active work will be done for all the nominees, from Bryan and Sewall down to John Hamlin for coroner.

Jeff D. McGee, editor of the populist paper published at Roberta, has been indorsed by the Crawford county populists as the man to nominate for congress by the convention of the third district, to be held at Cordele on August 8.

Says the Moultrie Observer:
"We hear it asserted that a great many voted in the recent primary who intend to bolt. This we don't believe. We believe that the citizens of Colquitt are honest enough to stick to the primary in which they par

The populists of Appling have nominated Hon. Mike Branch for the legislature. He is the same candidate they had two years ago, but was defeated by Hon, Green B Melton. The democratic convention of that county nominated Mr. James Johnson to run against Mr. Branch.

Says the Thomasville Times-Enterprise: "John Sibley will make the race against Griggs in the second. The race is the only thing Mr. Sibley will make."

The Lincolnton News says the goldbugs in Lincoln county are democrats, and will upport the national ticket put out at Chicago.

The democratic candidates for county officers in Meriwether were nominated by primary casting over 1,100 votes.

WITH GEORGIA EDITORS

One of the best poems on the Georgia candidate is a parody of Tennyson's "Brook" in The Albany Penny Press. It is as fol

"I come from haunts of silver men, To make a sudden sally; And sparkle out with speeches then, Or bicker at a rally.

"To thirty towns I hurry down, Nor heed the golden midges; But speeches make in every town, And many at the bridges. "I chatter, chatter, as I go.

To join the silver river: For men talk fast, and men talk slow, But I talk on forever. "I chatter over silvery ways-I'm very sharp and clever— No matter now how hot the days, I babble on forever.

"With many a joke the farmers fret, In many a field and fallow, And many a fairy story set, With golden rod and mallow.

"I chatter, chatter, as I go
To join the silver river,
For every man should have a show, So I talk on forever. "I twist about, both in and out,

And find it pleasant sailing; I often hear the lusty shout, Sometimes a little railing. "Tho' I have many a grimy flake Upon me as I travel, The silvery speeches that I make Stir up the golden gravel.

"And so I draw them to and fro, To join the silver river; For men may come, and men may go, But I talk on forever."

The Bulloch Times has been talking with a gentleman from the north who stated that he had been a republican, but that two years in the south has changed him, He had lived in northern cities where about 10 per cent of the population was colored, and he readily conceived the north-ern idea that the colored brother 'n the south was very much persecuted; but after

living in southern cities a short while where from 40 to 80 per cent of the citizen-ship is colored, he had concluded that the outhern whites were more persecuted.

Here's a comforting summer poem from The Douglas Breeze:

"The hill-tops beam with flaky snow, And every tree is burdened low With icicles that glisten so, In Coffee's realm of pleasantry."

The Quitman Free Press-gold standard-

ays:
"Let silver have sway. It looks ch as though the silver people were on right line. We hope to see the cause. The more we study the question the re hope we see in it. We say let silver ee a full sway. The people have said y wanted silver and the people are al-

Sings the poet of The Waynesboro True

"Man wants but little here below, Nor wants that little long, And if he takes a bike wheel craze He wants that bike wheel strong."

The following announcement appears in The Bryan County News:
"The Intense heat has paralyzed our entire force today and we have been compelled to go to press and leave out several matters of interest."

The Savannah Press says that the assailants of this country's credit are the men who raid upon securities in Wall street and not the men who meet in conventions to formulate a basis of relief.

Says The Waycross Journal: "The editor of The Journal has fought independentism all his life. He is for his party every day in the week."

One by one the gold standard papers of Georgia have fallen into line until now the Chicago platform is supported by every mocratic newspaper in the state.

SOME GEORGIA STORIES.

An old negro sat on the platform of th Albany depot, apparently in trouble. He sat with his face in his hands gazing mournfully out over the river which stretched away between the willows, its waters silently journeying to the greater channels. It was noticed that the old man's nose was of enormous proportions, almost shutting out his eyes. "Why, what's the matter with your nose

He shook his head sadly. "I's neber gwin'ter fish no mo' sah; no, sah! neber no mo', cause dat's whar I got dat nose you see."

"How did it happen, uncle? Tell us; perhaps we can fix you up." "See dat bend er runnin' out past de old Tift bridge ober dar? Well, er roun' dat bend dares a fine bream stream runs in dare as dey has 'bout dis place. I wuz er-fishin' dere de oder day, when I seed er big one flittin' by a log dat's dere. Ise fished dat spot by de hour, and dat brim he done come an' look at de bait, an' den swim 'way. I tried eberything to ketch him, but t'want any use. Den I got ter thinkin'. What he do 'round dat log all de time? So I rested mighty quiet and watched dat log. Purty soon I see er bee ound close to de water and nigh

"Dat settled it: I knowed what ter ketch hook in tween de wings where it wouldn't hurt him. Den I fished. Yah, yah!—he! he! Dat brim he made one leap an' he had de bee; but de fight was awful. He done paid no' tention ter me, an' him an' de bee wuz er-havin' it out—and how dey did fight! I got him on de bank at last, an' dars whar my trouble cum in.

when out flew dat bee, an' he wuz mad. Yes, sah, he just been er waiten' fer me, I know, an' he landed plump on my nose. You see de zult. But's dat only part ob it De brim he swelled up the same way. He wuz one pound when I fust kotch him, but when he wuz done swellin' he was too heavy ter carry home "

catches alligators in a novel way. He ties rone around his foot and lets a mar he goes down into the 'gator's hole and catches one by the tail. When he gets his bank pulls him up and he pulls the 'gaitor

Savannah has honest policemen who turn in money they find. So has Macon honest officers. Impounding Officer Childs there found his own cow outside his yard and impounded her. He had to pay to get her out.

JUST A BIT PERSONAL.

Mobile Register: Poet Laureate Austin, who wrote the glowing account of "Jameson's Raid," is probably now convinced that he was in too much of a hurry. It is not nice to find that one has inadvertently selected a convict for a hero.

Los Angeles Herald: Jerry Simpson should certainly be able now to afford to wear socks. His lectures in Iowa have lately been very popular and productive of good money. For a Fourth of July speech he is said to have been paid \$240. Chicago Journal: The amenities of the campaign are now on tap. A Kentucky colonel addressing a Bryan meeting over in Michigan one day this week, feelingly alluded to Grover Cleveland as "the drunken, whisky-soaked tool of Wall street."

Baltimore American: Mr. Harrity says he intends to retire from politics and go into business. Politics is business, but there are years when it does not pay well for men like Mr. Harrity.

Chicago Dispatch: Garret A. Hobart, of New Jersey, had a long private conference New Jersey, had a long private conference in New York yesterday with Mark Hanna It is thought that Mr. Hobart is trying t enlist Mr. Hanna's services in the move ment to annex New Jersey to the United

RURAL LIFE IN GEORGIA.

Henry County Weekly: Watermelons, plenies, parties and politics! You see we are so busy we hardly have time to tell you what is going on around us. From the number of barrels piled on the street, we presume we will have plenty of "something" to drink this winter.

Blakely Observer: Is there any truth in the statement that a young lady had a needle enter her walst about a year age and that it recently worked its way out of the arm of a young man in a neighboring town? It may be true.

Social Circle Sentry: While in Macon last week a gentleman from a prominent town in Georgia wishing to communicate with loved ones, tried to stick his card in a fire alarm box. Tifton Gazette: The largest woman outside of a dime museum lives near Americus and was in that city recently. She is a negress five and a half feet in height and will weigh perhaps 400 pounds.

STATE PRESS PERSONALS.

BRANTLEY.—Mr. Brantley's letter of acceptance is patriotic and to the point. It is a true index to the ability and democracy of the man. Mr. Brantley is a young man who has achieved distinction at the bar and in the general assembly of Georgia. May he live long to fulfill the expectations of his many friends in the eleventh congressional district.—Telfair Enterprise.

HOWARD.—Hon. William M. Howard will be one of the youngest and brainiest members of the fifty-fifth congress. He will roll up a great majority for democracy and the grand old eighth will remain in the front rank in Washington.—Madisonian.

CLAY.—Chairman Clay is hard at work He will roll up a big vote for the demo-cratic licket. The sound money men ar-with him; they are not sulking in their tents.—Savannah Press. ATKINSON.-Governor Atkinson has been making some ringing democratic speeches over in Alabama. The governor is a man with words that pierce and his ar-gument is of the honest sort that con-vinces.—Blue Ridge Post. IN VARYING MOODS

The young women you see spinning town on wheels have broken down a co

nese wall of prejudice. When these same young ladies first gested that they would like to have wheels their respective families went in convulsions. The white-haired papa with precise ideas about womanly pro was too much shocked to express hims He just looked unutterable things. An prim mamma—why she came near faintin away. Big brother thought his sister ha suddenly gone daft, and said so. So h was in many homes, but the young wemen kept hammering away on the iden and thanks to plenty of co-operation, me of them have won.

Miss Jennie made up her mind she want ed a wheel. She had caught the fever The mention of the subject brought don upon her head a world of humilia



ment. The topic was positively forbidden But Miss Jennie didn't give up the pu-

suit of her dream, "I made up my mind that I would have that wheef," she said. "Other girls to worked their papas for wheels, and I thought I would be awfully slow #1 couldn't work mine. I didn't mention often, but when I did I got in a good blos Papa has me to do lots of his reading for him, and everything I could get about wheel riding being healthy I read to him I read about how royal personages and leading society people and ministers be taken it up, but he sniffed at it,

"I simply showered bicycle literature upon him. I searched through all the marazines and got the addresses of all th bicycle concerns. I wrote to every last one of them, and told them to send circ lars to papa, and I had all the bicycle papers sent to him. His mail was overun with the stuff. The postman was simply overloaded with it. Papa never got m much mail in his life before.

" This bicycle craze is taking the er ne said one day at lunch, 'Why, I get a cartload of mail from the manufacture every day, and what do you thinkhalf dozen firms have sent agents aroun to see me! If it keeps up I'll have to leve own, or stop doing business

"His prejudice gradually wore away be I didn't let up on him. I meant to him my wheel. I could see that he was get ting more tolerant toward wheeling, and I read him all the stuff about bicycles and riders that I could find in the papers, 0 day he came home with a great piece of

" 'You know I was once a little prejudice against bicycles?' he said. 'I couldn't me any good in them; but do you know I'm changed my mind? I bought me'a wheel this morning.

"Papa's been riding two months, and I'm Boy orators are having their day. Tom Cobb, one of the most brilliant and mar-

netic of all of them, is setting the wood on fire. The papers have told of how he outshi Ben Tillman in Tillman's own bailiwick the



ors of the occasion. But the papers have not told of an inc dent of Colonel Cobb's appearance at Ash ville, where he got a wonderful ovation. He made two speeches there, and the people who heard him have not been stirred since the days of the war. He was the principal speaker at a big barbe cue that was given there. His speech was full of that fervid, soul-stirring eloqueno with which this young man is so gifted. It made his hearers wild with enthusiasm. Four or five big, broad-shouldered, stufdy fellows caught up the boy orator of their shoulders and ran about the grounds with him. The people shouted themselves hoarse, while the men carrying the speaker continued to sweep around with the charge. Colonel Cobb was thus carried more than half a mile, until finally exhausted supporters had to stop and let

While they were at full tilt an enterpris ing photographer halted the procession.

They were still long enough for him to take a good view of them, and from the photograph thus taken the accompanying cut was made.

From a Prominent Populist From a Prominent Populist.

Norcross, Ga., August 3.—Editor Constitution—A good deal is being said by democrats and populists about the electoral ticket for vice president. If the democrats and populists really desire the election of Bryan, the right and fair thing to do is to divide the electoral ticket on a basis of the last state elections. This is easily done; and state elections. electoral ticket on a basis of the state elections. This is easily done; and traternize in unless the two parties will fraternize in this way, the chances are that Bryan will be defeated and the cause of free colors so dear to the hearts of all true referers, will be lost. No time for wranging now. Let us all pull together for the overthrow of the goldbugs. W. H. PILCHER.

Candidates for Sexton Must

These Officers Will Not Ele

MAYOR TO NAME While the Sexton I

THAT IS, IF THE LEGISL

a Comm

Vote for Their News of Yest ing and Pro in Local At the regular meet cil yesterday aftern were passed which

City Fathers Decid

the hands of the peo-lature amends the la election of Atlanta's will be requested to soon as the next se As these two ord an overwhelming reason to suppose turn down the requ of Atlanta.

of city comptroller

It looks now as t council was practi voters will no lon the two officers na the candidates for been busily canva away their time ar as well furl their h line of campaigning be elected. In cas that the legislatu the existing laws brought before th fight it out in spit passed yesterday. The city sexton, the law, will be e special commiss of the mayor, the

three non-partisan Wednesday of next The commissio Alderman Woodwa resolution, assure knew several of who were willing so. These comm and a third three

tery committee o

are to be chosen : terms of office by City comptroller ive office instead the appointment mayor of the city.

power to choose h The candidates been busily canva some time past ar Mr. J. H. Goldsm H. Holliday and F The candidates H D Austin W Mills, C. G. Han McWilliams, Victo G. Russell.

The action of the practically nullifie these men have a an active canvass the candidates for themselves with o didates in the hope ment in case of vorite and the can rest on their oar which is to elect when they will win irstead of sev their election.

Will Be As It is not known candidates will mary is so near The councilme questing the c committee to wi the two offices f of some of the present law is be a vigorous ki and the candida It out at the pri to luck for the grant the requi Woodward

When Alderm his resolution ' sexton he made in support of his much vehemence recent regimes, would continue was governed b dy, he insisted. of the officer ou pointing a comm zens to select the knew a dozen lanta who had t deep at heart t their services to to see Oakland

Fifty Fine at Oakland ceme "are too familiar tate repetition. that I want to ca perhaps you have shows you how

ARYING MOODS

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hed through all the magthe addresses of all the I wrote to every last told them to send circud I had all the bicycle His mail was overrun The postman was simply it. Papa never got

raze is taking the earth, at lunch. 'Why, I get rom the manufacturers what do you thinkave sent agents around eps up I'll have to leave

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H. PILCHER.

Candidates for Comptroller and Sexton Must Come Down.

These Officers Will Be Appointed and Not Elected.

MAYOR TO NAME THE FORMER

While the Sexton Is To Be Chosen by

THAT IS, IF THE LEGISLATURE WILL CONCUR

City Fathers Decide That They Can Vote for Their Kindred-Other News of Yesterday's Meeting and Progress Made in Local Politics.

At the regular meeting of the city council yesterday afternoon two ordinances were passed which will take the election of city comptroller and city sexton out of the hands of the people in case the legislature amends the laws which govern the election of Atlanta's city officers as they will be requested to do by the council as soon as the next session convenes.

As these two ordinances were passed by an overwhelming majority there is little reason to suppose that the legislature will turn down the request of the city fathers of Atlanta.

It looks now as though the action of the council was practically final and that the voters will no longer be the choosers of the two officers named. If this is the case the candidates for these offices, who have been busily canvassing for votes during the past few weeks, have been throwing away their time and energy and they may as well furl their banners and begin a new line of campaigning, if they still hope to be elected. In case the candidates believe that the legislature will refuse to change the existing laws when the matter is brought before them, they will probably fight it out in spite of the two ordinances passed yesterday.

The city sexton, if the legislature changes the law, will be elected in the future by special commission of five, to be composed of the mayor, the chairman of the cemetery committee of the city council and three non-partisan citizens who are to be elected by the city council on the first

Wednesday of next December. The commissioners who are private citi-The appointment of the comptroller.

The appointment of the comptroller by the mayor must, under the resolution adopted yesterday by the city council, be approved by the city council by a two-thirds vote, as in the original act creating the office of comptroller.

The resolution further provides that the salary of the comptroller shall be reduced from \$3,000 to \$2,400 per annum.

The city engineer, the commissioner of public works, the city clerk, tax collector and treasurer will continue to be cleeted by public ballot as heretofore. zens will not be paid for their services, but Alderman Woodward, who introduced the resolution, assured the council that he knew several of the best men in Auanta who were willing to serve if asked to do one to serve one year, another two years and a third three years. Their successors are to be chosen at the expiration of their

Can Vote for Their Relatives.

Alderman Colvin brought in an adverse report to the proposition to prevent the council members from voting for their relatives for any clerkship or other office that is filled by the aldermen and councilmen. His report was a minority report, but he went at the case with gloves off, determined to carry his point. He succeeded. After a wrangle that lasted for fifteen or twenty minutes, during which time the different members present had an opportunity to wax sarcastic, the Colvin motion carried the day by a vote of 12 to 2.

One of the city fathers announced that he would disinherit a son of his who would not work and pull the wires in a council meeting or any where else for his brother who was a candidate for an office.

Councilman Bell, the author of the cristial motion to prevent the members from voting for a relative in case one was a candidate, made a strong argument in behalf of his resolution, but he could not stem the tide; and in the future any member of the body who wishes to work for a kinsman who is a candidate for any office in the gift of the council, can do so to his heart's content. terms of office by the city council. City comptroller is also to be an appointive office instead of an elective office, and the appointment is to be made by the mayor of the city, each new mayor having power to choose his own comptroller.

Have They Worked in Vain? The candidates for comptroller who have been busily canvassing for the office for some time past are the present incumbent, Mr. J. H. Goldsmith, and Messrs. George

H. Holliday and R. G. de Treville. The candidates for sexton are Messrs. H. D. Austin, W. A. Bonnell, John T. Mills, C. G. Hanna, I. C. Clark, Henry McWilliams, Victor E. Lambert and James G. Russell.

The action of the city council yesterday practically nullifies the hard work which these men have been doing in conducting an active canvass among the voters. Now the candidates for comptroller can only ally themselves with one of the mayoralty candidates in the hope of receiving the appointment in case of the election of their favorite and the candidates for sexton must rest on their oars until the commission which is to elect the officer is appointed. when they will have but three votes to win irstead of several thousand to insure their election.

Will Be Asked To Withdraw. It is not known exactly what course the candidates will pursue now that the pri-

mary is so near. The councilmen passed a resolution requesting the city democratic executive committee to withdraw the candidates for the two offices from the race. If the faith of some of the candidates in the belief that the legislature will not change the present law is strong enough, there may be a vigorous kick against this proposition and the candidates may insist in fighting It out at the primary at least and trusting

it out at the primary at least and trusting to luck for the legislature to refuse to grant the request of the city fathers.

Woodward's Red-Hot Roast.

When Alderman Woodward introduced his resolution which was eitered to the personal register to see the process of the personal register to see the process of the personal register to see the process of the personal register to the city sexton he made a very forcelle argument in support of his position. He dwelt with much vehemence upon the abuses that have existed in the city sexton's office during receit regimes, and he said that the office would continue to be abused so long as it was governed by politics. The only remedy, he insisted, was to take the election of the officer out of politics entirely by appointing a commission of disinterested citizens in Atlanta who had the welfare of the city so deep at beart that they would volunteer their services to the city gladly in order to see Oakland cemetery as it should be.

Fifty Fine Trees Cut Down.

"The abuses which have been practiced at Oakland cemetery, and which was evaluated to the constitution of the personal constitution of

agement of the cemetery has resulted. Fifty of the finest oak trees in the cemetery have been cut down when there was ositively no reason for it. These beautiful oaks from which the cemetery derived its name were ruthlessly cut down and if the work had been continued much longer, in place of the beautiful park for the burial place of the beautiful park for the burial of our sacred dead, we should have had an ugly, barren old field. I tell you, gentlemen, the election of the city sexton must be removed from politics. He must be appointed by a commission of citizens who can be depended on to do only those things which will redound to the best interest of the city. This commission must have absolute power and must be responsible to the city for the work of the sexton they select. If this is the case the cemetery will city for the work of the sexton they select. If this is the case the cemetery will certainly be properly cared for. I insist that the matter should be handled now. The election is close upon us and we want

to remove the matter from politics while there is still time. Some Objected to the Resolution. There were some objection to Alderman Woodward's plan and a short but lively debate ensued. Some of the members of the council wanted a postponement and a reference of the matter to the committee of ten that has been handling the cemetery

wrangle for some time back. It was clear, however, that Mr. Woodward, had won the majority to his side, and when he called for a vote on the subject his motion was carried by a large majority. He Will Expose Everything.

Before the matter was dismissed Alderman Woodward said: "I understand that the people of Atlanta want information of the way the cemetery has been managed, or rather mismanaged. I propose to give it to them. I have made a careful investigation of the conditions and I will submit a report that will open their eyes to the miserable ngs were conducted there." Mr. Woodward is the chairman of the

metery committee and has had charge the investigation for the council."

Mayor To Name the Comptroller.

can Vote for Their Relatives.

Will Not Pave Irwin Street.

The fight which arose ever the proposi-tion to have Irwin street between Houston and Jackern with granite blocks, was live-ly while-it lasted. A number of citizens appeared before the council and protested against the proposition, among them being

Mossrs. L. B. Nelson, Jacob Haas and Ben

Massrs. L. B. Nelson, Jacob Haas end Ben Hill.

Mr. Hill objected on the ground that the residents of Elizabeth street had asked for an expenditure of \$2,000 for chort naverant on that thoroughfore long before the neon ostion was made to near Irwin street at a cost of more than \$6,000. The former request was dealed, and Mr. Hill it elsted that it was not the nart of a fair, impartial council to favor one thoroughfore inclead of another, energially when the Elizabeth street claim was in first.

Mr. Nolson declared that four 5the of the property owners asked that the pavorants he not laid because of the hours that they have had to hear and the hard times which wrantil.

The osithal decided by a vate of \$ to 4 to done the request for the pavement on

to done the request for the pavement or

Thanks to Uncle Sam.

Mayor King and the secretary of the trass

NEAL TICKET NAMED LEADERS CONFERRED

Committee of Forty Selected Candidates Democracy's Staff Meets and Arranges for Council Last Night.

MASS MEETING TO BE HELD CHICAGO TICKET INDORSED Ticket Will Be Presented to the Pub-

lic at the Imperial Theater. HOW IT WAS SELECTED IN COMMITTEE

Captain Neal Will Preside and Captain W. D. Ellis Will Present the Ticket to the Meeting. For Alderman, North Side-Frank

P. Rice. For Alderman, South Side-I. S. Mitchell. For Councilmen: First Ward-Dr. W. M. Curtis. Second Ward-Judge R. T. Dorsey.

Third Ward-George W. Sciple.

Fourth Ward-George P. Howard.

Fifth Ward-Dr. L. P. Stephens.

Sixth Ward-E. C. Peters. This is the ticket named by the Neal committee of forty last night. Thirtyeight members of the committee participat-

the ticket will be presented for ratification.

Captain W. D. Ellis will make the presenta-

The Neal committee met in the city hall

last night and selected the citizens named

to enter the city political contest against

There was spirited balloting last night

when the committee voted on some of the

ward candidates. In one instance it re-

quired sixteen ballots to select a candi-

date, the committee then finding it neces-

sary to take one of its own members-Mr.

George W. Sciple. The contest was over

the selection of the third ward candidate,

In the first ward contest it required four

ballots to settle the issue. Dr. Curtis

proved a strong factor and his vote grew

until the necessary number were cast to

Judge R. T. Dorsey was elected by acclamation. He was placed in nomination by captain W. D. Eins, who stated that he

nau good reason to believe that Junge Dor-sey would accept. In presenting the name of Junge Lorsey, Captain Ed.s stated that

ie invited criticism and suggestions against

the holamee of the second ward delega-

ominated amid general enthusiasin and

and and general entities and anathors opposition.

Ine thire ward delegation strongly urged the nomination of Mr. Seeve it. Johnson and it consistently east nive votes for manifestance of the Sixteen banders, Mr. Scipte actioning to accept the homination, which is colin have seedled on the lotten bander.

Mr. George I'. Howard, of the fourth

Mr. George P. Howard, of the fourth ward, was chosen by a unanimous vote of the committee. He had no opposition.

Dr. L. F. Stephens, of the mich ward, was chosen on the second banot. He ied in the first vote, securing four votes more than Mr. George W. Tarrison.

Mr. E. C. Peters was chosen to represent the sixth ward on the ticket. Mr. W. T. Gentry was nominated, but Mr. Peters was the choice of the committee, Mr. I. S. Mitchell was the unanimous nominee for aiderman from the south side.

Mr. Frank P. Rice was nominated for alderman from the north side. Dr. J. D. Turner, a member of the committee, was nominated, but he gecinned, electing Mr. Rice.

Chairman Neel called the committee.

Rice. Chairman Neal called the committee to order at 8 o'clock. Adjournment was taken at a few minutes after 10 o'clock. Rules were first adopted, and then the balloting

and appearse and suage Dorsey was

tion speech.

honor.

nominate him.

perial one day last week.

for the Sinews of War.

All the Workers Are Confident and Predict Victory.

SILVER'S VOTE IS TO BE UNITED

Candidates Come to Town and Mingle with the Committeemen Making Lively Scenes in the Hotels.

Many well-known Georgians were in the city yesterday, brought here by the meeting of the state democratic executive and advisory committees. The hotel lobbies had an old-time appearance as the politicians elbowed each other, told some new stories and discussed the prospects of various candidates. The candidates, of whom there were several, were gracious and confident. Almost every one was sure of election.

The parfor reserved for the committee meetings was filled to overflowing when Chairman Steve Clay tapped the table with his gavel. It was an unusually large attendance.

for raising an additional sum.

movement next November.

and Mr. Sciple was unanimously chosen advisory committee, had a consultation

despite his repeated declinations of the with his associates on that committee.

subject of fusion was not discussed, as

At the close of the regular business

vited to make an address. He spoke brief-

ly, predicting the success of the silver

After the meeting of the executive com

mittee General Evans, chairman of the

They went over the subject of campaign

HON. POPE BARROW, OF SAVANNAH.

The membership of the two committees

First District-R. M. Martin and A. A.

Lawrence
Second District—Richard Hobbs and W.
W. Dews.
Third District—W. P. Burt and E. F.
Strozier.
Fourth District—T. R. Terrell and W. H.
Luttrell.

the stumping campaign was outlined.

is as follows:

The meeting was very short. Only two Tonight a mass meeting of citizens will or three matters came up. One of these

Eleventh District-Elias Herman and W. H. Griffin. H. Griffin.
In addition to these Chairman Clay has added the following names:
M. P. Reese, S. P. Gilbert, F. G. du-Bignon, George L. Skeen, George R. Brown, John 1. Tye, Hamp McWhorter, Robert Mitchell, T. J. Carling, R. N. Holland, John McDonald, M. L. Johnson and Boykin Wright.
Both Governor Atkinson and Chairman Clay speak today. The former goes to

Clay speak today. The former goes to Marietta and makes an address there



while Mr. Clay goes to McDonough and addresses the democrats of Henry county. Hon. Louis Garrard, of Columbus, will speak at Marietta with the governor. Cartersville is also to have a speaking today. Colonel John Temple Graves goes there. So today may be said to start the stumping off in earnest. A large attendance is promised in each place. After he speaks today, the governor will run into the moun-tains of North Carolina for a day or two

There is no fear of the coming campaign on the part of the leaders who were here yesterday from all parts of the state The governor struck the keynote in his short talk before the committee.

Hon. William Brantley, candidate for ongress in the eleventh district, said that the outlook in his section was very bright. His friends state that there is not the His friends state that there is not the slightest doubt about his election. Mr. Brantley will be heard often in the cam-paign. Major Simmons, of Gwinnett, was n the committee meeting. He is going to do good work this year. Major Simmons has the reputation of being one of the most cultivated speakers in the state. Colonel Louis Garrard, of Columbus was one of the most prominent members of the committee. He is confident of vic-

Former United States Senator Pope Barrow, of Savannah, was in the meeting. He remarked that fractically all the Savannah democrats will support the national ticket. Just after the nominations were made several of the Bay street merchants declared that they would not vote for Mr. Bryan, but the most of them are coming around. There are a few who committed themselves so far that they cannot retrace

their steps.

Among the candidates who were on the ground was Clarence Wilson, of Clay, who is running for solicitor general of the Pautaula circuit. He said that there were not quite so many candidates here as he counted at Macon, but he did not think

Ex-Speaker W. H. Fleming, of Augusta, was a prominent figure in the meeting. The next session of the general assembly will be the first in several years without his name on the house roll.

THE KIMBALL LOBBY ALIVE WITH PROMINENT MEMBERS OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY Judge Joel R. Branham, of Rome, was elected to succeed John J. Black, late mem ber of the executive committee. be held at the Imperial theater, at which was the raising of funds for the legitimate

expenses of the campaign. A fund was Mr. Clark Howell, national committeestarted among the members present and man for Georgia, is ex-officio a member of the state executive committee. their voluntary subscriptions made a fine nucleus. Arrangements were also made

The members of the advisory commit tee, most of whom were present, are A resolution was adopted indorsing the to enter the city political contest against the field. The naming of the ticket is the Chicago platform and the candidates. The man, R. L. Berner, Cirk Howell, O. B. Stevens, J. E. Dunson, R. W. Everett it was considered that it was a question which could be safely left to the future.

At the close of the regular business At the close of the regular business S. W. Coney, Joseph Bivins and J. J. proceedings Governor Atkinson was in-

Mra. Tom Carling and Editor Price were

here from Macon. Mr. Boykin Wright, of Augusta, predicted a large democratic majority, Many populists are coming back into the party, he stated.

Congressman Lon Livingston came in vesterday afternoon from his home in New-

Douglass Glessner, of Griffin, was secre-

Judge Hunt, the promoter of the Griffin convention smiled with satisfaction, for it was a meeting to his own heart. Robert Berner, fresh from the victory in his own county, was in the meeting. He

had many congratulations. Hon. "Hut" Jenkins, of Putnam, arrived

the speakership of the next house. Mr. Lewis Thomas, candidate for solici-

tor general at the coming session of the general assembly, called at headquarters. Editor H. W. J. Ham came down from Gainesville and went west on a lecturing trip. He declared that he is for the ticket and an appropriation.

Former Representative DeLacey, now a candidate for judge of his circuit, renewed many old acquaintances. He served in the house when Colonel Garrard was speaker and again when Mr. Clay was in the chair

All the visiting party men were greatly long list of availables. In a general way interested in the situation in the They were assured that the tenth is all Colonel McLaughlin, of Meriwether, spent

Dr. Long was over from Elbert. Elbert

has a lively race on for representative. Tom Swift is the regular nominee and Mr. Vanduser is running independent. Mr. Swift is conceded to be the best farmer.

Lutrell.

Fifth District—Dr. T. R. Whitley and William S. Upshaw.
Sixth Distr.ct—Douglas Glessner and O. H. P. Bloodworth.
Seventh District—Sam P. Maddox.
Eighth District—Dr. N. G. Long and N.
A. Pharr, Jr.

Too Many Shoes.

MEN'S \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00 SHOES FOR \$3.95 Ladies' Oxford Ties, \$2.20 Regular Price Black and Tan, now \$2.20 \$3.00 and \$3.50.

MADMAN'S RASH DEED

Frank Massaw, a German, Throws himself Before an Engine.

BODY GROUND INTO A PULP

Unfortunate Man First Cut His Throat with a Razor.

JUMPED FROM HIS BED TO MEET DEATH Loss of \$200 Causes Temporary Insanity-Had Attempted Suicide

Friday, but Failed. Bremen, Ga., August 3 .- (Special.)-Frank Massaw, a German of this place, committed suicide yesterday afternoon by throwing himself before the vestibule train which was running forty miles an hour. The body was caught under the pilot of

It was mangled beyond identification, and almost ground into a pulp. Massaw was a native German, but came to Bremen several years ago and has con-

the engine and dragged quite a distance.

ducted a small business here. Last week he received a check for \$200 from his family in Germany, and he left for Atlanta to get it cashed. The following day Massaw returned without the money, claiming that he had been robbed of the entire amount. He was gloomy and despondent, and stated he intended to kill

himself.

Friday night, Massaw suddenly became Insane, it is thought, over the loss of his money, and drawing a pocket knife across his throat, almost severed his jugular. His windpipe was cut almost in two, but his father discovered him in time to summon Drs. Edwards and Phillips, who saved the man's life after several hours' work.

Last night Massaw was lying in his bed at a window looking out upon the



railroad tracks. At the bedside sat his father, who had been a constant attendant since the attempt at suicide.

The vestibule dashed around the curve a few hundred yards from the house, and Massaw, though very weak, leaped from his bed and rushed from the room. His father endeavored to catch him, but failed. Just as the train went by Massaw threw himself upon the track in front of the flying engine, and his body was ground beneath the wheels. Blood and brains were scattered in all directions. Death was instantaneous. Massaw was a man of middle age, and until recently was in tolerably good circumstances.

Bombast

what we depend upon to make our oussiness grow.
We advertise to tell you what we are defing and to let you know what we are offering from time to time; but we bank on the values we give to make business and to keep it.

Our special drive for this week is in Men's Low Shoes! Every Low Shoe, "For Men," in our house in Tan and Black, wide toes and narrw, hand

sewed and otherwise, will be offered at

→POPULAR PRICES.→

Look at them in our window. Now is the time to get Cool, Comfortable, Fine Shoes WAY DOWN only at



Foot Coverers to all Mankind. 27 WHITEHALL ST.



BIG BARGAINS IN BELTS.

All Silver Buckles with Silk Belts at and below cost

BARGAINS in Leather Belts with Silver Buckles. BIG CUT in Blouse Sets

and other Summer Jewelry MAIER &B ERKELE, Jewelers,

31 Whitehall St.

Eiseman

Men's, Boys' and Children's All-Wool Fancy Cassimere, Cheviot and Worsted Suits.

The Clothing included in this offering is all that fashionable Clothing should be-good styles, good workmanship, good fitting. Our prices are marked in plain figures. Thisle aves no room for sharp practices or tricky excuses and subterfuges. Every Suit is actually one-third less than original price.

Our regular \$12.50 Suits at...... 8.37 Our regular \$20.00 Suits at.....

Custom Tailoring.

Liberal reductions emphasize our determination to close out ail the rich and elegant Suitings and Trouserings. Nowhere in the South can you find such a superb collection of noyelties. Your measure will be taken and the Suit or Trousers made up promptly and handsomely for very much less than the early-season price. Give your order today.

Summer Underwear

This department is replete with royal values. Men never before had such a remarkable chance to secure the best Lisle Thread, Balbriggan and Silk-mixed Underwear at anything like the low prices now current here. We don't want to carry a single garment over. The alternative is to sacrifice them. That's what we

Straw Hats

Here is the only place in town where you may find a complete assortment of Straw Hats. Our variety is just as full now as it was when June flowered in. Want to be rid of them now. That's why you can save one-third of former prices.



not told of an inclappearance at Ashes there, and the peo-have not been so s of the war. He ere. His speech was ul-stirring eloquenc ad-shouldered, sturn about the grounds shouted themselves carrying the speaker around with their was thus carried to

ed the procession.
enough for him to
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ent Populist.

REPORTED FOR THIS PAPER

By Peeples and Stevens, Reporters of the Supreme Court of the State of Georgia.

Fieming v. Hughes. Before Judge Callaway. Richmond superior court.
Atkinson, J.—I. Where property was devised and bequeathed to a named person to be held by him in trust for the sole at separate use of a daughter of the testau for and during the term of her naturalife, with remainder to the child or care of such daughter living at the time her death, and in default of such child children, then to the right heirs of the

any greater interest in the property which passed under such a devise than the estate of the life tenant therein.

Fleming & Alexander, for plaintiff in er W. K. Miller and J. R. Lamar, contra.

Swift v. Van Dyke, administrator. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court. Lumpkin. J.-l. The act of October 23, 1889 (acts of 1889, p. 111), "to provide for the time and mode of perfecting service by publication," as amended by the act of October 14, 1891 (acts of 1899-91, vol. 1, p. 110), is applicable to a proceeding for the foreclosure of a mortgage upon realty, and consequently, where the mortgagee is a non-resident of this state, service may be perfected by publication twice a month for two months, in compliance with the terms of these acts.

diffed section 2962 of the code, though it neither referred to nor described in

Igment affirmed.
bert L. Rogers, for plaintiff in error,
ng & Anderson, contra.

2. Under the law as there laid down, an attorney at law has not—either in his own right, or in behalf of a corporation represented by him—the right, against the consent of the clerk of the superior court and without paying his fees, to make copies of or abstracts from the books of record in his office for the purpose of compiling abstracts of titles to be used in a private abstract and land title business carried on by such attorney or corporation. The right

stracts of titles to be used in a private abstract and land title business carried on by such attorney or corporation. The right to inspect public records provided for in section 12 of the code was not intended to embrace such a privilege.

3. Even if the special act of February 25, 1876 (acts of 1876, pp. 337, 388), "to grant to R. C. Mitchell & Co. certain privileges in making an abstract of the records of deeds and mortgages in the county of Fulton," can be construed as extending the grant of such privileges to "their successors and assigns," (the words last quoted being in the body but not in the title of the act); and even if this act was so amended by the act of September 13, 1881, (acts of 1880-81, pp. 663, 664) as to substitute for the word "rights," in the sixth line of the second section of the former act, the word "dutles," the act as amended is incapable of enforcement, for the reason that the enfoyment of the special privileges granted is expressly limited to such time "as may be necessary to complete the work now commended by said firm," and the act fails to disclose what is the "work" so commenced, or in the slightest degree to indicate when it is to be completed.

Smith et al. v. Wilson et al. Before Judge Clark. Rockdale superior court.
Simmons, C. J.—1. It was lawful, in 1857, for a widow who was the administratrix of her deceased husband, after selling and conveying in her individual name and right her life-estate in the land which had been assigned to her as dower, to sell as administratrix the reversion therein, such sale being made under an order of the court of ordinary granting her leave us administratrix to sell all the realty of her intestate.
2. In the present case the deed from the administratrix to the purchaser at the sale in question sufficiently described the land embraced in the reversion. in question sufficiently described the land embraced in the reversion.

3. The charge complained of was not adjusted to the issues involved, but as the verdict, under the evidence, was manifestly right, it should not be disturbed. Judgment affirmed.

J. N. Glenn and J. R. Irwin, for plaintiffs in error.

A. C. McCalla, contra.

Mallery v. Young et al. Before Judge Gamble. Bulloch superior court.
Lurrokin, J.—I. It is not incumbent upon an beir at law who seeks under section 2003 of the code to render a will inoperative as to him on the ground that it was executed under a mistake of fact as to his "xistence, to show affirmatively that but for such mistake he would have been a beneticiary of the will. (al Whether or not tills section is applicable in a case where it appears that the testator knew of the existence of the person claiming to be his helr and acted upon an acroueous conclusion as to the fact of relationship, is not now for determination.

2. The court did not err in granting a The court did not err in granting a

new trial.

Judgment affirmed.

J. A. Brannen and Hines & Itale, for plaintiff in error.

D. R. Groover, H. D. D. Twiggs, George W. Williams and Steed & Wimberly, con-

Robinson v. Dover & Statesboro Railread Co. Before Judge Gamble. Bullech suor court.

H. B. Strange, for plaintiff in error Groover & Johnson and J. A. Fra

opy of a mortgage, even if the same was elevant, is not cause for a new tria en the only objection to its admissibility



ciently accounted for, and it expears that this objection was not well taken.

2. Admitting in evidence hearsay testimony upon a material and controlling issue is cause for a new trial when upon the evidence as a whole, in miling the hearsay, the case was a close one and the vertice, but for the introduction of the lilegal evidence, might have been different.

And when the versed.

Hardeman, Davis & Turner and M. H. Sandwich, for plaintiff in error.

D. R. Groover and J. A. Brannen, contra.

Cheatham v. Ehrlich Bros. Before Judge Callaway. Jefferson superior court. Simmons, C. J.—This being the second versict in the plaintiffs favor upon conflicting evidence, and no material error of law, if any at all, having been omitted, this court will not reverse the judgment of the tral judge in refusing to grant a second new trial.

Judgment affirmed. Cain & Polhill and Hines & Hale, for

Rimes v. Williams. Before Judge Gamble. Bulloch superior court.

Simmons C. J.-1. Where a promissory note for the principal sum of \$1.5, coata ming also a stipulation to pay 10 per cent as attorney's fees, was sued on in a justice's court, the summons requiring the defendant "to be and appear at the next justice's court. " to answer the complaint of (the plaintiff) in an action upon a note, a copy of which said note is attached to this summons," (and a copy of the note being attached, as stated), it was an action for attorney's fees as well as for the principal sum named in the note, and therefore beyond the jurisdiction of that court. Almand v. Almand & George, 95 Ga. 204, (a) The original record in the case of Bell & Bro. v. Rich, 73 Ga. 240, discloses that the summons in the action there dealt with was in the form above indicated.

2. A judgment rendered in such a case

action there dealt with was in the form above indicated.

2. A judgment rendered in such a case in the plaintiff's favor, though not including attorney's fees, was void for want of jurisdiction, the question as to jurisdiction "being dependent upon the amount of principal claimed in the original suit, and not upon the sum for which plaintiff finally obtained a judgment." Ashworth v. Harper, 95 Ga. 660.

3. The propositions above announced are not varied because the note in question was executed after the passage of the act of July 22, 1891 (acts of 189-81, vol. 1, p. 221), in relation to attorney's fees. Even under that act, such fees may be recovered if "a plea or pleas be filed by the defendant and not sustained;" but whether a plea be filed or not, the fees are sued for in an action of the kind above indicated, and it is the amount claimed in the action which fixes its status as to jurisdiction.

4. Inasmuch as the judgment to which the land in the action except and the section which the land in the expectation and the section which the land in the expectation and the section which the land in the expectation and the section which the land in the expectation and the section which the land in the expectation and the section which the land in the expectation and the section which the land in the expectation and the section and the section which the land the section which the land the section was a section as the judgment to which the land the section was a section as the judgment to which the land the section was a section as the form and the section and risdiction.

i. Inasmuch as the judgment to which e land in the present case was sought be subjected was void for want of juris-

letion, no title passed by a sherift's sale hereunder, and it was error to direct a erdict in favor of the plaintiff, the va-dity of whose title depended upon such Judgment reversed.
H. B. Strange, by Hines & Hale, for laintiff in error.
R. Lee Moore and Brannen & Moore,

Goettee v. Lane. Before Judge Gamble. Emanuel superior court.

Lumpkin, J.-Under the facts disclosed by the record, there was no abuse of disthe record, there was no abuse of dis-etion in granting the interlocutory in-

Judgment affirmed.

A. C. Wright, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance, contra. Mackey v. Bowles. Before Judge Callaway. Richmond superior court. Lumpkin, J.—I. The purchase by an administrator at his own sale of land belonging to the estate of his intestate being vo.dable at the option of an heir upon his election, within a reasonable time, to set the sale aside, the administrator could not, in his own name and right, before the expiration of such time, convey to another, who had notice of the facts, a good title to the land.

2. Although a person who bargained with an administrator for land which the latter

2. Although a person who bargained with an administrator for land which the latter had purchased at his own sale, and which he was undertaking to sell in his own right, paid a part of the purchase money, gave a promissory note for the balance, took a bond for titles and entered into possession without notice or knowledge of any defect in the vendor's title, such person could not, as against the right of the heir to set the sale of the administrator to himself aside, be treated as a bona fide purchaser for value, if he discovered the truth before completing the payment of the purchase money, or taking a deed from

purchaser for value. If he discovered the truth before completing the payment of the purchase money, or taking a deed from his vendor.

3. On the trial of an equitable petition filed by such purchaser to enjoin an action brought by the vendor in a city court for the balance of the purchase money, the plaintiff would be entitled to obtain a rescision of the contract of purchase under a judgment adjusting all the equities between these parties.

4. It would not, under the facts recited, be incumbent upon the plaintiff, as a prerequisite to the right of rescision, to account to the defendant for the value of a house upon the land which had been dehouse upon the land which had been de-stroyed by fire, unless it appeared that the burning was caused by the plaintiff's fault or negligence. Judgment reversed. J. C. C. Black and Bryan Cumming, for plaint.ff in error

plaint ff in error. Fleming & Alexander, contra.

City Council of Augusta v. Lombard, administrator. Before Judge Callaway. Richmond superior court.

Atk.nson, J.—I. When the question of the liability of a municipal corporation in Atk.nson, J.—l. When the question of the liability of a municipal corporation in an action for damages depended upon whether or not it had exercised reasonable care and diligence as to a particular matter connected with a business which the municipality was conducting for gain, and in which it was not exercising governmental functions, the fact that "in the opinion of the city officers" the proper diligence had been observed was not a good defense. Whether or not due diligence had been observed depended upon the facts as they existed, and not upon the views entertained of them by the municipal authorities. The rules for determining liability are the same as would be applicable to an action against a private corporation. See C.ty Council of Augusta v. Hudson, 88 Ga. 599.

2. If in such case the maintenance, use or discontinuance of certain water gates were matters under the control and direction of the municipal authorities, it would make no difference, as to damages resulting from the removal of the gates, by whom, or for what purpose, they were originally erected.

3. The numerous assignments of error

or for what purpose, they were originally erected.

3. The numerous assignments of error in admitting or refusing to rule out evidence, are not of sufficient weight or importance to require special notice.

4. An action for damages to specified articles of personalty resulting from an alleged tort, is amendable by averrang damages to other articles of personalty caused by the same tort and at the same time. An amendment of this kind does not introduce a new and distinct cause of action, but is simply an enargement of the cause of action originally set forth, and when made it relates back to the date upon which the declaration was filed.

5. Under the law as laid down in this case at the October term, 1893 (93 Ga. 281), and in view of the evidence submitted, the verdict in the plaintiff's favor was warranted, and there was no error in denying a new trial.

warranted, and there was no error in de-nying a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.

M. P. Carroll and W. T. Davidson, for blaintiff in error.

Black & Verdery and Boykin Wright,

Black & Verdery and Boykin Wright, contra.

Worlds v. Georgia Railroad. Before Judge Eve. City court of Richmond county. Atkinson, J.—I. When one enters the service of another, he impliedly assumes the usual ordinary r.sks incident in the employment about which he is engaged, and in discharging the duties which he has undertaken to perform, he is bound to take notice of the ordinary and familiar laws of nature applicable to the subject to which his employment relates; and if he fails to do this, and in consequence is injured, the injury is attributable to the risks of the employment, and the r.aster is not liable.

2. Where an employe of a "ailroad company, in the discharge of his duties, is directed to lift and carry an ordinary object, like a cross-tie, he is bound to take notice that it is heavy and that a certain amount of physical strength will be required to accomplish the task; and if he misconceives the amount of physical strength to be exerted, and over-strains himself in lifting the the and is thereby injured, the master is not liable. The fact that he was acting under the orders of a superior at the time, does not alter the question, even though he might have had reason to believe that disobedience of the order would result in his dismissal.

Judgment affirmed.

S. B. Vaughn and F. W. Capers, for plaintiff in error.

Joseph B. & Bryan Cumming, contra.

Cosnahan v. Rowland, administrator. Be-fore Judge Callaway. Burke superior court.
Simmons, C. J.—According to the principle laid down by this court in the case of Cleghorn v. Johnson, 69 Ga. 362, and Wim-

berly v. Mansfield, 70 Ga. 783, there was no error upon the trial of a claim case in refusing to admit in evidence in behalf of the claimant, who was claiming as the head of a family under an alleged homestead, an established copy of proceedings to set the same apart, it appearing that the order establishing such copy was granted by the ordinary while the claim case was pending and without notice to the plaintiff in execution.

Judgment affirmed.

T. D. Oliver and F. W. Capers, for plaintiff in error.

Johnston & Brinson, contra.

Johnston & Brinson, contra.

Johnston & Brinson, contra.

Reab v. Hull & Tobin. Before Judge Eve.
City court of Richmond county.
Lumpkin, J.—An answer to a garnishment issued upon a pending suit which, in effect, stated that the garnishees had in their hands a specified number of bales of cotton, to the proceeds of which, when soid, the defendant would be entitled, less a stated amount which had been advanced to him thereon by the garnishees, did not authorize the entering of a money judgment against the latter in the plaintiff's favor. Section 3305 of the code, relating to garnishments issued upon attachments, is, by section 3336, made applicable to garnishments in cases like the present.
Judgment affirmed.
Salem Dutcher, for plaintiff in error,

Salem Dutcher, for plaintiff in error, J. R. Lamar, contra.

National Bank of Augusta et al. v. Augusta Cotton Compress Co. et al. Before Judge Callaway. Richmond super.or court. Simmons, C. J.—1. There is nothing in the record of the present case which br.ngs into consideration the question whether or not section 1593 of the code was repealed or in any respect modified by the act of October 3, 1887, amending section 2138.

2. An equitable petition for an interpleader does not lie unless it appears from the allegations thereof that the conflicting claims of the defendants are of such character as to render it doubtful or danger acter as to render it doubtful or danger ous for the plaintiff to act, and in order to ous for the plaintiff to act, and in order to do this it is necessary that such claims be set forth so as to inform the court of their nature, character and foundation, at least to the extent of enabling it to determine whether or not an interpleader is essential to the plaintiff's protection. Code, section 3235: II Am. & Eng. Enc. of Law. 52; Story. Eq. Pl. 10 ed. section 323; Mitford & Tyler, Eq. Pl. and Prac. 235 236.

3. The petition in the present case did not come up to the requirements above stated, and accordingly the court erred in overruling the defendants' demurrers to the same.

ame.
Judgment reversed.
Frank H. Miller, and Joe B. Cumming,
or plaintiff in error. plaintiff in error.
R. Lamar and Fleming & Alexander,

Commercial Bank of Augusta v. Burck-halter et al. Before Judge Callaway Richmond superior court, Lumpkin, J.—A widow holding an execu-ion against the administrator of her de reased husband for a year's support has the right to redeem land which the latter in his lifetime conveyed to another for the purpose of securing a debt; and, upon her so doing, may have the land sold under her execution and take its proceeds in preference to a judgment creditor of the ntestate whose judgment was obtained before the execution of the security deed. Judgment affirmed.

J. R. Lamar, for plaintiff in error.

Salem Dutcher, contra.

Herron & Caudry v. Belt, trustee. Before Judge Callaway. Burke superior court. Atkinson, J.—The action being against a trustee, and having for its purpose the subjection of the trust property to the plaintiffs' demand, and the evidence, as applied to the allegations of the declaration, being insufficient to show that the cash and other articles furnished by the plaintiffs, and constituting the basis of that demand, were really for the use and benefit to the trust estate, or that it actually received the benefit of the same, there was no error in granting a nonsuit.

Thomas M. Berrien and John J. Jones &

Cohen v. Troy Laundry and Mfg. Co. Before Judge Falligant. Chatham superior court. Simmons C. J.—The writ of certiorari does not lie to reverse or set aside a judgment which the defendant therein has voluntarily paid and satisfied in full, and such payment cannot be treated as having been made under duress simply because it was made to prevent a levy upon the defendant's property of the execution issued from such judgment. See Teem v. Ellijay.

is to apply for the writ of certiorari and obtain a supersedeas.

3. It appearing in the present case from the peticion for certiorari that before suing out the same the plaintiff therein, which was the defendant in the judgment, in order to prevent the levy of the execution on its property, had "paid the costs in cash and given a note at thirty days for the balance," meaning thereby the principal and interest, and the magistrate's answer, which as to these ratters was not traversed, showing that the execution had been marked satisfied in full and returned to office, it was error, upon the facts thus appearing, to overcule the motion to dismiss the writ of certiorari.

S. Elliott, for plaintiff in error. A. L. Alexander, contra.

Fla. Cen. & Pen. R. R. Co. v. Hays. Befor Judge MacDonell. City court of Savan Lumpkin, J.-The questions of law pre Lumpkin, J.—The questions of law presented in this case have been settled by repeated adjudications of the court; following the doctrine laid down in the case of Harris v. Central Railroad, 78 Ga. 525, the allowance of the amendment to the declaration was proper; the trial judge committed no error, and the evidence warranted the verdict.

verdict.
Judgment affirmed.
Denmark, Adams & Freeman, for plaintiff in error.
Barrow & Osborne, contra.

Barrow & Osborne, contra.

Cooley v. Tybee Beach Co. Before Judge MacDonell. City court of Savannah.
Atkinson, J.—1. Until the final adjournment of the term at which a judgment by default has been entered, the court has such control thereof that it may, for any legal and satisfactory reason, set the same aside. It follows that even in a court where a final judgment may be rendered at the first term, the judge may, in his discretion and upon a proper showing at such term, set aside either a judgment by default or a final judgment entered thereon.

2. A tinal judgment in an action for unliquidated damages cannot, in any case, be lawfully entered without the introduction of evidence showing the amount of damages to which the plaintiff is entitled. Judgment affirmed.
O'Connor & O'Byrne, for plaintiff in error.
Garrard, Meldrim & Newman, contra.

Garrard, Meldrim & Newman, contra. McDonough & Co. v. Carter & Co. Before Judge MacDonell, City court of Savan

Judge MacDonell. City court of Savannah.

Lumpkin, J.-l. Possession of land under a claim of ownership being prima facte evidence of title in the occupant, the latter, upon proof of such possession, and without showing complete title, may maintain against a wrong-doer action for a trespass upon the property, committed while such possession existed.

2. Such an action is maintainable by a partnership, composed of two persons, in its first name, where one of its members claimed an undivided two-thirds of the land, and the other the remaining undivided one-third, any they were jointly occupying and using the land in the prosecution of their partnership business.

Many think when it was said to
the woman: 'In
sorrow shait thou
bring forth children" that a perpetual curse was pronounced, but such is
not the case. True,
dangers lurk in the
pathway of the expectant Mother and
should be avoided. 'Mother's Friend" "Mother's

so prepares the system for the change taking place that the final hour is robbed of all danger and pain. Its use insures safety to the life of both Mother and child, and makes child-birth easy and recovery more rapid.

"Mother's Friend" is the greatest remedy ever put on the market, and my customers praise it highly."—W.H.KING & Co., Whitewright, Tex.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA

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CASTORIA

PRACTICALLY PERFECT PREPARATION CHILDREN'S COMPLAINTS. C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A

Judgment affirmed.
O'Connor & O'Byrne, for plaintiffs in er-Cain & Kennedy, T. A. Parker and E. Savannah Savings Bank v. Logan.

Atkinson, J.—1. Where a debt, including both principal and interest and due by installments, if paid according to the terms of the contract, is free from usury, the transaction is not rendered usurious by the voluntary payment of the debt in full before some of the installments matured, although, as a result, the creditor would receive, in the aggregate, a sum amounting to more than the principal and the maximum legal rate of interest,

2. That a creditor holding such a debt, which was secured by a mortgage, threatened foreclosure if the installments past lue were not paid, and at the same time effused to cancel the mortgage unless the intreded to cancel the mortgage unless the interest on cancel the mortgage unless the order involuntary a payment of the debter entitled to a rebate of interest on the natured installments.

Judgment reversed. Atkinson, J.-1. Where a debt, including

Judgment reversed,
A. L. Alexander, and Denmark, Adams Freeman, for plaintiff in error. W. P. Hardee and E. S. Elliott, contra.

Savannah, Thunderbolt and Isle of Hope Ry, v. Middleton. Before Judge Mac-Donell. City court of Savannah. Simmons, C. J.—There being no complaint of any error of law, and the case depending entirely upon questions of fact as to which the evidence was conflicting, and, the trial judge being satisfied with the verdict, this court will not overrule his discretion in refusing to grant a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.

Saussy & Saussy and Barrow & Osborne, for plaintiff in error.

McAlpin & LaRoche, contra.

WHERE DIRT ABOUNDS.

A City in China Is the Filthiest on the Globe.

Amoy, in China, bears the unenviable rep tation of being the dirtiest and most un-tealthful city in the world, says The Pitts-org Dispatch. What is a more unpleasant act is the promise of the present tendency f affairs to a lower and worse condition. The reasons are obvious to a newcomer at

The city is built on the edge of a mou tainous island, and is exceedingly old. In-scriptions on ancient tombs run back as far as the beginning of the Christian era, and coins found in accidetally discovered graves date to dynasties from 1000 to 500 B. C. During all this period the hillsides of the city have been used as burying grounds. As the population increased the houses ncroached upon the cemetery land, until he two became hopelessly mixed. The United States consulate is regarded

as a very superior locality, but it is surunded by over 100 tombs. arge blocks of granite used in and about it are old tombstones. On the hill, immediately behind the residence of F. Mal-campo, the graves touch one another at every point, and form a solid white surface of rock, brick, porcelain and cement, cov-ering more than 1,000,000 square feet. Near the Lampaw-do joss house 30,000 bodies are said to have been buried vertically to save space. They lie, or stand, on a plat of ground of as many square feet. Amoy proper and its suburbs have a living oppulation of about 1,000,000, and a dead one of four and a half times as many. The wells are shallow, and are sunk on the

edges of the graveyards, and even among the tombs themselves. I have not seen one whose water is not muddy and discolored by the turning up of the soil.

The city is a relic of the past. It is walled still as it was in the time of Confucius. It has no sewers whatever. The streets vary from two to six feet in width; no wheeled vehicle can use them. An equestrian would experience great difficulty in turning a corner. Here and there is an open space or plaza, dug out so as to be huge receptacle, into which the streets

discharge their refuse. Cures, absolute, permanent cures have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world and the first place among medicines

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN. STRAYED—From 200 Crew street, medium size sorrel horse; forelock cut off short went in direction of Clark university traced as far as Hapeville. Information to be left with J. E. Singer at H. A. Boynton's, 19 East Alabama; reward.

BICYCLES.

VISIT the Atlanta Dental Parlors. Have teach inserted without plates. Have the finest gold and silver fillings inserted. For one-half usual charges during the summer. Nos. 403 and 404 Norcross building

FOR RENT-Miscellaneous. NICE OFFICE ROOMS for rent cheap. Apply 10 North Forsyth street.

WANTED-Houses.

HOUSE WANTED-We have a No. 1 cus tomer who desires, lst September, house of eight rooms in three to six block of the capitol. J. Henly Smith & Ton linson.

ANNONCEMENTS

For Alderman.

To the Voters of the City of Atlanta-I nereby announce myself as a candidate for alderman, north side, subject to primary August 27, 1896. FRANK P. RICE. I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for alderman from the south side subject to the action of the city executive committee, and ask the support of ma friends and fellow citizens.

I. S. MITCHELL.

For Councilman.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for member of the city council from the third ward, subject to the democratic primary. August 27th.

I respectfully announce as a candidate for the city council from the fourth ward, subject to the primary of August 27th.

GEORGE P. HOWARD.

I desire to announce that I am a candi date for the council from the sixth ward, subject to the action of the city executive committee. FRANK J. HOYLE.

Atlanta, Ga., July 30.—To the Voters of Atlanta: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for council from the third ward.
G. B. BEAUCHAMP. I am a candidate for alderman from the south side, subject to the primary called for August 27th. I respectfully solicit the support of the voters of Atlanta H. A. BOYNTON.

I am a candidate for city council from the second ward, and I respectfully solic-it the support of my friends and fellow citizens. Primary August 27th. M. M. WELCH.

For City Comptroller. I hereby announce myself as a candidate or the office of city comptroller for the city of Atlanta, subject to primary. My assist-

I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for city comptroller, subject to primary August 27th. R. G. de TREVILLE.

For City Sexton.

I announce myself as a candidate for city sexton, and if elected I will retire from other business and give it my personal attention.

I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for the office of city sexton, subject to the primary to be held August 27, 1896. H. D. AUSTIN. To the Voters of the City of Atlanta-1 hereby announce my candidacy for city sexton, subject to the action of the city executive committee.
CAPTAIN JOHN T. MILLS.

I most respectfully announce myself a candidate for the office of city sexton sub-ject to the democratic primary's action August 27, 1896. JAMES G. RUSSELL.

I hereby announce myself for sexton of Oakland cemetery, subject to the trimary of August 27th. I held this position from 1881 to 1891, and refer the while to my record.

WILLIAM A. BONNELL. I most respectfully announce myself a candidate for the office of city sexton, subject to the action of the primary August 27th.

C. G. HANNAH.

For City Treasurer.

I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for "e-election as city treasurer, subject to the primary, August 27th.

JOSEPH T. ORME. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of city sexton, subject to the primary of August 27, 1896.
VICTOR E. LAMBERT.

For City Marshal. I announce myself as a candidate for city marshal, with Mr. A. M. Shomo as deputy, subject to the primary, August 27, 1896. WELLBORN HILL.

didate for re-election to the office of cit marshal, subject to primary August 2t Mr. Alex Dittler will be associated wit me as deputy. JOHN W. HUMPHRIES.

For City Attorney. I respectfully announce myself for re-election as city attorney, subject to the action of white primary election called for August 27, 1896. J. A. ANDERSON. For City Clerk.

For City Clerk.

I respectfully annumes as a candidate for re-election for city clerk, subject to action of city executive committee. My associates in office will be T. J. Buchanan and George M. Hope. J. W. PHILLIPS.

I hereby annuance myself a candidate for the office of city clerk, subject to the primary August 27, 1896. Mr. W. J. Campbell will be associated with me.

W. D. GREENE.

For Tax Collector. I most respectfully announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of city tax collector, subject to democratic primary, August 27th. I respectfully announce myself a candidate for tax collector for the city.

JOHN F. WYNNE. For City Engineer.

I respectfully announce as a candidate for re-election to the office of city engineer, subject to the primary. August 27, 1896.
R. M. CLAYTON. For Commissioner Public Works.

I respectfully announce myself for re-election to the office of commissioner of public works, subject to the action of the primary August 21, 1896.

he will take your advertisement to the Constitution office free of charge. Phone 1814. HELP WANTED-Male.

If you will call a Messenger from the Southern Messenger Service

WANTED—Chef and pastry cook with ref-erences. Address Grand Central hotel, Columbia, S. C. WANTED—Three energetic, honest boys.

Apply with recommendation Tuesday
morning to room 500, the Grand building. MORE DEMAND for barbers than all other trades combined. Only eight weeks required to learn trade thoroughly; wages while learning; high grade tools donated. Catalogue mailed free. Cincinnati Barber college, 428 Plum street, Cincinnati, O. aug 4 3-t.

aug 4 3-t.

THE UNITED STATES Bond and Mortgage Company wishes to make liberal contracts with reliable, intelligent business men of good address to represent it in this and every county. Experienced Building and Loan and Insurance agents preferred. Address or call at No. 24 South Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

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AGENTS and branch managers, Salary or commission. Hunter Tailoring and Shirt

CASH PAID, both sexes, for their neighbors' addresses, also newspaper clippings \$35 per thousand. Inclose stamp for reply. Western Clipping Bureau, Kansas City, Mo. aug 4, 5, 6, 7

aug 4, 5, 6, 7

WANTED—Men and women make \$1 to \$1.50 an hour; boys and girls 50c to 75c an hour; new goods; new plan; no old-fashioned peddling; no risk; no license; freight paid; outfit free; money sent us after the order is taken. "Laundry Tablets" is an article of merit; gives satisfaction and is wanted by every housekeeper; it is the best seling 25c article on record; one man took forty orders the first day, and says: "It is the best seller I ever tried." Address at once, Tablet Depot, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—An idea Who can think of

WANTED-An idea. Who can think some simple thing to patent? Protect your fdeas; they may bring you wealth. Write John Wedderburn & Co., dept. A 12, patent attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,800 prize offer and list of inventions wanted.

May 31-12m

wanted—Experience
ply early. C. P. Byrd.

Ladies—I pay good wages for light, easy
work that can be done at home. No experience necessary. Write for particulars,
Address Ruth Goldsmith, Box 707, Chicago,
Ill. aug 2—156t sun tues thur

SITUATIONS WANTED-Male. EXPERIENCED Swiss wants work in garden or truck farm. Single, strong; can tend cows and horses. Gardener, Constitutions

SITUATIONS WANTED-Female. SUCCESSFUL teacher of long experi ence desires a position south. Branches taught. Higher mathematics. Latin class-ics, music. First-class testimonials. Ad-dress Miss B. C., Oak Grove, Va.

WANTED-Salesman

375 TO \$159 A MONTH and expenses paid salesmen for clears: experience salesmen for cigars: experience unnecessary; standard goods; Little Clerk cigar machine free to each customer. Bishop & Kline, St. Louis, Mo.
july5-13t sun tues thur

WANTED-Agents.

AGENTS WANTED—To sell Senator Teller's great silver book, "The Battle of the Standards,' the text book for this campaign. Send 15 cents for sample copy and outfit. Schulte Publishing Company, Chicago. cago.

WANTED—Agents. Pocket side line. Traveling or city. Extensively used in all business. Good commissions. William T. Hutchins, 110 S. Calvert street, Baltimore, Md.

Md.

NEDERLAND Life Insurance Company, (limited). Established 1858. Amsterdam, Holland. United States branch, main office New York city, Laukota & Judd, general mandters southern dept. Decker building, Union square. New York, writes the most attractive and easiest-selling policies of any company; reliable and energetic agents wanted all over Georgia. Apply with references, to A. L. Mitchell, general agent for Georgia, Athens, Ga. july-25-30t

WANTED-First-class salesmen on salary or commission, to sell our goods to the manufacturing trade. Address Stod-dard Oil and Compound Company, Cleve-

WANTED-To Exchange

WOULD GIVE vacant lots in good renting portion of city for small bouses built on other adjoining lots. J. S. Owens, 20 Decatur street. aug2-4t-sun-na thu sun WILL EXCHANGE for vacant or improved city property 35 acres, with about 10 acres cleared, fronting 1,480 feet on W. and A., E. T. and G. P. railroads, about 4½ miles from the Kimbail; will trade a portion. J., Box 263.

aug2-4t-sun tues fri sun

BOARDERS WANTED—64 Forrest avenue; elegant, large, shaded grounds, extra large front room, baths, etc.; fine table; BOARDERS WANTED-Large front room. nicely furnished and excellent table fare. Location desirable and close in. No. 93 Auburn avenue, corner Courtiand.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

INVEST NOW—Wheat 55c and corn 25c per bushel; pork 36 per barrel; lowest prices ever known. Send for our free book explaining how to make money on investments of \$10\$ and up. Bank references. R. D. Oliver & Co., brokers. Chicago stock exchange, Chicago, and 25 Broadway, New York. aug 4 3-t tues-thur-sun FOR SALE—A first-class equipped bottling siphon and retort business in operation; city of 5,000; fine local and bar trade; splendid shipping business; best distributing point in the country; good paying customers and good profits; no competition; hotel center and winter resort. I want to enter the wholesale grocery business; will sell the above business and good will for 50 per cent of cost value. Bottler, care Constitution, Atlanta.

FOR SALE-Horses, Carriages, Etc. FOR SALE-Shetland pony, well broken. 217 Capitol avenue.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous. TWO eight-foot, double desks, ship TWO eight-foot, double desks, simple, here by mistake, for sale very cheap. Must be sold at once. The Globe Company, E. L. Gash, agent, box 700, Atlanta

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES. \$5 AVERAGE WEEKLY ne: income with \$250 invested; safe, conservative. Prospetus, proofs free. F. Daly, 1293 Broadwa New Yo'k.

BUILDING MATERIAL. LUMBER AT A SACRIFICE—In house bills we will sell framing at \$8; weather-boarding, \$8; surface sheathing, \$8; flooring, \$7, \$8 and \$10; No. 1 shingles, \$2 to \$2.25; No. 2 shingles, \$1.25. Sash, doors, blinds and moldings at cut prices. We are closing out our stock at 31 Ivy street. W. S. Bell & Bro.

july 28-7t

FOR RENT-Houses, Cottages, Etc., FOR RENT-A seven-room house, No. Luckie street, near business part of city Apply to R. C. Mitchell, 236 Ivy street. aug 4 2-t FOR RENT-Nice 5-room cottage, water and gas, 51 W. Fair street. Call at 52 W. Fair for keys.

ONE 3-room house, \$5; 15-r. house, \$10; 15-r. house and store, \$10, John Ficken, Administrator, 148 Houston street.

FOR RENT-Rooms. FOR RENT-Two nice connecting rooms; gas, water and bath; close in. Apply 130 Auburn avenue. Terms reasonable. Diamonds Again

Many persons are surprised that we have such fine diamonds. But that is the only kind we keep, the country of the surprised that is the only kind we keep.

Julius R. Watts & Co. WHERE IS DET Cash Paid for Old Gold & Silver

Security Warehouse Co.

The only strictly storage warehouse Rates the lowest.

FOUNDRY ST. AND W. & A R.

MONEY TO LOAN. GEORGE S. MAY, private banker, in Temple Court. Loans on collateral as Atlanta real estate: principals only; and direct to me; lowest rates; best term

RILEY-GRANT CO. negotiate loans at the WEYMAN & CONNORS negotiate lam on city property at 6 and 7 per car. Money ready for parties wanting quet loans. Call in person. No. 825 Equitable building.

WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can be row what money you want from Atlant Discount Company. Office, fifth floor Im-BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate lease on Atlanta real estate and Georgia fam lands. Gould building. Atlanta.

SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 537 Equitate
building, negotiates real estate mortans
loans on property in or near Atlanta derower can pay back any way he please
april9-6m

MONEY TO LOAN straight at 5.5% fast 7 per cent for five years on real estats Fulton and DeKalb counties; also mose by payment plan: purchase money am wanted. W. A. Foster, No. 2 North and street.

SHORT and long loans on easy term notes bought; money on hand; no dear Sam C. Dean, attorney-at-law, rooms 1-3 37/2 Whitehall street. WE LEND MONEY for building home paying off mortgages also purchase more notes bought. Rates, 5 to 8 per cent; loss time. Call at headquarters, 811 Equitable july 62

WE HAVE ON HAND \$1.000 at 7 per cat interest and an unusually small commi-sion. Call at once. Barker & Hollema Gould building. aug 1-3t sat sun me REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At Lithia Springs, Ga., a han-some and commodious cettage of 10 room facing the grounds of the Sweet Water Pat hotel; house is new, with ample halls of verandas. Price \$2,500. H. L. Punh. Lithia Springs. Ga. july 26 27 28 29 30 31 aug 1 2 3

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennynyl Pills (Diamond Brand), are the best. Sa reliable. Take no other. Send 4c, sam for particulars. "Relief for Ladies" in it-ter by return mail. At druggists. Chiche-ter Chemical Company, Philadelphia, Pa-june 21-15 et sun tues thur.

PREPARING E HOW to become lawful physiciats. Let tures by mail. Illinois Health University.

REWARD—For return of \$46 this morning, August 3, '95, W. C. Cousins, 37½ Whitehall,

FINANCIAL. WANTED-Equitable Loan and Security Co. stock, classes A and B; give number nt paid, and also price

WANTED—Owner of lot in good locally south s de, to build house for me as receive payment in monthly or quartery

WANTED-Real Estate.

FOR RENT-Furnished Houses. FOR RENT-Eight-room house, furnished, all modern improvements; north side.

North Broad Street, corner h., 269 E. Fair h., 223 Courtland h., 216 Angler avenue, nice

FOR RENT

By D. P. Morris & Sons, 48 N. Broad St., Corner Walton.

We move tenants free.

Estate and Renting Agents, 207 Equitable Building-Telephone 1209.

1209.

4-r. h., East Fair; G. W. B., E., h., Courtland; G. W. B., E. bells.

1-r. h., Cowrland; G. W. B., E. bells.

1-r. h., Woodward ave: G. W. B., E., berls.

1-r. h., Spring; G. W. B., E., berls.

1-r. h., Spring; G. W. B., E., berls.

1-r. h., Baltimore block; G. W. B., E., berls.

1-r. h., Capito; avenue; G. W. B., E., berls.

1-r. h., Cooper; G. W. B., E., berls.

WORKED

Richard Lott, th Murderer. '

Officers Could No day-The Cas Mys The arrest and co Lott, the alleged I one of the most n

It has been disco no such murder as ted in Brooklyn. C city yesterday afteri Mrs. O'Donnell and been murdered there he knew nothing of To add still furti the case, Smith skip prisoner in the ha and has left no clev The city was searcy yesterday, but he searcy If he is caught h confined at the sta Smith had an en Connolly at his at 8 o'clock, but h chief then ordered

Chief Connolly a nings are unable should have Lott

The local Lott ac thorities yesterd er was his to another party

fact a secret. Richard Lott lyn July 5th. Isis and as he had no ing his way as painter by profess ta last Saturday Florida house on the toughest hole where his brothe that he never Lott was arre day night and locat the instance latter put up su

ented to hold the lyn authorities of stated that he the right man a was Cushman. Th Lott disappear authorities thin may be co-work scheme, but just a mystery. Certa a mystery. Certa Smith, if that is

But the questie These curious peared as myst They evidently h

tive, and that L

Members of th another prelimina was thought tha be presented to th ing, but the supe he was attend at Austell, and h plete the program ever, secured the ber of prominent gestion the final by the president a assembly. It will days. A detail co which will grant desire to erect

> with the work. FRANCE TO

The assembly v

fore the encamp

The Acting Con some Re Mr. L. DeGive conferred upon hi ment in consider the visiting Fren

It was the duty

consul general of to have been her another part of t Give consented to This he did, and faction that whe to France they n reports. The go cided to reward vices and as he they sent him to costliest design. They are of t near Paris. The cannot be bough by the governm

manufacturing go away, either as p lies of Europe, who has render of France. Mr. DeGive is has served in th years. He is the ta's foremost an

HIGH SCH Big Fire Starts

partment was th the new Boys' being burned to ly after 12 o'clocing is to be cove terial for this co rels near the bu was ignited in quickly spread shot high into smoke rolled up while it looked as school saved fro

are surprised that fine diamonds. But kind we keep, it to buy one soon for please you in qual-

Watts & Co. 57 Whitehall. Old Gold & Silver

Varehouse storage warehouse

TIONAL.

seal ring; letters "W, red stone. Reward of ler Smith, 719 Temple aug 4 5-t

Loan and Security and B; give numbers and also price wanted.

-4t-tues thur sat sun

d house for me and monthly or quarterly action and dimensions ame. E. D. C., care

rnished Houses.

n house, furnished; nts: north side. Ad-nstitution.

RENT.
the Renting Agent, 50 et, corner Walton.

August 15th

Edgewood ..

. See notice.

Sons, 48 N. Broad

RENT

Walton.

range)

Peachtree

rd & Stacy. Reel

ng Agents, 205-ilding—Telephone

W \$20 00 G W B 25 00 V B E hells 25 00 G W B 25 00 W B 25 00 W B 25 00 G W B 27 50 G W B 35 00 G W B 35 00

B., E. bells. . . . 35 00 W. B. 50 00

-Real Estate.

has come to the notice of the local authorities in some time. It has been discovered that there was no such murder as the erstwhile Detective Smith so graphically described ever commit-AND W. & A. R. R ted in Brooklyn. Chief Connolly received a dispatch from the chief of police of that TO LOAN.

city yesterday afternoon stating that if any Mrs. O'Donnell and her two daughters had been murdered there in the last two weeks, he knew nothing of it.

To add still further to the mystery of
To add still further to the mystery of
the case, Smith skipped the city, leaving his
the case, Smith skipped of the authorities, the case. Smith skipped the cry, warming prisoner in the hands of the authorities, prisoner in the hands of the authorities, and has left no clew as to his whereabouts. The city was searched thoroughly for him the city was searched thoroughly for him to the city was searched thoroughly for him to the city was searched the city was a constant to have a constant the city was constant to the city was constant. confined at the station house.

Smith had an engagement to meet Chief Connolly at his office yesterday morning at 8 o'clock, but he never showed up. The chief then ordered the prisoner released, and Lott went on his way rejoicing. Police Are Mystified.

Chief Connolly and Captain Henry Jen-nings are unable to understand why Smith should have Lott arrested when there was no reward. It may have been a case of spite on the part of the alleged detective, but Lott states that he never saw Smith his incarceration, and he stoutly claimed his innocence. He stated that he had a

WORKED A FAKE

Murderer, Turned Loose.

day-The Case Shrouded in

Mystery.

brother in this city employed at the Troy The local Lott acknowledged to the authorities yesterday that the strang-er was his brother and later in the day he is said to have stated to another party that the man was not

fact a secret. Richard Lott states that he left Brooklyn July 5th. It's destination was Atlanta, and as he had no money, he has been beating his way as best he could. He is a painter by profession. He arrived in Atlan-ta last Saturday night, and went to the Florida house on Decatur street, one of the toughest holes in this city. He knew where his brother worked, but it seems hat he never took the trouble to fine

Lott was arrested by Officer Bates Sunday night and locked in the station house at the instance of Detective Smith. The latter put up such a straight tale that sented to hold the prisoner until the Brook-lyn authorities could be heard from. Smith stated that he was positive that Lott was the right man and that his right name was Cushman. There was also \$1,500 for his

Lott disappeared as soon as he was released, and has not been seen since. The authorities think that Smith and Lott a mystery. Certain it is, however, that th. If that is his name, is no detective, and that Lott, if that is his name,

is no murderer. But the question is, who are they? These curious individuals have disappeared as mysteriously as they came. They evidently have some object in their

PREPARING FOR THE ASSEMBLY.

Members of the Chautauqua Held a The Southern Chautauqua Assembly held another preliminary meeting vesterday. It was thought that the programme would be presented to the members at this meeting, but the superintendent explained that he was attending a protracted meeting at Austell, and had been unable to com-plete the programme as yet. He had, however, secured the services of quite a num-ber of prominent people, and at his suggestion the final work upon it will be done by the president and vice president of the assembly. It will be announced in a few days. A detail committee was appointed which will grant concessions to those who desire to erect and rent tents, furnish meals and sell delicacies on the grounds. The assembly will meet once more before the encampment. This will be on next Monday morning, but long before that time everything will be in readiness to proceed

with the work. FRANCE TO MR. DE GIVE.

The Acting Consul Receives a Handsome Remembrance. DeGive has had quite an honor conferred upon him by the French government in consideration of his services to the visiting Frenchmen during the exposi-

It was the duty of Count d'Anglade, the consul general of France, at New Orleans, to have been here, but he was called to another part of the country, and Mr. De-Give consented to act in his stead. This he did, and with such general satisfaction that when the visitors went back to France they made mention of it in their reports. The government of France decided to reward Mr. DeGive for his ser-

to France they made mention of it in their reports. The government of France decided to reward Mr. Declive for his scrivices and as he would accept no money, they sent him two beautiful vases of the costilest design.

They are of the manufacture of Sevres, near Paris. The vases that are made there cannot be bought. The works are owned by the government and are used only in manufacturing goods that are to be given away, either as presents to the royal families of Europe, or when the government wishes to confer an honor upon some one who has rendered a service to the republic of France.

Mr. DeGlive is a native of Belgium and has served in the capacity of consul for that government for nearly thirty-seven years. He is the owner of the Grand and Columbia theaters, and is one of Atlanta's forempost and most respected citizens.

HIGH SCHOOL MENACED.

Big Fire Starts in Some Tar Stationed Near It.

The quick work of the Atlanta fire department was the only thing that saved the new Boys' High school building from being burned to the ground yesterday shortly after 12 o'clock. The roof of the building is to be covered with tar and the material for this covering was in twelve barriols near the building. One of the barrels was figured in some way and the flames shot high into the air and thick, blacks smoke rolled up into the air and thick, blacks should be set on fire. After a few minutes' hard work the fire was got under control and the school saved from destruction.

Therest-bearing certificates of deposit are issued by the Atlanta Trust and Banking Company for three, six, nine or twelve months; interest payable at end of term of as desired, aug2-im-sun-tues-fri

MAKING IT CLEAR.

Money as a Measure of Value and as a Circulating Medium. a Circulating Medium.

Editor Constitution—The great confounding mystery in trying to enlighten one's self on the financial question lies in this: getting money Richard Lott, the Alleged Brooklyn tion lies in this: getting money whose particular function is a measure of value, confused with money whose particulating lar function is currency or circulating WHERE IS DETECTIVE SMITH? dium. I try to clear this mystery in this article. My purpose is to epitomize the silver question and make it so clear that no person can miss the central thoughts, and Officers Could Not Find Him Yesterone seeing the point, can hesitate one moment as to how he should vote. I have before used some of these illustrations in private discussion, but as they fully illustrate the point, I use them here. I will The arrest and confinement of Richard sider the question under four different Lott, the alleged Brooklyn murderer, is one of the most mysterious affairs that

1. Has the value of a dollar changed? 2. How is it changed; by what principle?
3. If it has been changed, who is the beneficiary?

4. Replies to objections commonly used against bimetallism.

against bimetallism. In answer to question No. 1, we assert the value of the dollar has changed; and to get a clear understanding, you must learn the purpose of a dollar, what relation it sustains to trade and commerce, as a measure of value—and to do this we must measure its value at different periods of time to determine if there be a change. The measure of value in a dollar can only be impressed on our minds by comparison, for we cannot see value, and, therefore, to get a proper understanding of its purchasing we cannot see value, and, thersfore, to get a proper understanding of its purchasing power you must exchange it for other commodities, and in that scale we will test a United States dollar in 1873-if then we had taken it to a merchant and asked him to give you its value in calico he would have cut for you ten yards—then to your grocery merchant, and asked him to give you the value of a dollar in bacon, he would have handed you ten pounds, and then if you had tried the cotton merchant for one dollar's value in cotton you would have received seven pounds; then try wheat, and you get sixty pounds for your dollar; and if further evidence is wanted. I refer the reader to forty-five of the most commonly used articles as prepared by Mumhall. British statistician, but enough has been shown by the above comparison for the reader to get a clear idea of the value of adults in 1872. New westill have for the reader to get a clear idea of the value of a dollar in 1873. Now we still have value of a dollar in 1873. Now we still have what we call a United States dollar in 1896—let us try its value in the same scale. You find that the merchant will give you for the value in your dollar twenty to twenty-five yards of calico, instead of ten in 1873; twenty to twenty-five pounds of bacon, instead of ten in 1873; twenty pounds of cotton instead of seven in 1873, and 150 pounds of wheat instead of sixty in 1873. Now, any candid person will concede that if the purchasing power in a dollar in 1873 was the measure of a dollar, then the value we call a dollar in 1896 is a fraud, or vice yersa, both cannot be the standard of value versa, both cannot be the standard of value or a dollar? I am often told that the sole cause of this change in prices at the two

periods of time is from overproduction. I answer yes. Overproduction of wheat makes cheap wheat, but overproduction of wheat and underproduction of money makes ver. now came to the fourth head, "Replies to objections commonly urged." I find in The New York World, of July 24th, this in-quiry, which I divide into three heads, and answer separately: 1. "How under free coinage are wages, wheat and underproduction of money makes cheaper wheat.

How is the value of a dollar changed, and by what priciple? I will ask the reader to follow closely, while I elucidate that question. We will here have to make a dollar. So, the first thing necessary is the directions for making a doilar, that is, the law, which is, first, "That 25.8 grains of standard gold shall be a dollar." (Standard gold is gold that is 9-10 pure.) And whenever we find a piece of standard gold with 25.8 grains in it, it is a dollar, coined or uncoined—the coinage is free by the government, and its stamp on the metal only puts at rest any suspicion that the piece of metal has not the required quantity and quality. The next direction is "that this dollar shall be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private." This creates 1. "How under free comage are walaries and pay of laborers to be increated in the absence of any law requiring acrease?" To this we answer, the law regulates the price of labor is never ab-sent; the price of labor is regulated by the supply of laborers as compared with the labor to be done. Since the gold standard reduces the circulation, reduced circulation reduces demand; reduced demand turns out more idle labor to compete with employed

want.

2. "Must not advance in wages depend upon the voluntary action of employes?"
We answer, no. With better profes for all products, we have better profits and demand. Profit and demand open up new industry, which in turn opens up work for the unemployed, and with everybody busy the laborer can say to his employer in an independent way, "I can't work for your price, for the reason I can get more from your competitor; or I can produce corn, wheat, cotton or other product; I can open up a shop, and a dozen things that I can do that will make me more."

3. "And if no such advance is made, will not the wage earner be the worse off for any increase that may occur in the price of his supplies?" It seems to us that this has already been answered in our reply to the second question; but will add this: Blind, indeed, is the man who has stood by and watched for twenty years the fall in the volume of business and the decline in profits and yet flatters himself that this decline will not reach his wages.

As to the 50-cent dollar, what is called a 50-cent dollar contains 371% grains of pure silver, in some countries more. Three hundred, seventy-one and one-quarter grains dollar shall be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private." This creates the demand for the dollar, and the metal out of which the dollar is made increases in value because of the increased demand for it. The next direction is "Congress shall have the right to coin money, and to regulate its value." Now, before we assume to show how its value is regulated, we lay down the quantitated theory of money as our rule, and here assert that there is no other theory known, or used, than this to get it on our mind that the money we are now discussing is primary money-redemption money-standard money or standard of value—and the difference between this and all other money is that it \$\frac{1}{2}\$ not only a full legal tender, but it performs this additional function, it measures the value of all other moneys. We will discuss these other moneys further on under the head of "Currency." Now, when the value of a dollar is changed it is done by increasing or diminishing the primary money. If we increase the number of primary dollars we decrease their value, if we decrease or diminishing the primary money. If we increase the number of primary dollars we decrease their value; if we decrease their number we increase their value, just like a crop of wheat or cotton—a large crop, cheap prices; small crop, high prices. Now.

As to the 50-cent dollar, what is called a 50-cent dollar contains 371¼ grains of jure silver, in some countries more. Three hundred, seventy-one and one-quarter grains of silver will buy as much now as in 1873. If you doubt it, take that weight of bullion and a table of prices current today and compare their value.

As to the Mexican dollar being a 50-cent dollar, we answer: The Mexican dollar was a legal tender in the United States a few years ago, and its dollar value of purchasing power was the same in the United States then that it is in Mexico today. If 25 8-10 grains of gold bought the same as 371¼ grains of silver in 1872, and silver buys the same today it did in 1872, and the gold twice as much, answer me candidly, which has changed?

The measure of value being out of balcheap prices: small crop, high prices. Now, the bimetallist or silver man favors the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and making 371½ grains of silver the unit of value, and a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and thereby increase the number of primary dollars and decrease their value—and here we are met with the assertion by the honorable secretary of the treasury and the secretary of the interior that our theory is wrong. for the reason that we have coined since 1873 about 4,500,000 silver dollars, while we only coined 8,000,000 for a period of eighty-one years prior to 1873. I do not deny this statement, and it seems to the uninformed that it is a clincher, and the silver man will have to look elsewhere for the cause of our woes. But this statement is a delusion. I desire to say that any person who makes such a statement, either The measure of value being out of balance, we must try and find the wrong; therefore test the disordered scale with other scales that are in order or perfect balance. In this case, gold is the scale out of balance, and our gold friends insist on proving that it is correct by comparing it to itself. I claim a criminal can't be sworn in his own interest. I claim gold must be tested by other means than comparing with itself.

Another feer entertained by gold men is

for the cause of our woes. But this statement is a delusion. I desire to say that any person who makes such a statement, either does not know anything about what he assumes to discuss, or else he deliberately attempts to deceive the ignorant. Any informed person knows there is as great a difference in buying silver and coining it into certificate dollars that are backed up with gold, as is now done, and free coinage as there is between light and darkness. While it is true that the coinage has been about 450,000,000 since 1873, or about forty times as many silver dollars as was coined prior to that period—yet not a dollar is primary money, but is resting on gold; consequently, it is a certificate dollar, and in no way effects the measure of value, not being primary or adding to the number of dollars that are the standard of value. They are, therefore, nothing more than certificates or currency—and here I want to make a distinction between primary money is the standard of value, and may at the same time be currency. Currency is greenbacks, treasury notes, silver certificates and silver dollars, as they are now coined by this government, but none of these can be the standard of value or the measure of value, or in any way affect values, if it is kept good (this is as long as we don't issue more than we can redeem in gold)—they are nothing but certificates against gold, which is their measure of value, and whatever 25.8-10 grains of gold is worth is their value; hence, the issuing of certificates does not increase or diminish the number of primary

forever trying to depress what they are to receive for their debts? Or will they foster its value and bolster up its price?

Another thought: We are told that it is dishonest to thus change the value of a dollar. In answer, if it be dishonest to reduce its value now, with the consent of a majerity of citizens of this country, what was it in 1873, when its value was increased without their knowledge or consent in favor of the rich?

We are told it will bring on a revolution. I answer, the common people have passed through a revolution in declining prices. Is the money power less able to stand a revolution than the people?

We are told this movement is in favor of the silver mine owner. I answer, if the silver mine owner. I answer, if the silver mine owner bought with 371½ grains of silver, in 1873, ten pounds of cotton, he can buy today ten pounds of cotton, with 371½ grains of silver, and every other property likewise. If you change the law back as it was in 1873, and it still buys ten pounds of cotton, we see that the relative value or purchasing power of silver is not changed. How, therefore, can it affect the interest of the silver mine owner, one way or the other, except as it brings general prosperity.

other, except as it was a state of the perity.

I had not intended to be so long. I give these thoughts for what they are worth.

HAL L. JOHNSTON.

Atlanta, Ga., July 27, 1896. Died of Cholera Infantum. Died of Cholera Infantum.

Clara Belle Cochran, a little girl oneyear-old, died very suddenly yesterday
morning at the residence of Mr. C. C. Gillett, 223 Howell street. The child's parents
live in West End, but were on a visit to
Mr. and Mrs. Gillett, when the child was
taken suddenly sick with cholera infantum
and died before it could be removed to its
home. The funeral will take place today
and the interment will be at Westview
cemetery. SHOT HIS FRIEND

A Fatal Accident Near the Exposition Park Yesterday Morning.

WERE PLAYING WITH A GUN

And Lon Kidwell Shot Thomas Barn-well in the Side-Coroner's Jury Said It Was an Accident.

Thomas Barnwell, a young man twenty Thomas Barnwell, a young man twenty years of age, was shot and killed by Lon Kidwell, his bosom friend, about 8 o'clock yesterday morning. Barnwell received in his right side a full load of birdshot from his right side a tolk road of bridshot from a shotgun, and died within three-quarters of an hour after the shot was fired. The fatal accident occurred at the Green-hill dairy farm, near the exposition grounds, and about five miles from the center of the city. Both young men were employed

at this establishment, and gross careless-ness in using firearms was the cause. Coroner Paden was notified of the death and summoned a jury and held an inquest at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Several witnesses were examined, including the young man who did the shooting, and the evidence was conclusive that the shooting was purely an accident. The jury return-ed a verdict to this effect, and thoroughly

ed a verdiet to this state, and the constraint exonerated young Kidwell.

Barnwell came to Atlanta about eight months ago from Jackson county, where his parents now reside. During this period he has been in the employ of the Greenhill was a volume man of high dairy farm, and was a young man of high moral character.
Young Kidwell is the son of the proprie-

tor of the farm and is nineteen years age. He regrets the accident very deeply and states that he and the deceased had been the very best of friends ever since

Played with Firearms.

of time. But an evil day came, and tartful schemer got in his work on the measure of value without the knowledge or co

vatchman on the tower exclaiming "Cri

crime" yet the warning was passed built the people have with each succeeding as been forced to the conclusion that the watchman was right—for the people's tas due, the tax to pay principle and interest on bonds; the tax is measured in delice.

is due, the tax to pay principle and interest on bonds; the tax is measured in dollars, because the bonds are measured in dollars, and, he who produces wealth in cotton, corn, wheat or other products have to go on the market and buy dollars with his products at the market price, and in cotton he finds it takes twenty pounds to buy a dollar; in wheat, 150 pounds to buy a dollar; in corn, four bushels to buy a dollar. Then he inquires why he is paying more for these dollars, and he finds that the great government which he pays his tax to sustain has taken an advantage of him and been changing the standard of value or measure

changing the standard of value or measure of value, and the dollar is worth twice what it was when he had free coinage of gold and

in his own interest. I claim gold must be tested by other means than comparing with itself.

Another fear entertained by gold men is, that if both gold and silver are made primary money, their value would not be on a parity or be of the same value, and we would, if silver was less valuable than gold, have a cheap dollar. I answer that whatever is the value of 371½ grains of silver—it being the unit—would be the value of a dollar; and if the new demand for silver did not bring it up, and the decreased demand for gold did not bring it down, until they were practically of one value, then it would be the duty of congress to reduce the number of grains in a gold dollar so that it would be of the same value as 371½ grains of silver. That is exactly what was done in 1824 by congress.

I impress on the reader that under this theory a primary dollar can never be worth less than itself—worth less than 371½ grains of silver; this being true, where is your 50-cent dollar? But, suppose there was a constant agitation of the silver value and an attempt to bring on a panic, it could only be done by the money power—if the common people were inclined to disturb values, they are powerless.

Another thought: About one-half the private contracts due this money power are made payable in gold; the other half in coin (either gold or silver). The creditor knows his debtor will pay in the cheap dollar, so, being on notice that they are to receive silver for their debts, will they foster its value and bolster up its price?

Another thought: We are told that it is altered to the silver the silver water to the silver the silver water to the silver water to the silver water to silver to the silver water to silver the thought: We are told that it is altered to the silver water to the silver water in the cold that it is altered to the silver the silver water in the silver water to the silver water and the silver water to the silver water and the silver water t

Soon after breakfast, yesterday morning, just before they had begun their day's work, the boys were seated in front of the little cottage under the giant oaks. A young man by the name of Hitten, who works on the farm, was also present. One of the party suggested that they try their marksmanship with a pistol. Consequently

Barnwell went into the house and brought out a revolver and a shotgun. The young fellows amused themselves for some time by shooting at marks, when Barnwell left the party and walked around the house. He soon returned at the other side, however, and discovered Kidwell holding the shotgun, cocked, in his hand.

Kidwell's attention was suddenly attracted by something; the trigger caught in his

suspender and the gun fired.

The full load of birdshot went into Barnwell's right side just below the ribs. He fell heavily to the ground not ten feet from the muzzle of the deadly gun. The horrible realization of what he had done quickly lashed over Kidwell, and he rushed to the side of his prostrate friend and begged him most piteously to live.

Walker soon arrived on the scene, and the wounded man was carried ten into the house. The physician did everything in his power to resuscitate the dvine efforts would prove futile, but a little brandy was administered and Barnwell finally opened his eyes.

His Dying Words.

For some time the dying boy talked with his old friends. He turned to the physician and asked him to pray for him. The dying man then turned to his friend, from whose man then turned to his triend, from whose hands he had received the fatal shot. "Lon," said he, "don't worry about this any more, for I know it was not your fault and that you could not help it. I do not die with a single hard feeling against

Two minutes later he was dead. The coroner's inquest was held under the shade of the old oaks surrounding the little cottage. It did not take the jury long to bring in a verdict. The body lay in the little cabin on the farm last night. The parents of the deceased were notified by telegraph yesterday, and it is probable that the interment will occur in the family rying ground near the old hom

"SEBEN ELEBEN" THEIR BANE. Band of Crap Tossers Caught in the Act.

Sandy Crawford, Henry Floyd, Lewis Cook, LaFayette Burdett, Jim Gaston and Henry Bridges, all negroes, were bound over to the city criminal court yesterday by Judge Foute. They were so deeply involved in an interesting game of craps out in Bellwood Sunday night that they did not note the approach of the county police, who caught them in the very act. Each of their bonds was fixed at \$190, which none of them succeeded in gilyng.

SACKS TEMPTED DORSEY.

Stole Nine Hundred of Them and Now

He's in Jail. Joe Dorsey, a negro drayman, was tried yesterday with two other negroes before Justice Bloodworth on the charge of lar-ceny from the house. Dorsey was found ceny from the house. Dorsey was tound guilty of the charge and bound over to the city criminal court. The other men were released, no case having been made out against them. Dorsey stole about 900 sacks from a warehouse in the city and gave them to the two innocent parties to sell, making them his cat's paw. In default of bond he was sent to fall.

A Wonderful Medicine

BEECHAMS

For Billous and Nervous disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddle ness, Fullness and Swelling after meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c., when these symptoms are caused by constipation, as most of them are. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills and they will be acknowledged to be

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE. BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restere Females to complete health.

They promptly remove obstructions or irregu-

larities of the system. For a Weak Stomach Impaired Digestion **Disordered Liver**

they act like magic—a few doses will work won-ders upon the Vital Organs; strengthening the muscular system, restoring the long-lost com-plexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the Rosebud of Health the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are facts admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debili-tated is that Beecham's Pills have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the World.

WITHOUT A RIVAL.

Annual Sales more than 6,000,000 Boxes

25c. at Drug Stores, or will be sent by U.S.
Agents. B. F. ALLEN CO., 385 Canal St., New
York, post paid, upon receipt of price. Book

The E. A. degree will be conferred.

George W. Case, W. M.

M. Z. Crist, Secretary.

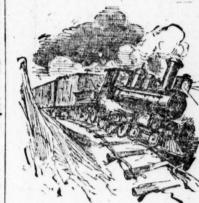
MR. P. E. NIMMO DEAD. Passed Away at His Residence, 51

Connally Street, Yesterday. Mr. P. E. Nimmo, who is very well known here in Atlanta and who has been a resident of the city for a number of years died very suddenly yesterday morning at o'clock at his residence, 51 Connally street. Mr. Nimmo was sixty years old at the time of his death and was apparently in the very best of health. Yesterday morning his wife was awakened by his loud breathing and found him in a dybig condition. A physician was sent for, but when he arrived Mr. Nimmo had expired. His wife was prostrated with grief at his sudden death. He was a member of St. Paul's church, from which place his funeral will take place this afternoon. The intermen

FIRE CHIEFS TO MEET.

Atlanta's Fire Chief Gone to Salt Lake to the Convention.

and Mrs. W. R. Joyner left last night for Salt Lake City, accompanied by their son Richard. Mrs. Joyner will stop his son will continue on to Salt Lake City where "Cap" goes to attend a convention of fire chiefs. They will take an extended tour through the north and west and reurn to Atlanta late in the autumn.



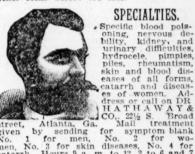
Off the Track.

At 173 Less than actual value.
We call attention to our sale of children's

33 Per Cent Discount.

on the entire line—age four to fifteen.
Odd pants worth from \$5 to \$7.50 prove good sellers at \$3.50. EISEMAN & WEIL, THE POPULAR

IT IS AN ALARMING FACT That a large majority of the people are lost to all the attributes which would make them strong, brave and noble. With health all the body is capable of proper action. Those who are sufficing from physical decay or any lingering disease as the re-



APOLLO WORKS EASY.

A galvanized-iron job-any job -is easiest done with perfect iron; difficult work especially.

Time is money, and doubt is money too. You can always get what you want

of Apollo promptly. Is there any good reason for using poor iron?

> Apollo Iron and Steel Company, Pittsburgh, Pa.

- WATCH -

BY COMPETENT MEN. WORK SOLICITED AND GUARANTEED. OFFICIAL WATCH

INSPECTOR SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Office of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues, July 1, 1896. The road commissioners, to whom was referred the petition to change the Thomas McCreary road in land lots 155 and 156 in the 722d district, having reported two in favor and one against the change, all persons are notified that on the first Wednesday in August next the change will be granted in said road so as to run east on land lot 144 and along the new road to Mineral Spring branch; thence along said road to the northwest corner of land lot 144; thence north to old road from John Mizer's land to new road, if no good cause is shown to the contrary.

A. L. KONTZ.

Clerk Commissioners of Roads and Revenues.

DEOFESSIONAL CARDS.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. THOMAS W. LATHAM Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Ga. 220 and 222 Temple Court. Phone 238.

SAM B. SPENCER.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office: May building, southwest corner of
South Pryor and Hunter streets.
july18-1m-eod R. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL, LAWYERS.

Offices—1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe building, 1914 Whitehall. Telephone 520.

MEETING NOTICE.

On the Shortest Possible Notice!



The big store can fit you out in a flash, because there is not a needed thing missing from the great stocks of summer things. And at prices, too, that put money back in your pocket you thought you'd have to spend in summer clothes. Buy now. You'll not be satisfied without your share of things that make the holiday happiest-

Clothes,

Hats and Furnishings. Men's and Boys' Outfitters,

38 Whitehall.

SUMMER RESORTS.

TOCKTON HOTEL, CAPE MAY, N. J.-MOST

Warm Springs, Ga.

Wonderful Mineral Water

THROUGH TRAINS

from Atlanta and Columbus, via Southern railway, morning and afternoon. Round trip and Saturday excursion tickets for sale at reduced rates. Apply for

The Palace Hotel of the South European and American plans. Perfect It occupies the highest point in the city, and is delightfully cool, as well as away from ALL NOISE, DIRT and SMOKE from trains.

Only three blocks from Union Depot.

FREE BUS meets all trains.

RATES-From June 1st to October 1st,
American plan, \$2.50 to \$4.50 per day; European plan, \$1 to \$3 per day.

Tallulah Falls, Ga. Table and service first-class. Reasonable rates. Address JAS. E. HICKEY, Proprietor, formerly LOCATED IN VIRGINIA.

with the Kimball , Atlanta. HOTEL MARIE ANTOINETTE, Grand Boulevard and 66th St. EUROPEAN PLAN. elightfully and conveniently situated

SPECIAL SUMMER RATES

With attractive features for families during the sum mer months, Write for terms.

F. W. ADAMS. une 7-3m-sun-tu-thu The Princess Anne.

VIRGINIA BEACH, VA Most charming resort and finest surf bathing on the Atlantic coast. Circulars and information at all railroad ticket offi-ces. PAUL B. BODEN.

may 26-26t-tues thur sun

LAKEWOOD PARK

A ride on the large double truck cars from Church street to the lake beats 'em

A Swim In the lake is delightful. Shoot "the chutes" every day and night from 4 p. m. to 10 p. m. You will need your wraps to keep you warm while riding

down the chutes.

LAKEWOOD PARK CO.

'Phone 1921.

Sheriff's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-Under and by virtue of an order this day granted by Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, judge of Fulton superior court, I will sell before the court-house door, Fulton county Georgia, on Monday August 10, 1896, within the legal hours of sale, to the Mighest and best bidder for cash, and sold in bulk, the following described property, to-wit: All the stock of goods now in the storehouse, No. 29 E. Hunter street, Atlanta, Ga., consisting of oils, leads, brushes, molding, glass, wall paper and drugs; also one iron safe and one delivery wagon and all the fixtures in said store. Levied upon as the property of M. M. Mauck & Co., to satisfy a mortgage if, fa. Issued from Fulton superior court in favor of the National Wall Paper Company versus the said M. M. Mauck & Company, I. BARNES, Sheriff. Sheriff's Sale.

Paper Company versus the said M. P. Mauck Company J. J. BARNES, Sheriff. This July 29, 1896. july 30, 31; aug 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

AMERICAN LINE. NEW YORK-SOUTHAMPION. [London-Paris.] PARIS. Aug. 5 | PARIS. Aug. 26 ST. LOUIS. Aug. 12 | NEW YORK. Aug. 29 ST. PAUL. Aug. 19 ST. LOUIS. Sept. 2 RED STAR LINE. NEW YORK TO ANTWERP.

FRIESLAND, Wednesday, Aug 5, noon KENSINGTON. Wednesday, August 12, noon WESTERLAND, Wednesday, Aug. 19, noon SOUTHWARK Wednesday, Aug. 29, noon International Navigation Co. Piers 14 and 15, North river. Office, 6 Bowling Green, N. Y. R D. MANN & CO., Kimball House.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 3, 1896. Anthony Ball has applied for exemption of personalty, and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock a. m. on the 22d day of August, 1896, at my office.

WM. W. Shift, A.S., Line 197—19thlur sat

Washington & Lee
UNIVERSITY, Lexington, Virginia.
Academic: Law; Engineering. Opens Sept. 10, For catalogue address
Sept. 10, For catalogue address
G. W. C. Liele, President.

EDUCATIONAL.

ST. JOHNS college, Annapolis, Md. hundred and eighth session begins nd eighth session begins 16th President Thomas Fell, Ph. D., aug 4 36-t tues thur sat mon WARD SEMINARY for Young Ladies.

BusinessCollege AND SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND \$35 FOR A FULL BUSINESS COURSE. \$35

CHINA PAINTING TAUGHT IN ALL ITS BRANCHES AT LYCETTS REDUCED RATES FOR SUMMER

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND AND ATLANTA, GA. \$25-Business Course, unlimited-\$25 rthand and Telegraphy also taugh

GEORGIA

Normal and Industrial College, State institution for Girls. Magnificent new dormitory. Elegant accommodations. Tuition free. Entire cost of board and incidentals \$10 a year. Advantages unequaled. Music and art a specialty. Write for new illustrated catalogue to J. HARRIS CHAPPELL.

President, Milledgeville, Ga. july-12-304

Excels in beauty of situation, healthfulness of climate, number of distinguished graduates, cost and quality of education offered. Sixtleth session opens September 10, '96. Address R. G. Waterhouse, President Emory and Henry college, Emory, Va.

WASHINGTON SEMINARY,

Corner Walton and Fairlie Streets, Atlanta, Ga
Fifteen officers and teachers. Thorough
course; high standard; small classes.
Graduates of Wellesley and Vassar colleges. Instruction in art. plano, violin,
and vocal music. Foreign teachers in modern languages. Send for catalogue.

MRS. W. T. CHANDLER,
L. D. SCOTT,
Principals.

fuly 14-2% tues thur sun Principals. SALEM ACADEMY AND COLLEGE. ROR nearly 100 years this institution for the higher education of young women has occupied the very front rank, and was never more numerously attended than now. It is not only provided with a high-grade College Course, but has experts in all of its special schools of Music, Art. Elocution, Commercial and Industrial Studies. We will be pleased to early early early experts and in the conduction of the condu

New York, New York. Miss Peebles and Mrs. Thompson's

Boarding and Day School for Girls, 20, 32 and 34 East 57th Street. Special Students Admitted. july25-2m sat tues thur VIRGINIA FEMALE INSTITUTE, STAUNTON, VIRGINIA. Mrs. Gen. J. E. B. STUART, Principal.

The next session of nine months opens Sept. 17, 1896 with a full corps of superior teachers. Terms reason ble. Apply early. Catalogues sent upon application to the Principal. DETHEL MILITARY ACADEMY, Virginia, Vialue \$100,000. Located 56 miles from Washington, in Northern Virginia. Prepares for advanced study and for business. Charges extremely low. Patronago from 22 states. Address for illustrated catalogue. Col. R. A. McIntyre, Bethel Academy, P. O., Va. june 30-30t-tues thur sat

FAUQUEIR INSTITUTE For Young Ladles The 36th year begins Sept. 17th. 1896. Situated in Pledmont region of Va. on Southern R. R., 34 miles from Washington. Number limited. For catalogues address Geo. G. BUTLER, A. M., Prin.

PANTOPS ACADEMY For Boys and Young Men. Send for Catalogue, JOHN R. SAMPSON, A. M., Principal, july 18-18t sat tu thur

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE, LEXINGton, Va., 58th Year. State Military, Scientific
and Technical School. Thorough Courses in general
and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees
conferred in course; Grad: V. M. I., 3nd Bachelor Science; in Post Grad: courses, Master Science, Civil Engineer. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at rate of \$80.50 per month, as an
average for the four years, exclusive of outfit.

GEN. SCOTT SHIPP, Superintendent.
July 18-19t sat tu thur

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY Cheapes, Righest Honored. Situations.

Kedal awarded Prof. Smith 4t World Frair.

Book-keeping, Business, Short-hand, TypeWriting and Telegraphy taught. University
Dipioma to graitures. 1009 Gradantes in Business, Regin acc.

Address only, WILBUK R. SMITH, Lexington, Kr.

PANDOLPH-MACON WOMAN'S COL-water, steam-heat, etc. Compares in courses and facilities with best male colleges. Endowment in-come reduces cost of tuition once-half. Only endowed college for women in Virginia. Address, WM. W. SMITH, A.M., L.D., Pres.

MARKET SENSITIVE

There Was a Brisk Demand at Opening, Causing an Advance.

CLOSING SLIGHTLY LOWER

Stocks Were Extremely Dull and Closed Fractionally Lower-Wheat Advanced a Fraction.

Messrs. Riodan & Co., in their cotton

etter of yesterday say:
"In the absence of Liverpool cables our market was extremely sensitive today. There was a brisk demand for cotton at the opening, and January sold on the call at 7 cents, Rain reports from points in Mississippi and Georgia caused January te decline to 6.86. A renewed demand to cover shorts caused a reaction to 6.97. Then, just before the close, the announcement of heavy rains at several places in Texas encouraged fresh selling, and Jan again declined to 6.89@6.90, at which price it closed with the tone steady. Prices in the immediate future will be ruled absolutely by the weather reports from the south, but whether the market should go up or down we believe that the injury which the crop has already sustained is too serious and irreparable to justify any big break in values. We think we have already seen lower prices for the coming crop than we are likely to see again.

Spot Cotton Quotations. Atlanta-Nominal.

Liverpool-Holiday. New York-Quiet; middling 7 7-16. New Orleans-Quiet; middling 6 13-16. The following is the range of cotton futures in New

1 or 2 yesterday:				Jose	Close
MONTHS	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Today's	Saturday
August	7-20	7 25	7 17	7 19-20 6 89	7 21-23 6 92-93
September	6 95	6 98	6 54	6 87-88	6 91-92
November	6 90	6 95	6 81	6 88-84	6 86-87
January	7 60	7 00	6 86	6 89-90	6 91-92
March	6 99 7 09	7 09	6 92	6 94-95 6 99-7c	6 95-96 7 00-01
April	7 09	7 09	7 03	7 03-05	7 04-06
Inne	******				

Closed steady; sales 240,700 bales

The following receipts, export					nsolidat	ed net
	RECE	BTPIE	EXP	ORTS	BTO	CKS
	1896	1898	1896	1895	1896	1895
Saturday	1315	190	3929	352	149877	333529

Monday	597	408	800	769	146280	
Tuesday						
Wednesday						
Thursday						
Friday		*******	*********		********	*********
		-		2000, Oaks, 0000		
Total	1915	598	4729	1121		

The Sun's Cotton Review.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

New York, August 3.—Cotton advanced 6
to 9 points, but reacted and declined, closing steady at a net decline of 4 to 6
points, with sales of 240,700 beles.

Today's Features—Such a burst of activity as attended the opening in cotton this morning has not been witnessed in some months past. Everybody wanted to buy, and prices advenced rapidly. The feeling was decidedly bullish. Scores of damage reports had been received over Sunday, and and prices advenced rapidly. The feeling was decidedly bullish, Scores of damage reports had been received over Sunday, and New Orleans sent buying orders. At the advance many operators took profits, and German houses also sold heavily. The improvement was lost, and a sharp decline followed. The weather bureau reported good rains in sections of the south during the past forty-eight hours, and though they were by no means general, yet they caused many to sell. The heaviest rainfall was in Georgia and South Carolina, while the sections where most of the moisture was badly needed the precipitation was very light; in fact, Texas was as dry and hot as ever. But damage reports continued to be received, and though many believed they were grossly exaggerated, they induced renewed buying for New Orleans and local account, and prices rallied and recovered most of the loss. Spot cotton here was more active, and the southern suot markets were steady and higher in some cases. Many operators believe that the crop is in a critical condition, and that good general rains must be had soon to maintain the recent excellent crop prospects.

The Dry Goods Market.

recent excellent crop prospects.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, August 3.—Jobbers are looking forward to an improvement in business in the dry goods market this week, as the demand for fall merchandise, which has been so slow hitherto, ought to show some development. In the primary market it cannot be said that there are expectations of any material change from recently prevailing conditions. Goods must move out of second hands before the supplementary demand at first hands develops to any extent. Up to the present time the re-orders on fall goods have been light and characterless, whilst strictly staple merchandise has been in hand-to-mouth fashion only. The absence of any pronounced pressure to realize is still a feature of business at first hands in all descriptions of goods. The very heavy curtailment of production in cotton, woolen and silk fabrics and in knit goods prevents an addition to stocks such as might cause weakness on the part as might cause weakness on the part ellers, and taken all around, prices are

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter. New York, August 3. -Light showers were reported from several places in Arkansas and Mississippi yesterday. This brought about realizing on the advance this morning by many of the longs, who were satisfied to accept their profits on the sharp advance during the week. Under the weight of this realizing the market, after opening firm at an advance of from 5 to 9 points, of this realizing the market, after opening firm at an advance of from 5 to 9 points, became easier until the improvement had all been lost and a small decline resulted. Crop reports show no improvement from the sections suffering from the drought and excessive heat, and the most conservative people believe the crop in these sections has been cut short upward of 500,000 bales from the prospect of a month ago. The trade, however, has so often been deceived that, in the face of these they are afraid to hold any cotton. This feeling is re-enforced by the absence of speculators, and the decressed condition of trade throughout this country is beginning to realize one salient fact—that the crop does not now promise to be 10,000,000 bales. During the afternoon the market fluctuated rapidly several times under renewed reports of rains which, however, have not been confirmed, and finally closed steady at a decline of from 2 to 4 points from Saturday's close.

The Port Movement.

New York, August 3—Cotton quiet; sales 5.718 bales; middling uplands 7.7-16; middling guif 7.11-16; net receipts 18 bales; gross 1,521; stock 80,453. Galveston, August 3—Cotton firm; middling 6 9-16; net receipts 109 bales; gross 109; sales 172; stock 6,109.

Baltimore, August 3—Cotton steady; middling 7%; net eccipts none bales; gross 161; sales none; stock 6,020.

Philadelphia, August 3 - Cotton quiet; middlir 7 11-16; net receipts 10 bales: gross 10; sales non tock 4,986. Savannah, August 3—Cotton dull but steady; mid-dling 6%; net receipts 96 bales, 2 new; gross 96 sales none; stock 7.348; exports coastwise 247.

New Orleans, August 3 — Cotton quiet: middling 6 13-16; net receipts 312 bales. 7 new; gross 212; sales 20; stock 21,201. Mobile, August 3—Cotton nominal; middling 6 11-16; net receipts 7 bales, 3 new; gross 7; sales 30; stock 8,179. dling 7; ne' receipts 51 bales, I new; shipments 34; sales 34; stock 4.956.

THE STOCK MARKET.

It Was a Tame Affair and Entirely Professional.

New York, August 3.-The stock market oday was a tame affair, the dealings footing up a little over 95,000 shares, of which three stocks, Sugar, St. Paul and Manhattan figured for 61,400 shares. Tho movement throughout was entirely professional. London furnished no business to speak of, it having been a Bank of England holiday, while home operators were inclined to go slow until the political situation is better understood. At the opening the market weakened under sales of St. Paul. This selling was attributed to the demoralization of rates in the west, and had an adverse influence on the general market. After the early decline, which raged from 1/2 to 71/2 per cent in the usually active list and 2½ per cent in Manhat-tan, the market improved slightly. Man-hattan fell to 85%, the lowest in years, and was the result of relterated reports of decreased earnings and rumors of a pro-posed reducton in dividends which cannot be confirmed. Sugar was strengthened a the opening by the advance in certain grades of refined, but later on the stock fell from 104 to 102% and closed at 103%. The fluctuations in the railway list call for no special mention. Speculation clo gulet. Net changes show losses of 4,014 per cent, Manhattan and Laclede Gas

Bonds were irregular. Sales footed up Treasury balances: Coin, \$116,197,477; cur

rency \$79,013,203. ney on call easy at 2@21/2 per cent; last loan at 2, closing offered at 2; prim mercantile paper 6@7 per cent.

Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.88@\$4.8814 for 60 days and \$4.89@\$4.89% for demand; ed rates \$4.88@\$4.891/2; commercial bills \$4.87 @\$4.871/2.

Government bonds firm. State bonds quiet. Railroad bonds irregular. Silver at the board was steady.

	Am'n Cotton Oll	9	Mobile & Oblo	17
	do pref		Nash., Chat & St. L	
	Am'n Sugar Refin'g.		U. S. Cordage	336
1	do pref		do pref	7
1	Am'n Tobacco		N. J. Central	924
4			N. Y Central	9136
4	do pref		N. Y. & N. E	35
1	Atch., T. & Santa Fe.			
1	Baltimore & Ohio		Norfolk & Western	10
ı	Canada Pacific		Northern Pacific	5
1	Chesapeake & Ohlo	13	do pref	11%
ł	Chicago & Alton	148		98%
1	C. B & Q	64	do pref	149
1	Chicago Gas	52	Pacific Mail	18%
1	Del., Lack, & W	149%	Reading	10%
1	Dis. & Cat Feed		Rock Island	5434
1	Erie		St. Paul	6736
1	do pref		do pref	1225
1	Ed. Gen. Electric		Silver Certificates	68%
1			T. C. I	15%
1	Illinois Central			90
1	Lake Erie & West		do pref	
1	do pret		Texas Pacific	614
ı	Lake Shore		Union Pacific	5%
1	Louis & Nash		Wabash, St. L & P	5%
1	Louis., N. A. & Chic.	6	do pref	13%

Manhattan Consol Memphis & Char Michigan Central Missouri Pacific	15	Western Union Wheeling & L. Erie. do pref
BONDS.		BONDS.
Alabama, Class A do., Class R do., Class C Louisiana stamped N. C. 4s N. C. 6s Tenn. new set'm't3s. Virginia 5s deferred do Trust rec'ts S	95 98 973	Va. funded debt

tAsked. :Ex-interest Early Morning Gossip.

New York, August 3 .- (Over Murphy Company's Private Wire.)-The market declined on realizing in Sugar and a disposition to expect an attack this week. The bulls want to see whether Bryan can say anything likely to appeal to the east People who think they know Mr. Have meyer's position are confident he has not been active on the upturn. bought Manhattan and Wormser bought St. Paul. There seemed to be moderate pressure

to sell all around the room. The opening was uniformly lower. The advance in four grades of soft sugars is largely due to oversales. There are no cables this morning. Domestic stocks

are strongly held at 31/40 All but six of the 300 distilleries in Kentucky closed Saturday for eighteen months. Since 1893 the whisky stock in the bonded warehouses of Kentucky have increased until there are now 88,000,000 gallons of spirits in stock.

This is bank holiday in London. All

markets closed. Selling in Chicago Gas results partly from the fact that one of the members of the bear party has been a large operator and willing to trade on the short as well mon the long side. The special friends of the property, while believing in its value, are not disposed to give it support at any fixed price. Chicago operators have been inclined to sell Gas on the progress which is being made by the Ogden Cas Company. That concern is laying mains night and day, and threatens to become a factor in gas affairs at Chicago in due time. There is also some talk about the permanence of the existing agreement tween Chicago Gas and the Hyde Park Company. These facts, while offset by others of a favorable character, are among the reasons why attacks on Gas are so fre

Closing Stock Review.

New York, August 3.—New York News Bureau: The stock market today was exremely dull, and the limited dealings were entirely professional. The movement of prices was irregular. Fractional declines occurred during the forenoon on selling by coom traders, Manhattan exceptionall

dropping 24 per cent

There was no news of consequence bearing upon speculation. Liquidation was apparent in Sugar, and sales of the stock were also made by the professionals despite the announcement of an advance of 1 1-162 on certain grades of refined product. The traders lacked the inspiration of Londor owing to the holiday in that center.

The Grangers were the weak features of the market on threatened extension of area and extent of the rate war now in In the afternoon dealings recoveries in

prices 'occurred on covering, bringing the list approximately to Saturday's final fig-The close was dull at slight net decline in most instances.

STOCK.	pening.	ligh	₩	Closing	Saturday's Closing bids	-
-				bids.	bids.	
Archison Am'n Sugar Refining C. C. C and St. Louis.	1136	1136	11½ 102¾	1136 163% 2354	11% 104 23%	1
Bur and Quincey Chicago Gas	52	523	63% 52	64 52	645e 52	-
Canada Southern D., L. and W Erie			149%	149%	149 134	
American Tobacco Jersey Central	583	5846	28% 57%	23 % 58 % 93 %	56% 92%	
Lake Shore	******	** * ****		19%	143	-
Louisville and Nash Missouri Pacific Baltimore and Ohio				43% 17 15%	483 ₆ 174 1536	1
Tenn. Coal and Iron Northwestern Southern Railway	94%			151/2	16	
Northern Pac. pref	20%	113	20 11½	734 2036 1134	714 2016	
New York Central New England Omaha				911 ₂	91 35	
Pacific Mall	1842	19	35 184 10	35 18% 10%	34 18% 10%	
Rock Island		55%	54% 67%	54% 67%	55%	
American Cotton Oil Western Union	914	9%	9 78%	5% 9 78%	5% 9 78%	1
Dist. and Cattle Feed U. S. Leather pref	103	10%	101	10%	10%	1

LOCAL BONDS AND STOCKS.

The following are bld and saked quo STATE AND CITY BONDS.

to 30 years 101%	10234		11336
Georgia 31, 9, 25		Columbus 58100	
to 40 years10134		Waterworks 6s. 106	
Ga. 4148, 191811316	115	Rome 58100	101
Savannah 5s108	110	South Car. 4368,10236	104
Atlanta 8s, 1902 115		Newnan 6s. L D100	103
Atlanta 7s, 1904, 1124		Chattanooga 5s.	
Atlanta7s, 1899, 103%		1921 100	
Atlanta 6s, L D.115		Col., S. C., gr'd	
Atlanta 6s, 8 D.101		20 & 4s, 1810 72 *	
Atlanta 58, L. D. 108		Ala., Class A 97	100
Atlanta 456 101			
RAI	LROA	D BONDS.	
Ga. 6s, 1897 100	1	C. C. & A. 101	
Ga. 6s, 1910110		C., C. & A. 1st 5s, 1909102	103
Ga. 6s, 1922111	0.00	Atlanta & Char.	
Ca Dea tat 110		- contract of Carmer.	

Washington, August 3.—The treasury gold reserve at the close of business today stood at \$110,085,890. The day's withdrawals ware \$485,190 were \$485,100.
The treasury circulation statement issued places all the money in circulation United States at \$1,514,903,142, or \$99, 630,544 less than on August 1, 1895. The per capita circulation based on 71,185,000 of population is placed at \$21,18. The increase of money in circulation during July was

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

A Burst of Activity in the Last Hour, When Strength Was Displayed. Chicago, August 3.-The absence of Eng.

lish cables—this being a holiday in that country—had the effect of emphasizing the dullness in the wheat market here today. There was a burst of activity during the last half hour, prices at that time displaying quite a good deal of strength. September wheat opened from 58½ to 58½c, sold between 58 and 58½c, closing at 55½c bid—½c higher than Saturday. Cash wheat was irregular, closing firm.

Corn was listless and dragging in its action all through the session. September corn opened from 24½ to 24½c, advanced to 25c, closing at 24½@25c—½@3c higher than Saturday Cash corn was weak and about ½c lower early, closing firm, relatively with the futures.

Oats were impressed by the feeling in the last half hour, prices at that time dis-

Oats were impressed by the feeling in other markets. Quite a little steadiness was noted early, but when wheat gave indications of weakening there was no hesitation in oats. Prices recovered further along in the session, likewise through sympathy. September oats closed a shade higher than yesterday. Cash oats were steady, old oats being a shade higher, but new, being of inferior quality, brought less.

but new, being of inferior quality, brought less.

Provisions—Owing to the duliness ruling in this market prices were saved from violent fluctuations, but none the less the tone was early very weak. For a while immediately succeeding the opening there was a pretense of steadiness, but it soon disappeared, a sagging process setting in. Wheat being strong toward the close, products sympathized, recovering the previous loss. The hog market was irregular. September pork closed 2½c higher, September lard 5c higher and September ribs 7½@10c higher.

The leading	futures	ranged	8.8	follo	Y 3	in	Ch
WHEAT	One	· n	III.	· h	,	La	_

WHEAT-	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
August	5796	58%	5736	88%
September	683	5837	48	58%
Corn-	603	61	60%	61
August	23%	2436	24%	2434
Beptember	2436	25	2414	25
May	2734	28%	27%	2814
September	18	1834	17%	18%
May	20%	20%	205	20%
September	6 2736	6.35	6 2246	6 35
October		6 05	5 95	6 05
January		7 0212	6 9234	7 0234
September	3 2734	3 3214	3 25	3 3236
October	3 25	3 3714	3 3234	8 37 16
January	3 60	3 6236	8 573	3 62%
September	3 35	3 4256	3 35	8 4234
October		3 45	3 373/4	3 45
January		3 55	3 4734	3 55
Receipts-		Today.	Est. to	morrow.
Wheat		266 cars		225 cars
Corn		1,435 cars	1	,500 Cars
Oats		433 cars		550 cars
Hogs		23,000		11,000

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter. Chicago, August 3 .- (Over the Paine Murphy Co.'s Private Wire)-The opening this morning was rather heavy about 1/4 lower than Saturday's closing, due to country and reports from St. Louis that receipts will likely show an increase. While this in all probability will be true if the weather continues favorable, cash people say that grading will not improve and that their traveling men report it almost impossible to buy No. 2 wheat. The Liverpool markets were closed today and this had a tendency to create a light business here, or restrict operations. At 58c for September export bids were reported, hard a tenterely to create a night business here, or restrict operations, At 58c for September export hids were reported, which created a good speculative demand at that figure and caused a reaction of \$\frac{4}{3}c per bushel. This rally was partly helped by the Missouri crop report making the wheat yield in that state 5,000,000 bushels less than a year ago and a good local cash business to interior millers. There was also a sale of \$400,000 bushels of No. 3 red also a sale of 400,000 bushels of No. 3 red reported for New York account. The visible supply shows a decrease of 408,000 bushels. Clearances were small at 163,000 bushels. At the advance one of our large local professionals was a free seller. The trade otherwise has been light and largely of a scaling resulting particular.

trade otherwise has been light and largely of a scalping nature.

Corn opened heavy on the large receipts (1,435 cars), but later rallied on the Missouri state crop report making the condition of corn in that state 85 per cent. Shorts were also a liftle nervous on the high temperatures over the west. Offerings of cash corn have also dwindled down considerably, and receipts within a short time are likely to become small.

Oats were steady with little doing. The rally in corn apparently had no effect, although with any material strength in the former oats would probably sympatize owing to the acknowledged light yield this year. this year.

Provisions have been quiet but steady.

Provisions stocks turned out about as expected, that of lard at 300,491 tierces being the largest ever known. The world's stocks of lard are 623,600 tierces, against 585,713 last month, 332,000 last year and 481,000 in 1891.

Wheat and Flour. The Minneapolis Market Record says of the wheat prospects in the northwest that the conditions are very irregular and the probability for the crop extremely uncertain. To hazard a guess on the crop would be reckless. With unfavorable weather the outturn may be materially below 100,0000,000 bushels for the three states, while with good weather it might be something above. The Modern Miller reported wheat yield The Modern Miller reported wheat yield disappointing; corn injured by hot weather; cats turning out rather poorly.

The Northwestern Miller reports the flour output at Minneapolis last week at 243,635 barrels, against 252,850 barrels the preceding week and 197,485 barrels last year. Superior-Duluth 49,310 barrels, against 55,984 barrels, the preceding week and 44,70 last year. The catrent week's output promises to be 250,000 barrels. Sales for the week are estimated at 475,000 barrels. A great bulk of the trade was domestic. Direct exports 84,250 barrels. A larger output is anticipated this week, also at Superior-Duluth; direct exports for the week 45,200 barrels; stock 225,000

of trade small. There have been some dealings in new southern flour on the basis of \$3.10 to \$3.15 for straights. There has been no export inquiry this week, the advance in quotations cutting out the trade. Offers of new winter wheat flour are reported in moderate quantity.

The railroads have changed the rules on flour storage at New York so that flour re-inspected of re-branded will be charged 2c per barrel and ic for sacks for each re-branding or re-inspected from 3 to 5 days, and the free storage of flour on hand April 27th from August 1st to September 25th

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., August 3, 1896.

Flour, Grain and Meal. Atlanta, August 3 - Flour, first patent \$4.75; second patent, \$4.30; straight, \$3.50; fancy, \$3.35; extra iamily, \$3.10. Corn, white, 40c; mixed, 39c. Oats, white, 33c; mixed, 31c. Rye, Georgia, 70c. Barley, Georgia raised, 85c. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, 90c; small bales, 80c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 75c. Meal, plain, 42c; bolted, 39c. Wheat bran, large sacks, 60c. small sacks, 60c. Shorts, 80c. Stock meal, \$1.00. Cotton seed meal, 95c. \$100 bas; hulls \$6.00 \$ton. Peas, 50c. \$4 bushel. Grits, \$2.50.

\$2.50.

New York August3—Southern flour dull but steady; good to choice \$2.646@2.90; common to fair extra \$2.046@2.50. Wheat, spot dull but steady; options opened weaker and declined \$6, railies \$6, closing firm at \$60.5c over Saturday; No. 2 red August 63%; september 64%; October 64%. Corn, spot dull but firmer; No. 2 in elevator 30%; afloat 31%; options \$6 higher, closing firm but dull; August 30%; options \$6 higher, closing firm but dull; August 30%; September 30%; October 31%. Oats, spot quiet and strong; options easier; August 22%; September 22%; No. 2 spot 23; No.\$2 white 24%;ad26; mixed western 22%@24%. St. Louis, August, 3 Flour nominal; catents \$3.00.06. 23; No.12 white 2A_{560.26}; mixed western 22½@24½. St. Louis, August 3 — Flour nominal; patents \$3.006.
3.10; fancy \$2.40@2.75; choice \$2.10@2.20. Wheat higher: August 61½; September 64½@64½ bid; December — Corn higher; August 22½; September 28 bid. December — Oats drimer; No. 2 August 10 asked; September 18½ bid. Cinchnaid, August 3 — Flour dull; winter patents \$3.40@3.75; fancy \$3.10@3.30; spring patents \$3.65. Wheat casy; No. 2 red 62. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 26@26½; No. 2 white 27½. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed new 21. Chicago, August 3 — Flour quiet. No. 2 spring wheat 57½@68½; No. 3 spring —; No. 2 red 61@61½. No. 2 corn 24½@24½. No. 2 loats 15½.

Groceries. Atlanta, August 3.—Roasted coffee, 19.10 \$ 100 bb cases. Green coffee, choice 19; fair 17c; prime, 16. Sugar, standard granulated, 5.04c; New Orleans white, 4 kc; do, yellow, 4 kc; Syrip.—New Orleans open kettle 25@40c; miles 123@20c; sugar-house 20@35c. Teas Black 30@36c; green 20@50c. Rice, head, 6c, choice 5/gc. Salt, dairy, sacks, \$1.35; do, bbis \$2.25; ice cream 90c; common 70c. Cheese, full cream, 10@11c. Matches, 65s 50c; 200s \$1.30@\$1.75; 300s \$2.75\$ Soda, boxes, 6c. Crackers soda, 5/gc; cream 7c; ginger snaps 7. Candy, common stick, 6/gc; fancy 12½ (sl.3½c; Oysters, F. W. \$1.75; L. W. \$4.25. Powder, rife, \$4.00; shot, \$1.30.

New York, August 3.—Coffee, options closed weak rifie, \$4.00; shot, \$1.30.

New York, August 3—Coffee, options closed weak 6 points up to 5 points down: August 10.25; September —; October 9.30@9.35; December —; spot Rio dull; No. 711½, Sugar, raw, quiet and steady; fair refining 3; refined fairly active and firmer; off A 45-16@4%; standard A4%; cut lonf and crushed 5%; powdered—; granulated 4%; cubes 4½. Molasses, foreign nominal; New Orleans quiet and steady; open kettle, good to choice 27@37. Rice steady and quiet; domestic, fair to extra, 3@5%; Japan 4@4½.

Provisions.

Atlanta, August 3—Clear rib sides, boxed, 4%c; clear sides, 4c; les-cured bellies, 7c. Sugar-cured hama 10ca11c; California, 7%; Breakfast bacon, 6@10c, Lard, best quality, 4%c; second quality, 4%c; compound, 4c. pound, 4c.

St. Louis, August 3 – Pork standard mess \$6.50.
Lard prime steam 3.07½, Dry salt meats, shoulders
3.37½, Bong clear 3.50; clear ribs 3.62½; short clear
3.37½, Bacon, boxed shoulders 3.75; long clear 3.75;
clear ribs 4.12½; short clear 4.25. New York, August 3.—Pork firm; old mess \$7.25@ 1.75. Middles nominal; short clear — Lard steady and dull; western steam 3.50; city steam 3.10; op-lons, September 3.60.

tions, september 3.60,
Chicago, Angust 3—Cash quotations were as follows:
Mess pork \$6.30@6.35 Lard \$3.16\s@3.25. Short
ribs, loose, 3.35@3.40. Dry salt shoulders boxed,
3.75@4.00; short, clear sides, boxed, 3.50@3.62\s_.
Chicanati, August 3—Pork steady; mess \$7.50. Lard
inactive; steam lesf 3.10; kettle 3.50@3.75. Bacon
steady; sho ulders 4.25; short ribs 4.00 short clear
sides 4.25.

Naval Stores.

Savannah. August 3—Turpentine opened firm at 22½ for regulars; sales 1,000 casks; closed at 22 bid; receipts 2,370. Rosin firm sales 1,000 bbis; receipts (3,495; A, B, C, D 81,375; K \$1,40; K \$1,40; K \$1,40; K \$1,40; K \$1,40; K \$1,50; K \$1,70; N \$1,75; windowgiass \$1,85; waterwhite \$2,00. Charleston, August 3—Turpentine firm at 21½; sales none casks. Rosin firm; sales none bbis: A, B, C \$1,25; D, E \$1,30; F \$1,35; G \$1,40; H \$1,45; I \$1,50; K \$1,55; M \$1,66; windowgiass \$1,75; waterwhite \$1,85. Wilminston August 3—Rosin firm; states and \$1,32k; Wilminston Augus Wilmington, August 3.—Rosin firm; strained \$1.32\(\frac{1}{2}_{1}\) good strained \$1.37\(\frac{1}{2}_{1}\); spirits turpentine quiet; machine 21\(\frac{1}{2}_{1}\); irregulars 20\(\frac{1}{2}_{1}\); tas teady at \$\frac{1}{2}_{1}\).00; crude turpentine steady; hard\$1.30; soft \$1.80; virgin \$1.70.

Chleago, August 3.—Cattle 10@15c lower except for choice, which were steady; receipts 23,000; common to extra steers \$3.5004. 50; stockers and feeders \$2.00 (@3.75; cows and bulls \$1.25@3.26; calves \$3.00 (@3.40; Texans \$1.75@3.10; was also common weak; others strong; receipts 23,000; heavy packing and shipping lots \$2.100 (@3.80; tenery packing \$4.50; \$3.45; pigs \$2.80; \$3.25; common to choice massorted \$3.30(@3.45; pigs \$2.80; \$3.45; high \$4.50; \$4.50; \$3.45; high \$4.50; \$4.50 3.45. Sheep strong; receipts 14,00 hoice \$2.00@3.25; lambs \$3.00@5.85.

Atlanta, August 3 – Eggs, 7@75c. Butter western creamery. 10@18c: fancy Tennessee, 125@15c; choice, 10c; 66orgia, 8@10c. Live poultry—Turkeys, none; hens. 20@225c; spring chickees, 10.2 18c; ducks, 16æ18c. Irlsh potatoes—Burbank, \$1.25 @1.50 % bbl; 50@55c % bu.; Tennessee, 30%40c % bu. Sweet potatoes, new \$1.25@1.50 % busisc. Honey, strained, 7a 8c; in the comb. 9@10c. Onlons, 60.6 75c % bu.; % bbl., \$2.00@2.50. Cabbage, 1½@2c.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, Augusti 3—Apples, none on market. Lem; ons, Messins, \$4.25\(\omega\$) 375. Oranges, none, Bananss, straights, \$5\(\omega\$) 45.0\(\omega\$) 100.000 lnls, \$5\(\omega\$) 6600 Figs, \$11\(\omega\$) 11\(\omega\$) c. Raisins, new California, \$1.10\(\omega\$) 1.0\(\omega\$) 125\(\omega\$) boxes, \$5\(\omega\$) 6000 c. Currants, \$6\(\omega\$) 67. Legborn citron, \$13\(\omega\$) c. Nuts, almonds, \$13\(\omega\$) pecans, \$7\(\omega\$) 6800 c. Brazil, \$7\(\omega\$) 8800 c. Peanuts, \$10\(\omega\$) 10\(\omega\$) 10\(\omega\$) 11\(\omega\$) 10\(\omega\$) 12\(\omega\$) 12\(\

CHEAP JUTE BAGGING (FOR BALING COTTON.)

(FOR BALING COTTON.)
SUGAR BAG CLOTH, PIECE BAGGING.
Approved by Cotton Exchanges and Exporters. It will profit you to get my prices.
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ONLY THE STOMACH ACHE,

But the Khedive Finds It Necessary To Visit Switzerland.

From The Chicago News.
The cable brings to 70,000,000 impatient
Americans the following important inform-

"The khedive of Egypt is suffering from the stomach ache; he must go to Corfu and then to Switzerland for a cure." There is not a man or boy in this broad land who will not sympathize with the royal sufferer. In the whole category of ills there is nothing that will take the tuck out of a fellow half so quickly as the old-fashioned stomach ache; nothing that so easily creates the wish that one were dead as the pain now in the midst of the khedive. Strong men have been known to weep while doubled up with this malady: warriors who have played I-spy with fame at the cannon's mouth have shrunk, humped themselves and holiered when entertaining the colic. To persons thus afflicted the destiny of mankind, the origin of things, the immortality of the scul, the Berring secondaries of the scul, the Behring sea question, the Venezuela dispute and the financial problem are unworthy of attention and life is one vast

ski five last year. The current week's outprit promises to be 28,000 barrels. Sales
for the week are estimated at 475,000 barrels. A great bulk of the trade was domestic. Direct exports M,230 barrels. A
larger output is anticipated this week,
also at Superior-Duluth; direct exports
for the week 45,200 barrels; stock 225,000
barrels.

The receipts of new southern wheat at
Baktimore so far this season have need
1,166,000 bushels, against 866,000 bushels
last year.

The Liverpool Corn Trade News says
that there has been a continuation of
brilliant forcing weather in the United
Kingdom hastening the crops to maturity.
The prospects were for a wheat crop 20,
600,000 bushels larger than last year, for
an abundance of maiting barley and very
light crops of oats and hay. It thinks there
will be a good demand the coming season
for feeding stuffs, but a plentiful supply
of native wheat.

The flour market during the past week
has been without feature. After the advance by the Minneapolis association of
standard spring patent flour to \$3.80 net
the trade in flour was unimportant. Previous to that time there was a fair business and good sales were made the day
before the advance was consummated. The
Northwestern Miller reports sales last
week at Minneapolis of 475,000 barrels. With
the past few days there has been a
withdrawal from the market and a reduction of limits. To sell concessions have
been necessary and as a result buyers and
sellers have been apart with the volume

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Unvarying weather-warm all the time. Summer Stuffs in urgent demand right now, and all lines here at prices that are greatly reduced.

Stock-taking is over. Invoicing revealed many remnants, broken lots and unsold balances of seasonable merchandise that we are strenuously bent on getting rid of. Take Parasols, for instance, some of the choicest novelties are still here. They're marked now from 20 to 40 per cent less than first cost. Neckwear, many of the choicest imported conceits may be found in the cases. The original retail ask is about cut in two: Shirt Waists fare the same way. Wash Goods meet a similar fate. Prices of Belts relax, and the current rates are minus profit. Laces and Embroideries, Underwear and the like are matchlessly reduced.

Fancy and Black Silks and Woolen Dress Goods sustain the deepest cuts of all. In making the new prices we didn't even consider costs. There's magic in the bargains here. The magic of energetic, determined and progressive merchandising.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

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SURPLUS, \$40,000 CAPITAL, \$400,000. DIRECTORS—W. P. Inman, J. R. Gray, Edwin C. Peters, R. F. Shedden, P. H. Harralson, James W. English, George W. Blabon, Philadelphia: J. D. Turner, New York Correspondent—"American Exchange Bank." Philadelphia Correspondent—"Independence National Bank."

R. F. MADDOX, J. W. RUCKER, Vice Presidents. T. J. PEEPLES, G. A. NICOLSO,
President. W. L. PEEL, Asst. Com

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Solicit accounts of individuals, firms, corporations and banks, upon favorable terms. Not terest allowed on open accounts subject to check. In our Savings Department we furnish book at receive amounts from \$1.00 up to \$5,000, on which interest is allowed at the rate of 4 per cent per unum. For out of town customers we issue certificates of deposit, bearing interest at 4 percent. Withdrawals can be made only on presentation of the book or certificate.

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Consult them before placing your orders.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending June 30, 1896, of 8

U. S. BRANCH SUN INSURANCE OFFICE of LONDON, ENG Organized under the laws of the kingdom of Great Britain, made to the government he state of Georgia in pursuance of the laws of said state. Principal office, 54 Pine street, New York city. Total assets of the company, actual and market value Total liabilities

Total income actually received during the first six months in eash
Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in eash.

A copy of the act of incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—Personally appeared by the me the undersigned J. J. Guile, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that is the United States manager of the Sun Insurance Office and that the foregoing thement is correct and true.

J. J. Guile. statement is correct and true.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 30th day of July, 1896.

A Commissioner of Deeds for Georgia in New York City, Name of State Agent—A. B. ANDREWS.

Name of Agents at Atlanta—MANRY & CO.

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continues. Get our prices and save money.

wood mantels that we are closing out 25 per cent

REFRIGERATORS At your OWN price. Cost no object. PLUMBING. Our cut price of 20 per cent less than first class work has ever been done still

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH

FOR A LOY

County Commissio

Reductions

BOARD MEET Few

work of the board to routine businessational matter is Chairman Col Spalding will proba city tomorrow, but ent when the board the regular month

A special session sioners will be called days and the comm fix the tax rate for ceiver Armistead is in compiling the rethis work is complewill assess the rate formined by the am termined by the an erty returned by the The entire board the tax rate if possi

justify this action, be much lower next this year.
"It is the unanisboard," said Commiyesterday, "that the ing for the accomp
It is mere guess we
rate will be, as we
the tabulated state from the tax receivenough to lead us nake the rate con s for this year." New Jail Plans

The plans and specounty jail are almomore touches of the the tedious task. The last of the worked up, and Mr.
gin in a day or tw
in on heavy paper.
made as to what like, but several have inspected th pleased with the will present who turned over by ecunty. The jail lot on the Georgia railre

and the old medic Work on the ne are accepted. The law require the contract is

condition ready f

CARD FROM J He Explains Rec New York Jou The following co New York Journa

"Atlanta, Ga., Au

nal of Commerce : New York, N. Y.

shown me your issi you have an arti-silver standard bas made to an intervi "Permit me to sa ly heard of the I during the months April has been that found myself mero in the newspapers Mexico and now in dreamed would be tician, and have tician, and have it seeing my name other than as co with the business I am engaged. You impressions of Me very superficial in ation in that countifies the hundred mile Mexico, stopped in some of its smaller with rasilroad men, ufacturers and to laboring classes, bin nearly every v stopped. "As I stated to " "As I stated to 'I found that I co of shoes in Atlant of shoes in Atlants currency and in M currency. I could made suit of cloth our currency and money in its currency feet of photographic manufactured toy venir spoons, hote the first-class hodinner in the first or New York city.



nal price was su

With a better u ical ills which van forts-gentle effort rightly directed.

the knowledge th sickness are not du ease, but simply to tion of the system family laxative, S ly removes. That remedy with milii overywhere este who value good leffects are due to one remedy wh cleanliness, wither organs on which it all important, in official effects, to chase, that you have which is manufact. Fig Syrup Co. onl utable druggists. If in the enjoy

and the system is tives or other rem If afflicted with an may be commended physicians, but if then one should hat the well-informed Figs stands high used and gives m

in urgent greatly re-

ts, broken hat we are tance, some w from 20 he choicest il retail ask Tash Goods t rates are the like are

the deepest sider costs etic, deter-

K. OTTLEY, Cashier. of Atlanta

PLUS, \$40,000 R. F. Shedden, P. H. hia; J. D. Turner.

KING CO. kholders' Liability \$320,00

S, LEDGERS. ls. Cash Books BOTROTYPING Etc.-Etc., of ng Company LANTA, GA.

ders. ww

of London, Eng.

made to the governor

Personally appeared hedeposes and says that the foregoing J. J. GUILE. uly, 1896. OHN A. HILLERY, la in New York City.

ICE!

otice. Car lot

Co., EET.

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lot of fine hard antels that we are ut 25 per cent

ur OWN price.

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ATH CO.

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county Commissioners Favor Sweeping Reductions in Expenses.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the With a better that the standard of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly represed. The is why it is the only ly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its bene-ficial effects, to note when you pur-chase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all rep-

Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all rep-utable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health,
and the system is regular, then laxa-tives or other remedies are not needed.

If afflicted with any actual disease, one
may be commended to the most skillful
physicians, but if in need of a laxative,
then one should have the best, and with
the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of
Figs stands highest and is most largely
used and gives most general satisfaction

other words, the dinner or other item that would cost me \$1 in Atlanta in our money I would get in Mexico for a dollar of their

I would get in Mexico for a donar of their currency.

"I notice that you quote me as follows:

"I can't see how it can hurt us to get it cents' worth of silver for a pound of cotton, instead of 7 cents' worth of gold, if the 14 cents in silver has the same purchasing power as the 7 cents in gold. And then, in addition to this, if things work like they do in Mexico we have universal prosperity.

Reductions in Expenses.

BOARD MEETS WEDNESDAY

New Jail Plans Will Be Ready for Acceptance Within the Next

Few Weeks.

The board of county commissioners meets to office.

The board of county commissioners meets to office.

The board of county commissioners meets to office first time in several weeks the For the first time in several weeks the fir

"Regarding this you say:

"Here is the whole thing in a nutshell:
Beans, one of the commonest and cheapest articles of food, the staff of 1 fe for the
poorer people of Mexico, has almost
doubled in price in the currency of the
country, in which currency the wages of
the people who must live on the beans have
increased little or nothing."

"On the bean question allow me to remark that I presume there is not a square
mile in the republic of Mexico which is cultivated but produces some beans. The 16
cents, therefore, comes into the pockets of
some of the people of literally every precinct in the entire republic, and these people spend it with whom they interchange
values, and it is much easier for everybody to secure some benefit from a currency which is pientiful than to get even a
chance at it when it is scarce. This view
is emphasized by Mr. Romero's statement

silver standard basis in which reference is made to an interview had with myself.

"Permit me to say that I have frequently heard of the man who woke up and found himself famous. I lay no iclaims the results of a pleasure trip to Mexilotaturing the months of last March and April has been that I have woke up and found myself nære stensively advertised. We will be the stensively advertised and now in New York than I had dreamed would be the case. I am no politician, and have never had the desire of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the press other than as concerned my comment of seeing my name handled by the same and the seed of shoes in Atlanta for seeing my seed that the seed of shoes in Atlanta for seeing my seed that the seed of shoes in Atlanta for seeing my seed that the seed of shoes in Atlanta for seeing my seed that the seed of shoes in Atlanta for se is of us.
"But I will not prolong this communicat'on, which is intended as a calm inter-change of views with you, after reading what is really your dignified editorial, which I notice is marked 'first article.' "I will only add, in conclusion, that when I went to Mexico I was inclined to favor the gold standard; but the object lesson in currency which I there saw, I confess, made a convert of me to the free coinage of silver. Very truly yours, "JOSEPH M. BROWN."

On a Special Train. On a Special Train.

Camilla, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—A special train will be run from Dawson to Camilla next Wednesday to bring Judge J. M. Griggs and his friends to the congressional convention. The train will be decorated with pictures of the democratic nominees and a liberal supply of bunting. Several hundred people are expected to come down on the train, which will probably arrive about 10 o'clock.

Dr. Wilcox Gets the Nomination. Willacoochee, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)— Coffee county's primary election was held yesterday. The two candidates for senatorial honors were Dr. Jefferson Wilcox and Colonel C. Ward. The race was spirited and lively between the two aspirants. Dr. Wilcox was nominated by a majority of 200. The doctor will ably represent his constituents on the floor of the senate.

McKee, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—A little orphan girl living with James Hall got lost some time ago and was in the woods three days and nights. When she was found she was wild, and it was only by a swift footman that she was caught.

in the tax rate for next year. Tax Becenver Armisted is now bustly enonesed in complete, the commissioners will assess the rate on a tast to be distermined by the complete, the commissioners will assess the rate on a tast to be distermined by the the owners.

The entire board favors a reduction of the tax rate if possible, and it the returns the machine of the tax rate if possible, and it the returns the micro and the property of the tax rate if possible, and it the returns the micro and the property of the maximum against a principle of the tax rate if possible, and it the returns the micro and the property of the maximum against a principle of the tax rate if possible, and it the returns the micro and the property of the property of

THE CONSTITUTION ATLANTA GA. TURNIAN AUGUST 4. 1984

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THE CONSTITUTION

the price

indicates the quality; when "they" ad-

"old oscar pepper"

bluthenthal & bickart



PLUMBING GOODS. July9-1y-last page, 1st col

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VENABLE & COLLINS GRANITE CO., 47 N. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

Fancy Groceries, FRESH MEATS **VEGETABLES**

FISH, OYSTERS

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No. 20. Polite clerks, quick delivery. 14 N. BROAD ST. ALL CARS PASS THE DOOR

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CINCINNATI, O

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For Rent or Lease.

The three-story building with basement, corner Alabama and Lovd streets, formerly occupied by Jack's Steam Bakery. It has a front of 50 feet on Alabama street, and will make a splendid wholesale house. Has railroad trackage. W. A. Hemphill.



PHILADELPHIA DENTAL PARLORS, 36 Whitehall Street.

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A. P. McINNIS, L.D.S., D.D.S., Manager.

PETER LYNCH 95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sta.

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobaccos, Hardware, Guns, Pistols. Cartridges and Ammunition; Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons. A Perfect Variety Store.
Orders from city and country promptly filled at lowest market price. Terms cash.

TO SHATTER TARGETS

Colonel Candler Orders a Battalion to the Rifle Range.

FOUR COMPANIES WILL SHOOT They Will Go Out Saturday Afternoon and the Boys of the Fifth Will Shoot for Records.

Colonel Candler, of the Fifth Georgia regiment, issued an order yesterday morn-ng ordering the First battallon of his be at the rifle range at Lakewood Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock to noot in record practice. The orders were received by the different companies yesterday afternoon and they will at once begin to make preparations

for the practice. The First battallon con-sists of Companies B, C, K and I. Every man in the battallon who can possibly do so will be at the rifle range at the stated time and try to make a record as a target shooter. Every man who nakes a certain record receives a badge for sharpshooter or a button for marksmanship.

The man who makes the highest score will be presented with a beautiful gold medal, which is the property of the bat-talion. The medal will be worn by the winner until the next practice, which will not be within thirty days. If he again makes the largest number of points he continues to wear the medal until some one wins it from him.

To each medal a gold bar will be at-To each medial a good of which the winner and the date on which the medal was won. The battalion will march to the rifle range next Saturday dressed alroost the same as they were when they went to the encampment at Griffin. They will wear convice uniforms with blonges and leggings.

nd campaign hats. Each man will shoot once at a distance Each man will shoot once at a distance of 200 yards and once at a distance of 200 yards, and each man has a chance to make 25 points. If he makes the required 25 points he will go back to the 500-yard line, from which place he shoots ten times. If he is successful in this, he wins the sharpshooter's hadge and then skirmishes to the target and back, firing ten about. If he worker the required number of the sharpshooter's hadge and then ten shots. If he makes the required number of points in this he goes back to the 600-yard point, where he fires one shot at

rvice uniforms with blouses and leggings

the target No little amount of interest is taken in these target practices and the First battalion prides itself on having some of the best shots in the state. It is their intention to get up a team which will compete with teams to be formed from other battalions

of the regiment. Plans for a New Range.

Now that the Atlanta Amusement Com-pany is on a sound financial basis, it is possible that the First battalion will have a rifle range and parade grounds in the

city.

They are working on plans by which r beautiful rifle range will be built back of the dam of Clara Meer and a parade ground will be built where the government troops camped during their stay at the exposition grounds. The place chosen for the rifle range is one of the best places anywhere near Atlanta and will make an ideal rifle range The land is level and so arranged that there is plenty of light. There are very few houses near and no danger of any one

getting killed. If the present plans are carried out one of the exposition buildings will be turned over to the companies of the battalion to be used exclusively by it. A great deal of interest is taken in the plans, but nothing definite has been done as yet, and it is possible that the plans may not amount to anything. The milltary men are anxious to make the arrange-ment with the amusement company, and if terms can be decided on to suit both par-

ties the present plans, elaborated on, will GUARDS SHOOT TODAY.

Cavalrymen Will Engage in a Rifle Contest This Afternoon. The members of the Governor's Horse Guards will shoot for a medal and for a company record at the Lakewood range this afternoon. All of the companies in Georgia are required to shoot for a company record. These records are handed to the adjutant general of the state and are placed on file for the inspectors of visitors. There has always been great rivalry among the different companies to see who could place the best record before the public and today the Governor's Horse Guards will strain every nerve in order to head the

There is another reason why their aim vill be truer and their nerves steadier. Lieutenant Atkins will present a medal to the member who makes the best record. The medal, which is made of gold, is of beautiful design. Under the conditions upon which Lieutenant Atkins will present the trophy it was to be competed for for three months and the man then having made the highest mark was to have i

presented to him. Tomorrow is the day for the final test and besides the members it is probable that a large crowd will attend to witness the inal struggle.

Solicitor of Worth County.

T. R. Perry has been appointed solicitor f Worth county by Governor Atkinson. of worth county by Governor Atkinson. The grand jury of the county recommended that the office be created and the appointment of Mr. Perry was made accordingly. The solicitor will fill the office until the next meeting of the general assembly, when his successor will be elected.

For prickly heat, insect bites, chafing, sunburns, etc., nothing is so beneficial as Pond's Extract, diluted with a little .water, Insist on having the genuine.

Railroad Work in Quitman.

Quitman, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—Presi-ent Oglesby has purchased a new engine dent Ogiesby has purchased a new engine and a new passenger coach. He has also received six cars of rail at Heartpine and more from will be received by the time these six cars are laid. The grading to this place will be completed in twenty days and then all the force will be put to laying rail. The road will reach here by early fall. This will be a big step forward for Quitman.

Interest paid on savings deposits by the Atlanta Trust and Banking Company, aug2-1m-sun-tues-fri

New School Building. New School Building.

Social Circle, Ga., August 2.—(Special.)—
Owing to the absence of Mr. J. A. Vallance, one of the building committee, and other causes, the coraer stone of the school building has been unceremoniously placed in position and the process of erection will be prosecuted to the finish, when a public meeting will be called and the building will be formally turned over to the building committee by the contractor and by the committee to the trustees of the property.

New Militia Districts.

Carrollton, Ga., August 3.—(Special.)—Two new districts have recently been created in this county. One of these is around Banning, the territory of which is composed of a part of Fifth and Fourth districts; the other around Hulette, formerly known as Lang. embracing territory formerly in the Sand Hill and F.fth districts. The first of these districts around Banning will be known as the 1641st and the second around Hulette as the 1542d. This now makes twenty-two militia districts in Carroll county.

Eureka Lump Grate Coal burns free. No clinkers and does not slack. Buy this month your winter supply while cheap. We sell carloads only.

ATLANTA COAL AND LUMBER CO.,

No. 2 South Broad.
july5-im tues fri sun

ONLY A FEW REMAIN There Are Now but 1,500 Seminole

From the Jacksonville Citizen.

The Seminoles now number only about 1,500, perhaps somewhat less, though during the last few years a large increase among them has been noted by others and reported by themselves. As time has advanced, and civilization made rapid strides along the coast, the Seminole has scented danger to all he loved most; and as the habitations of the white man come nearer he has retreated before the advanc-ing foe, going farther in toward the interior of the state, until now he inhabits the central portion of the Everglades, visiting white settlements at rare intervals, and keeping his whereabouts and numbers dillgently concealed from his paler brothers Only during the past five years has any attempt been made either by church, state or general government, to better their condition or to look after them in any manner, though individual philanthropists have time and again manifested an interest in the Indians' welfare, Within this time some effort has been made to get their education and social training wel

Indians.

No government reservation has ever beer set aside for the Seminoles in Florida, but the governor of the state, in 1892, appointed three commissioners to select 3,000 acres o state lands for their homes, The general government has sent an agent among them, Dr. J. E. Brecht, of Fort Myers, and the Woman's National Indian Association has re-elected Mrs. Brecht, the doctor's wife, as its representative among the Indians. The woman's association began its work through Mrs. Brecht before the govern-ment appointed her husband, the government making its appointment through the efforts of the association. The association bought some land for a station, and the government in time bought of the association, the two working along harmonious?. In the meantime the Episcopal church, through the bisliop of the Southern aiocese, W. C. Gray, began work among the Indians. He appointed a resident mission-ary, so that now the church, the government and the humane society are all united in an effort to educate the Seminoles. Efforts are being made to teach the Indians useful, homely arts, and in this the agents are succeeding. The women use sewing machines, and they are beginning to learn the use of conventional cooking utensils and tableware, as well as household furniture, while the men learn the use of farm tools, carpenters' tools, etc. But they oppose all efforts to teach them English or to instruct them in the rudiments of learning or of the Christian

religion. It is only recently that photographers have been able to secure pictures of the Seminole. When the arst man was approached and told what was wanted he said: "Me shoot white man he take picture." But gradually the prejudice is dying away, and some of them are really anxous to be photographed, younger bucks, who, perhaps, like to show off their courage in facing so devilish an

apparatus.

Many queer experiences are related that Many queer experiences are related that have made us better acquainted with the Indian and his attitude. He has a great dislike to being considered a meddler or as interfering in any way, and when the Western Union stretched its wire across the great halpatti (swamp) to connect with the Nassau cable, the line ran through a village. The chief immediately moved, because, as he said, "Pickaninny shoot down bottle" from the poles, and he dreaded the consequence even of childish meddling with the "white man's talking devilment."

They consider that they hold the Everglades by right and by treaty, and the various movements through that section looking to its ultimate reclamation arouse anxiety and bitter feeling.

This is Worth Reading.

You'll find that very few people make econd purchase at a store where the vere once persuaded to take a different article from what they intended to purchase. Now this same rule should be dopted by every person who enters a store to purchase Simmons Liver Regula-tor. This medicine has become so popuar that many imitations are being offered under different rames, because the dealers are unscrupulous. They chickle at their smartness, while the customer finds no relief from his miseries. Beware of these smart dealers. Simmons Liver Regulator is the best household medicine, and millions of people have found new life and health in taking the real article, Wany call it "The Old Friend," and "Better than Pills." You will know it by the Red Z on the package. Some people call it "The great southern remedy," because it has a larger sale in the south than all other liver medicines combined. You can pin your faith to it, it never disappoints.

Excursion Rates to Tybee.-The Central of Georgia Railway Company is now selling excursion tickets to Tybee at the following excursion tickets sold daily limited for excursion tickets to Tybee at the following low rates: Tickets sold daily limited for return fifteen days from date of sale, \$13.00. Tickets sold Saturday, I.mited for return for train leaving Savannah Monday night following date of sale, \$6. The Tybee express leaves Atlanta every evening at 7:50 o'clock, arriving at Tybee for breakfast. Through sleeper Atlanta to Savannah. Surf bathing unequaled. Tickets on sale at 16 Wall street and union depot. jum2 tf fri sat tues wed thur

You Are Dying And you don't know what is the matter with you. Take Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy and you will feel like a new man within a short time. For sale everywhere.

Notice to Contractors

And parties building or intending to build. The Atianta Builders' Supply Company will figure to supply any specialty or anything in the building line. Call on or address E. L. Horsey, manager, No. 62 Peachtree street, second story, Builders' Exchange.

Architect Plans. Now is the time to build. Get your plans from C. Walter Smith, No. 62 Peach-tree street. july-12-1m-sun-tues-thur

St. Clair Washed Blacksmith Coal, guar-arteed best used. Handled by all dealers. ATLANTA COAL AND LUMBER CO., No. 2 South 13road.

Baseball and Tennis. Balls, bats, m.ts, masks, home plates, tennes rackets, nets and balls, all at greatly reduced prices to close out at JOHN M. MILLER'S Mahietta street Atlanta, Ga. july1-tf

Double Your Estate.

If you desire to double your estate through life insurance, take it with the Bankers' Guarantee Fund Life Association, of Atlanta, Ga. They will furnish you safe insurance and twice as much for the same money as you can get from the high-priced companies. Home offices 541 to 543 Equitable building, Atlanta, Ga.

If you suffer from looseness of the bow-els, Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters will surely cure you.

FOOTE'S TRUNK FACTORY, 17 E. Alabama St. Do you need a trunk, valise or pocket book? Call on us. Selling at your price. 'Phone No. 230. Trunk repairing.



Rockiest Rock-bottom

That's where our prices have struck. The heat and the late season have withered profits. Our reductions are so general and pronounced throughout the store that we lose money on nine sales out of every ten.

The impulse now is to sell. We want to be rid of all Summer Clothing. We need room and we need cash for Autumn goods that will soon be arriving. That's why such phenomenally low prices prevail.



TO CLOSE OUT.

September 1st we move to 16 Whitehall street. Every pair of Shoes and Oxford Ties must be sold before then, as we are determined not to move a pair into our new store.

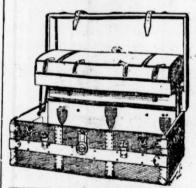
## [HE] (1917년 1월 1일	
All our Men's \$6.00 Shoes, in tan, calf or patent leather, Now go at	\$3.50
All our Men's \$5.00 Shoes Now	
All our Men's \$4.00 Shoes Now	OO FO
All our Men's \$2.50 Shoes Now	MI FO
All our Misses' \$2.00 Oxfords and Strap Sandals Now go at	@1 00
All our Misses' \$1.50 Slippers Now go at	
All our Children's \$1.00 Slippers Now go at	44 22 32 37
Ladies' fine \$3.00 Oxfords Now	
Ladies' fine \$1.50 Oxfords Now. Bargain Hunters, this is your chance.	\$1.00

FOX & SNELLING SHOE CO...

73 Whitehall Street.

After September 1st, 16 Whitehall Street.





25° o STEAMER TRUNKS 25° o Patent Automatic Revolving Tray.

For next 30 days a special cutof 25 per cent. on all Steamer Trunks. Brass Bound, Sole Leather Bound or Steel Bound. Special low prices on all goods. Only complete line in the city. Call and be convinced.

L. LIEBERMAN. 92 and 94 Whitehall St,

NOTICE.

Treasury Department, Office of Comp-troller of the Currency, Washington, June 26, 1896.—Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Fourth National bank of Atlanta, in the city of Atlanta, in the county of Fulton and state of Georgia, has complied with all the provisions of the statutes of the United States requiring to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of the Authorized to commence

the business of banking:

Now, therefore, I, George M. Coffin, deputy and acting comptroller of the currency, de hereby certify that the Fourth National bank of Atlanta, in the city of Atlanta, in the county of Fulton, and state of Georgia. is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in section 5199 of the revised statutes of the United States.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this, 25th day of June, 1896.

GEORGE M. COFFIN. Deputy and Acting Comptroller of the Cur-

BROU'S A PERMANENT CURE of the most obstinate cases guaran-teed in from 2 to 6 days; no other treat-ment required, and without the nau-seating results of dosing with cubebs, copalba or sandal wook. J. Ferre & Co., (successors to Brou), Pharmacien, Paris. At all druggless. GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, N. Y. H., July 7, 1896,—Sealed propoals, in triplicate, for furnishing such quantities of Forage and Straw as may be required in Department of the East, dering fiscal year commencing July 1, 1896, will be received here, and at offices of Quartermasters at Baltimore, Md.; Boston, Mass.; New Orleans, La.; Madison Barracks, Fort Niagara, Plattsburgh Barracks and Fort Porter, N. Y.; Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.; Fort Freble, Me.; Fort Adams, R. I.; Fort Trumbull, Ct.; Fort Montoe, Va.; Fort Thomas, Ky.; Columbus Barracks, O.; Fort McPherson, Ga.; Fort Barrancas and St. Francis Barracks, Fla., until 12 o'clocks m., eastern time, August 6, 1896, and then opened. United States reserves right to reject or accept any or all proposals for —at thereof. Information furnished on application, Envelopes containing proposals will be indorsed "Proposals for —at July7 8 aug4 5.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY,—Pursuant to a power of sale granted the undersigned will be sold. Fore the courthouse foor of said county on the first Thomas. GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, N. Y. H., July 7, GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Pursuant to a power of sale granted the undersigned will be sold before the courthouse door of said county on the first Tuesday in September, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property of R. H. Jones: Commencing on the south side of South avenue eighty feet, more or less, west of the southwest corner of Hill street and South avenue; thence west forty feet, more or less; thence and three feet, more or less; thence east forty feet, more or less; thence and three feet, more or less; thence and three feet, more or less; thence and thought of land lot 53, 14th district of said county.

DAVID EICHBERG, Autorney.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Notice

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-Notice is hereby given that I have nied with the clerk of the superior court my petition for the removal of the disabilities by my intermarriage with Beulah Williams, which application is returnable and will be heard at the fall term, 1896, at the courthouse in said county. June 16, 1896.

JEFF D. WILLIAMS.

June 16 23 30-july 7 14 21 28-aug 4 11 13

Thermometer Upwards. Prices Downwards.

Take Advantage of Our Low Prices on "The Best

Clothing an Furnishings.

The Kind We Always Sell.

HIRSCH BROTHERS

.....Everybody's Clothiers..... 44 Whitehall St.

RAILWAY: -: SCHEDULES.

Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City-Standard Time.

	Southern	Railway.
	ARRIVE FROM	
		†30 Columbus, Ga 5 25 am
3	Jacksonville 5 50 am	t35 Greenville 6 00 am
8	Chattanooga 7 00 am	t 8 Brunswick 7 20 am
28	Tallapoosa 8 20 am	t13 Chattanooga. 7 30 am
17	Mt. Airy 8 30 am	†12 Richmond 7 50 am
		t38 Washington12 00 n'n
		t 9 Chattanooga 1 20 pm
		†20 Fort Valley 4 05 pm
8	Birmingham11 40 am	110 Macon 4 06 pm
		137 Birmingham., 4 15 pm
	Washington 3 55 pm	
		18 Mt. Airy 4 35 pm
		125 Tallapoosa 6 20 pm
		t14 Jacksonville 8 35 pm
		t 7 Chattanooga 1000pm
		†36 Washington.,1115pm

Western and Atlantic Railroad. Atlanta and West Point Railroad. | No. | ARRIVE FROM | 12 Newnan | 7 35 am | 13 Montgomery | 5 35 am | 14 College Park | 10 00 am | 11 College Park | 8 10 am | 16 Palmetto | 2 20 pm | 18 College Park | 3 50 pm | 15 College Park | 2 30 pm | 124 Montgomery | 6 30 pm | 147 Selma | 4 20 pm | 126 Selma | 11 05 pm | 17 Newnan | 5 45 pm | 126 Newnan | 10 20 am | 127 Newnan | 1 00 pm |

Georgia Railroad. No. ARRIVE FROM
† 3 Augusta... 5 00 am † 2 Augusta...
9 Covington... 7 45 am † 28 Augusta...
127 Augusta... 12 15 pm † 0 Covington...
† 1 Augusta... 6 10 pm † 4 Augusta...

Seaboard Air-Line.

Middle Georgia and Atlantic Ry. Co.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Co. The Direct, Quick, Through Line Via Montgomery to Texas, Mexico and THE BEST ROUTE TO

ATLANTA & NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE

Pensacola, Mobile, New Orleans, Columbus, Troy, Union Springs, Eufaula. The following Schedule in effect May 24, 1836 SOUTH BOUND No. 33 No. 35 No. 33 Daily Daily Arrive Opelika...... Arrive Columbus.... Arrive Montgomery... Arrive Selma.... No. 31 | No. 31 | No. 33 Daily Daily Daily NORTH BOUND. 3 0 pm 3 0 pm 3 0 pm 5 45 pm 8 16 a m 2 00 pm 7 38 pm 8 85 a m 3 19 pm 8 20 pm 9 25 a m 3 47 pm 8 48 pm 10 27 a m 4 56 pm 9 50 pm

No. 37 and 38 Vestibule Train. Sleeping and Dining Cars, New York and New Orleans.
No. 35 and 36 U. S. Mail Train, Buffet Sleeping Cars, New York and New Orleans.
JOHN A. GEE, GEO. C. SMITH, Gen. Pas. Agt. Pres't. and Gen. Mg. leans.

GEO. C. SMITH, Gen. Pas. Agt.
Pres't. and Gen. Mg.
GEO. W. ALLEN. Trav. Pas. Agt.
12 Kimball House. Atlanta, Georgia.

Notice to Holders of the Bonds of the Eagle & Phenix Manufacturing Company.

At a meeting of the holders of a large number of the first mortgage bonds of the Eagle and Phenix Manufacturing Company, held this day, the undersigned were requested to act as a protective committee, and have organized for that purpose. All holders of said bonds are requested to promptly correspond with either member of the committee, giving the number of bonds held, when information of importance will be communicated. bonds held, when information of important will be communicated.

W. H. PATTERSON,
Chairman, Atlanta, Ga.
W. G. SOLOMON,
Macon, Ga.
JAMES W. JACKSON,
Appenda Ga.

THOS. E. BLANCHARD, Columbus, Ga.

BUSINESS CHANCES RECEIVER'S SALE.

By virtue of an order from the superior court of Bartow county I will receive sealed bids up to the 20th day of August, 1896, for the stock of merchandise belonging to the estate of R. W. Satterfield, consisting of dry goods, notions, clothing, shoes and hats. The stock will invoice \$10,000 to \$12,000, and is in good condition, the greater portion is new staple goods. Can be seen and examined at any time at the store in Cartersville, Ga. Bids must be made at a percentage on invoice cost, and submitted percentage on invoice cost, and submitted to the court. Address bids to F. M. Ford, receiver estate of R. W. Satterfield, Car-tersville, Ga., July 22, 1896, july 23 15t e o d

MRS. MAMIE W. MORGAN V. B. D. MORGAN—Fall term, 1826, Fulton super r court. Petition for divorce, etc. To B. D. Morgan. Greeting: By order of the court, i hereby notify you that on the 12th day of June, 1826, Mrs. Mamie W. Motgan filed a suit against you for divorce, alimony and custody of the child, returnable to the fall term, 1826, of sa d court, under the foregoing caption. You are further notified to be present at said court, to be held on the first Monday in September, 1826, to answer plaintiff's complaint. In default thereof the court will proceed as to justice shall appertain. Witness, the Honorable J. H. Lumpkin, judge of said court, this the 12th day of June, 1836. MRS. MAMIE W. MORGAN V. B. D. Clerk Superior Court of Fulton County Georgia. G. H. TANNER. Clerk Superior Court of Fulton County june16-30 july7 21 augi

FOR RENT-NO. 104 EDGEWOODAY



G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAM

G. W. ADAIR Real Estate and Renting Area 14 Wall St., Kimball House

An elegant house in Inman Park can me be bought at a bargain; the house is no teautifully finished and built with an to comfort. There is no better re section in the city, and places of this scription are seldom offered for less their full value. Come in and get full

ceum theater, can be bought cheap. \$2,000 will buy a beautiful lot, 50 feet fr

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Defeated Candida

ham today from his h ty. He said: Indications are that democratic black bel resorted to. I have the returns and will figures to show that

gains in others. Overwhelmed wi The democratic leader ulating him on his go by the score called on ongratulations. The men who con are receiving congrat

fight. The result will a co-operation between ocrats in the Novem While some of the that democrats emplo such a large majori hereby broke off all ation in November, ng otherwise.

onstitution that if carried the majority mocrats in Novemb et. Bowman went to tion in St. Louis wit